

FEC for 100GBASE-SR4

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Outline

- Background
- Outline of method for link budget model with FEC
 - Fibre Channel starting point, and Ethernet initial parameters
- Summary results
 - Compared to earlier estimates
 - Observations on the impact of FEC on noise penalties
- Jitter through the optical link, and sensitivity analysis
- Conclusions

Background-1

- 802.3bj :
 - has adopted auto-negotiated FEC for NRZ backplane (*gustlin_01_0312*)
 - has adopted the same FEC for Cu (FEC required for 5m reach)
 - auto-negotiation not yet decided upon for shorter Cu reaches, but has several advantages
 - ‘Always encoding and not decoding’ increases the risk of MTTFPA (*cideciyan_01_0512*) - 64B/66B encoding has lower risk than uncorrected 256B/257B
 - Avoiding transcoding and FEC encoding and decoding can yield lowest latency and power (*dudek_02a_0312*)
 - 256B/257B transcoding precludes hosts which include MLGs (which rely on 64B/66B encoding), or links where 802.3bj and 802.3ba hosts are connected by legacy and Next Gen LR4 optics) - *Petrilla_01_0712*

Background-2

- It is highly desirable that 100GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-CR4 can plug into a common host port (*dudek_01_1111*)
 - The common CR4/SR4 host port would have FEC capability
 - Using available FEC for Next Gen 100G Optics dramatically improves the performance vs cost ratio of 100GBASE-SR4 (*king_01_1111*)
- Auto-negotiation of FEC for the common 100GBASE-CR4 and SR4 port is *a very good thing*
 - Matches backplane use
 - Better MTTFPA, power, latency for CR4
 - Allows benefits of FEC for 802.3bj compliant ports, and backward compatibility with 802.3ba, OIF-CEI-02.0 25G compliant ports without FEC capability
- Adoption of auto-negotiated FEC for the common port would suggest the need to specify 100G-SR4 reach with and without FEC enabled

Spreadsheet link modeling with and without FEC

- An update of earlier link modeling...
 - e.g. *king_01_1111*, *king_02_0112*, *petrilla_01_0112*
 - ... drawing on Fibre Channel work (single channel of 28.05 Gb/s), and tweaking parameter values where required to suit Ethernet (four lanes of 25.78 Gb/s)
 - ... and with reference to the preferred FEC scheme adopted by 802.3bj , in *gustlin_01_0312*
 - ... *some observations on the impact of FEC on noise penalties, and a look at link margin and eye opening vs link parameters.*

Fibre Channel

Fibre Channel is slightly ahead of Ethernet in specifying it's next rate (32G-FC)

- T11 has adopted FEC for 28.05 Gb/s single lane link
 - Relaxes the demands on component performance
 - Enables robust, low cost, 100 m OM4 links, and relaxes specs on host electrical traces
 - Though the precise link model parameters are still in development, link modeling shows:
 - Retiming and simple equalization do not enable 100 m reach.
 - FEC enables a retimed module to achieve 100 m reach without the need for active equalization.
 - Since an SRS test is expected, it can be left to the designer to decide if a fixed equalizer is included in the receiver

Initial link model values for Fibre Channel, and Ethernet:

Parameter	FC: 28 Gb/s single lane	IEEE: 25.8 Gb/s four lanes	Remarks
VCSEL fall time	21 ps		Effective, after Tx chain EQ
RIN _{OMA}	-128 dB/Hz	-130 dB/Hz*	*Value for IEEE assumes usual trade off between jitter, rise time, and RIN
Wavelength range	840 to 860 nm		
RMS spectrum	0.59 nm*	0.6 nm	*Compatible with 16GFC
Min OMA	-2 dBm	-2 dBm	
Rx sensitivity, equiv. at BER=10 ⁻¹²	-8.5 dBm	-7.8 dBm*	*0.7 dB margin for multi-lane impairments and bit rate. Jitter calculations assume noise limited sensitivity is 1 dB lower than this.
Target Q*	*5	*4.5	*with FEC; 7.04 without FEC (for BER=10 ⁻¹²)
Uncorrected BER, Corrected BER	2.7x10 ⁻⁷ , 10 ⁻¹⁸	4.7x10 ⁻⁶ *, 10 ⁻¹⁵	*From <i>gustlin_01_0312</i>
TJ/DCD	8.6/2.1 ps	4.7/2.1 ps	
Rx bandwidth	19 GHz	19 GHz	

... a lot in common

Calculating FEC and non-FEC reach for 100G-SR4

- 10GE spreadsheet modified for rate, using values from slide 6
 - No explicit Rx chain equalization
 - Channel: OM4, 4400 MHz.km, 1.5 dB total connector loss
- FEC characteristics from *gustlin_01_0312*

Option	FEC Code RS(n, k, t, m)	Trans-coding	Effective Gain BER= 10^{-15}	Overall Latency	Total Area (40nm gates)	Total Power	Input BER for 10^{-15} BER	Input BER for 10^{-12} BER
1	RS(528, 514, 7, 10)	256b/257b	4.87 dB	94.3 ns	244k	90 mW	4.68×10^{-6}	2.34×10^{-5}

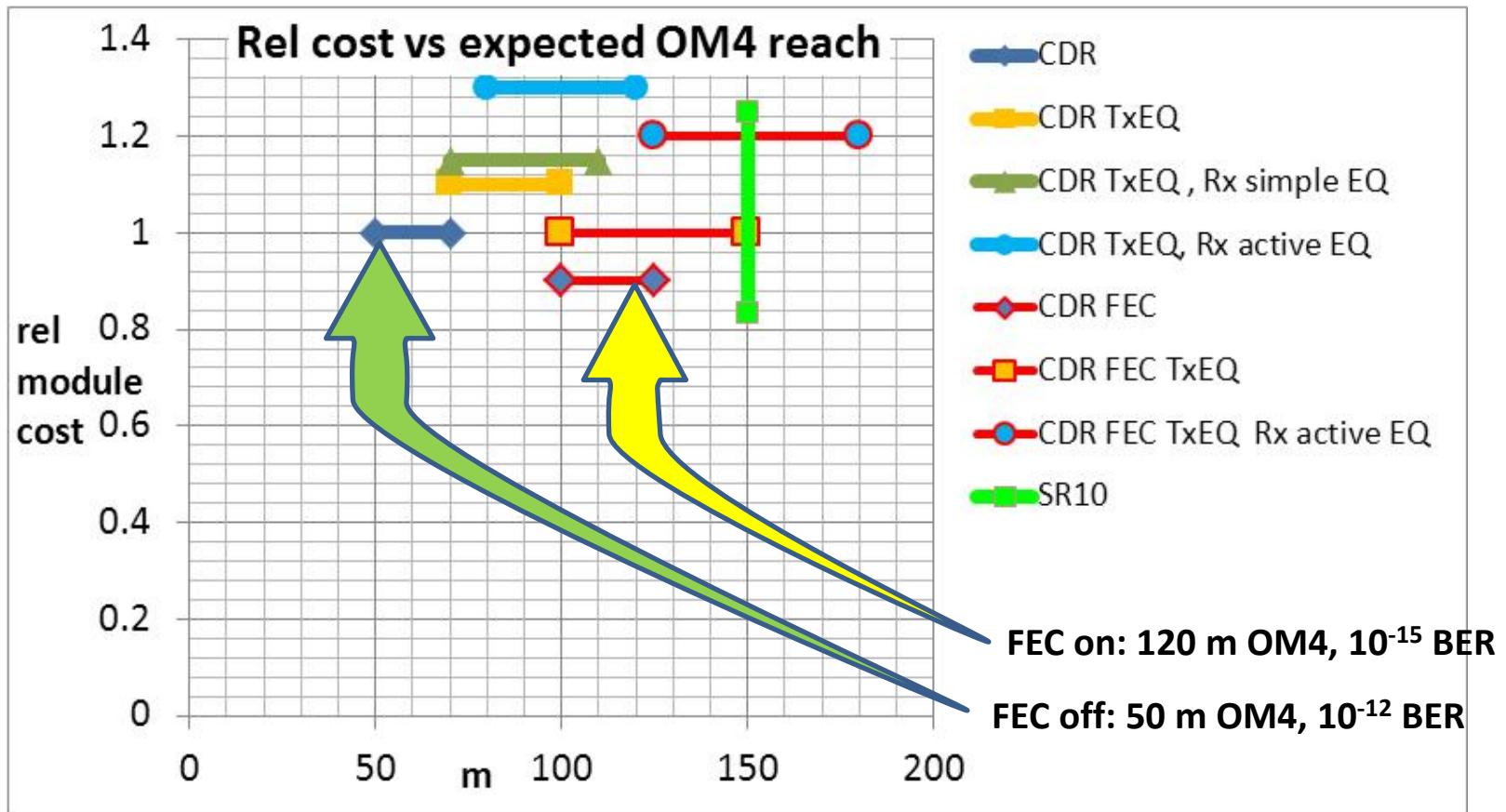
- Target corrected error rate of 10^{-15} , requires input BER of 4.68×10^{-6} , corresponds to Q of ~4.5
- Rx sensitivity at Q = 4.5 is -9.7 dBm

Summary results

	Reach limit	OM4 reach	OM3 reach	Notes
25.8 GBd, no FEC	power budget	50 m	50 m	~2.6 dB VCEP 10^{-12} BER
25.8 GBd, FEC	3.6 dB VECP	120 m	80 m	~1 dB margin 10^{-15} corrected BER

- Without FEC, expected link budget for 100GBASE-SR4 is 5.7 dB
 - compares to >7 dB for 10GBASE-SR, 40GBASE-SR4
 - link budget closes at shorter reaches
- FEC raises link budget to 7.6 dB
 - enables >100m reach on OM4
 - simultaneously guarantees worst case corrected BER $\leq 10^{-15}$

How these results compare to earlier relative cost vs reach estimates - from *king_02_0112*

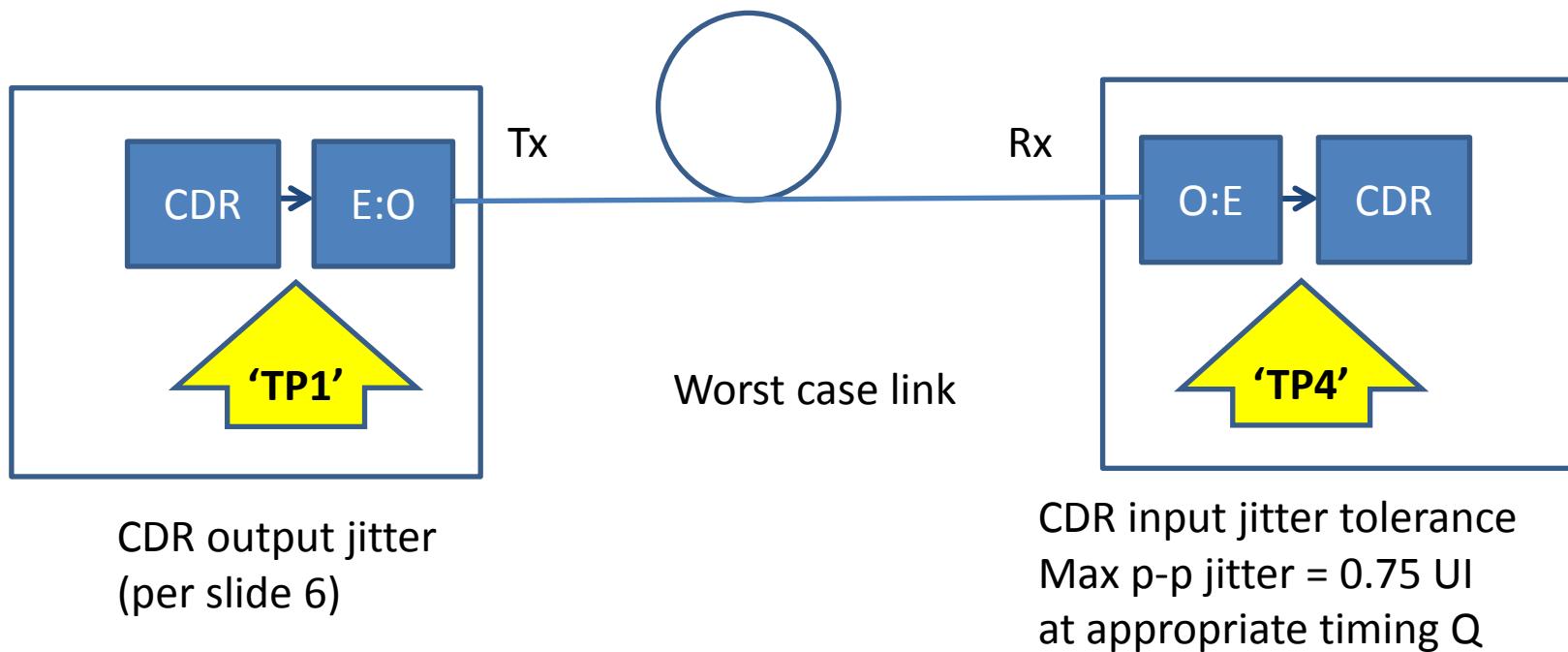


Observations on the effect of FEC on noise penalties

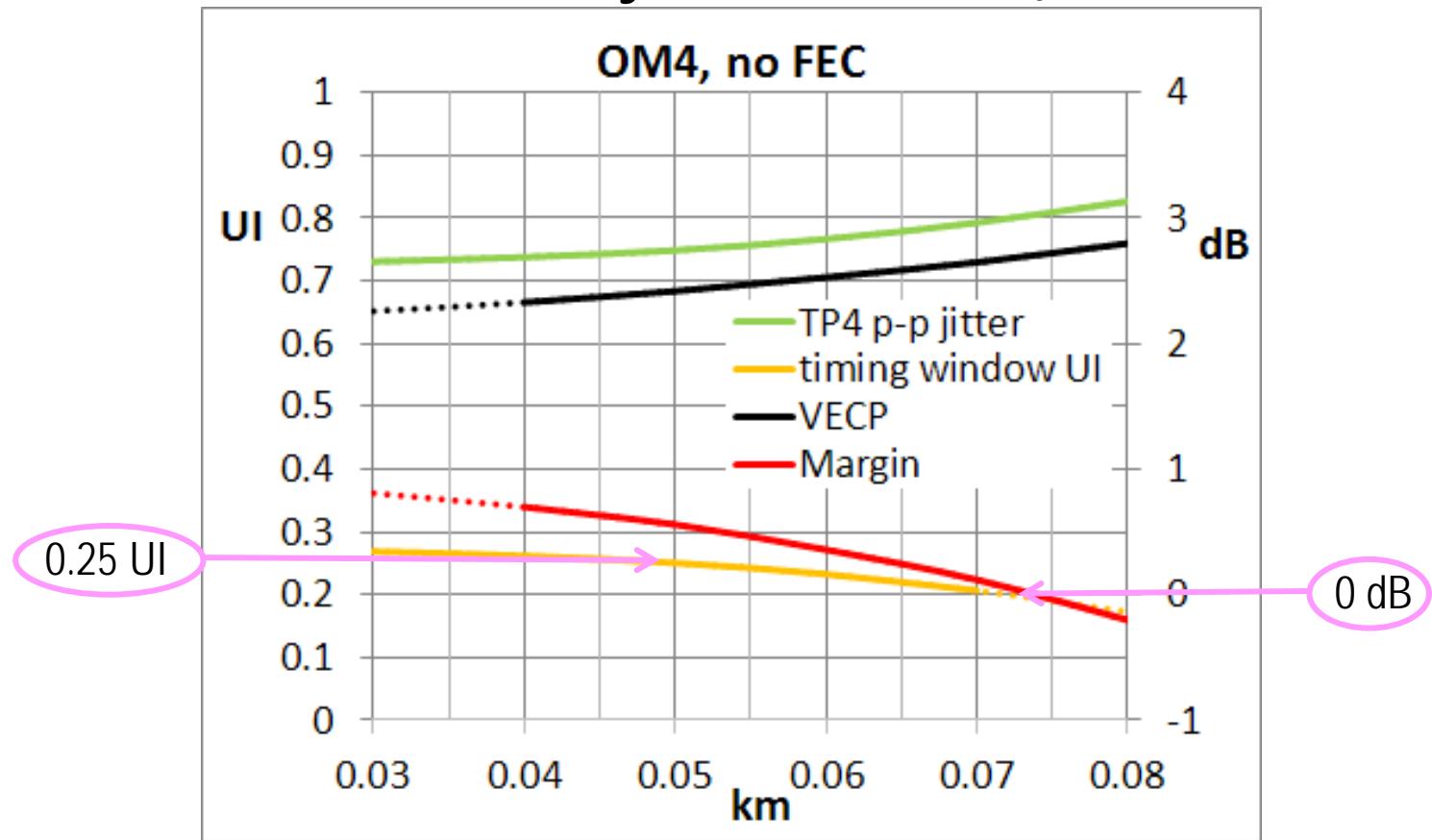
- FEC significantly reduces the penalties due noise terms as a result of the lower system Q required:
 - E.g., a system Q reduction from 7.04 ($\sim \text{BER}=10^{-12}$, no FEC) to 4.5 ($\sim \text{raw BER} = 4.68 \times 10^{-6}$, FEC corrected $\text{BER}=10^{-15}$) more than halves the MPN and RIN penalties.
 - Precise modeling of these effects becomes much less critical.
 - FEC corrected error rates can be significantly better than intrinsic noise floors would allow.
- FEC also allows relaxed design specs for the host electrical lanes, with negligible detriment to the FEC gain available for the optical link.
 - E.g., if the optical link contributes a raw BER of $\sim 4 \times 10^{-6}$, then designing the electrical lanes for $\text{BER} \sim 10^{-8}$ doesn't significantly impact the FEC gain available for the optics; but it does significantly reduce the Q (in amplitude and time domain) required from the electrical channel. Fibre Channel is currently studying this.

Jitter through the optical link

- Although these are retimed links, the worst case link jitter budget from the module input CDR ('TP1') to output CDR ('TP4') needs to be considered.

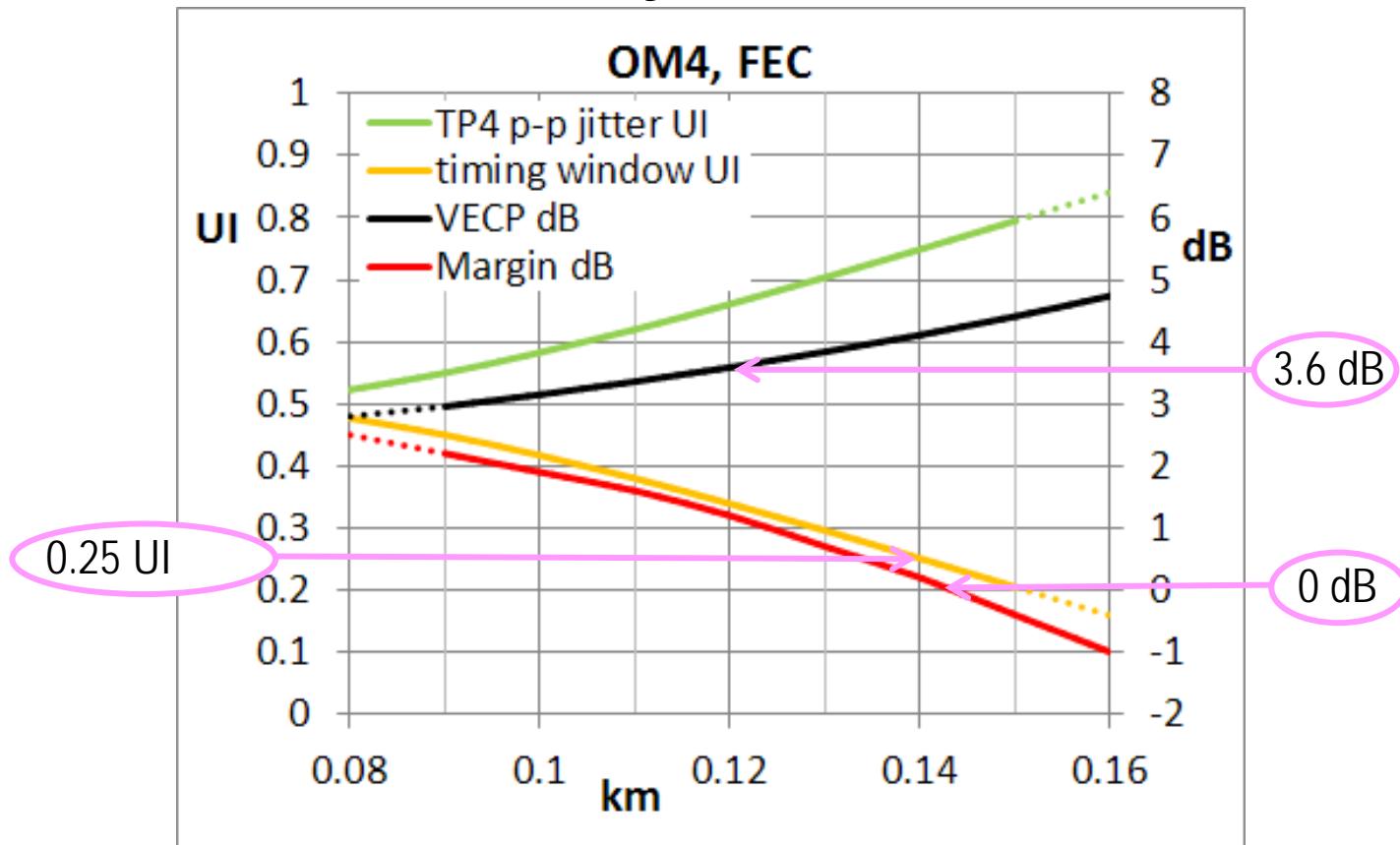


Reach vs ‘TP4’ jitter: OM4, no FEC



- 50 m reach set by min 0.25 UI timing window

Reach vs TP4 jitter: OM4, FEC



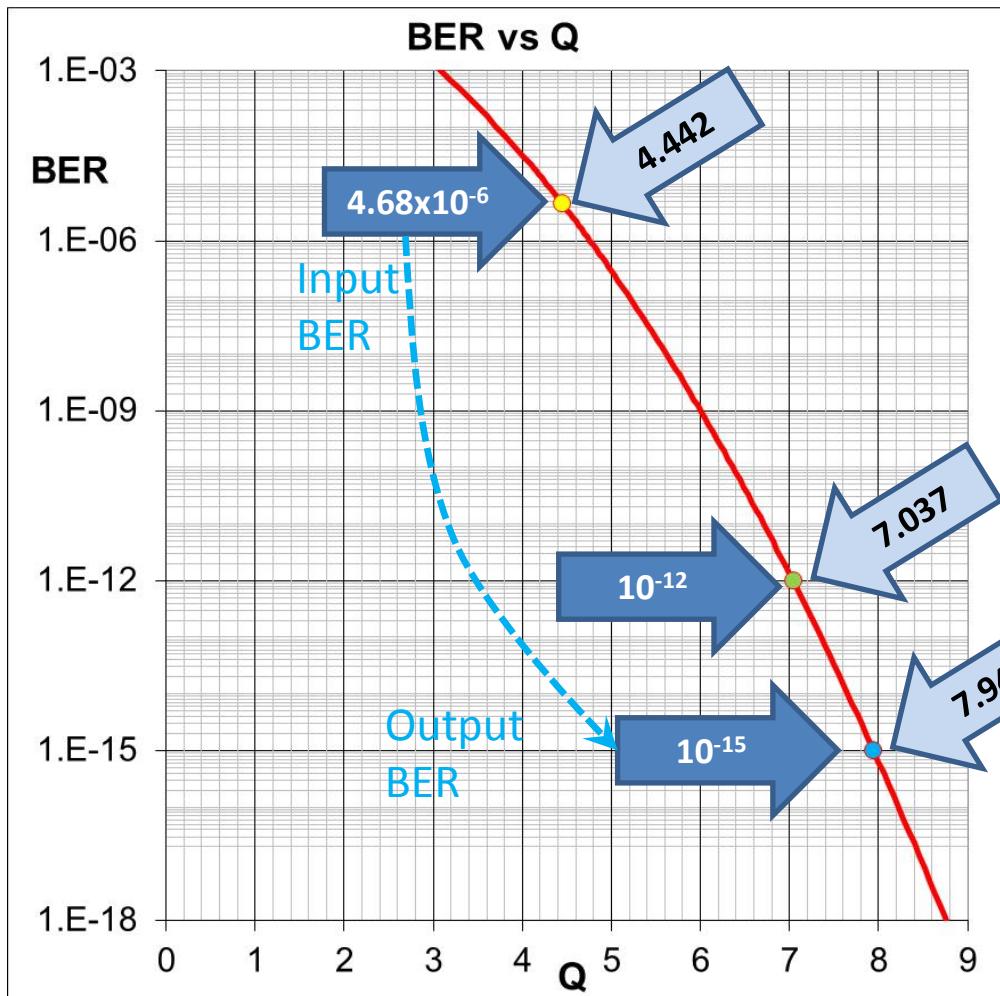
- 120 m reach set by max 3.6 dB VECP

Conclusions

- 100GBASE-SR4 can benefit substantially from the FEC available at a common 100GBASE-CR4/SR4 port
 - Enables 120 m on OM4 with FEC enabled
 - Enables 10^{-15} corrected BER rate
 - Lowest module cost vs reach
- With FEC disabled, the same module would be capable of 50 m on OM4 (at BER = 10^{-12})

Back up

BER vs Q



For RS(528,524,7,10)

- Uncorrected BER = 4.68×10^{-6} yields corrected BER = 10^{-15}
- Uncorrected Q = 4.442 , corrected Q \geq 7.943
- ($Q = 7.037$ for $BER = 10^{-12}$)
($Q = 7.943$ for $BER = 10^{-15}$)

Model snapshot: 25.8Gb/s, OM4, with FEC

Spreadsheet by Del Hanson, David Cunningham, Piers Dawe, David Dolfi Agilent Technologies										Rev.	3.2/3	This file	10GEPBud3_1_16a.xls	of	17-Oct-01	
Basics	Input=	Bold	Ts(20-80)	21	ps	Case: 850nm serial	50MMF	Fiber	Attenuation=	3.5	dB/km	Model/format rev	5	of	31-Oct-01	
	Q=	4.50	Ts(10-90)	32	ps	Target reach	0.120 km					Nom Sens OMA	-9.70	dBm	Margin	1.13 dB at
	Base Rate=	25781 Mbd	RIN(OMA)	-130	dB/Hz	and L_start=	0.036 km	C_fiber	at	850 nm		Receive Refl Rx	-12	dB	Answer!	0.12 km
Transmitter	RIN at MinER		-138.0	dB/Hz	graph	L_inc=	0.008 km	Attenuation=	3.62	dB/km		Rec_BW= ##### MHz		est Rx BW	18750	MHz
Wavelength	Uc	840 nm	RIN_Coef=	0.70		Power Budget P=	7.70 dB				c_rx	329 ns.MHz				
<u>Uw (see notes)</u>	0.60 nm		Det.Jitter	4.7	ps inc. DCD	Connections etc	1.5 dB	Disp. min. Uo=	1316 nm		T_rx(10-90)	17.3 ps		Test Source ER=		
Tx pwr OMA=	-2.00	dBm	DCD_DJ=	2.14	ps TP3Pwr.Bud.-Conn.Loss	6.2 dB		Disp. So=	0.1028 ps/nm^2*km		TP4 Eye	8 ps		Test Tx	6.5	dB
Min. Ext Ratio=	3.65 dB		Effect. DJ=	0.07	(UI) ex DCD	C1=	480 ns.MHz	Disp. D1=	-108.41 ps/(nm.km)		Opening	(=Tx eye)	TestERper	1.98	dBo	
Worst"ave.TxPwr	-1.0	dBm	MPN k(OMA)	0.3		Reflection Noise factor	0 no units	RMS Baseline wander SD	0.013	fraction of 1/2 eye						
Ext. ratio penalty	4.01	dBo	Tx eye height	43.8%		Effective Rate	27287 Mbd	(not in use)	10				V.E.C.P.	3.61	dBo	
Tx mask X1=	0.3 UI		Refl Tx	-12	dB	Tb_eff=	37 ps	BWm=	4400	MHz*km P_BLW(no ISI)	0.01 dB					
X2=	0.4 UI		ModalNoisePen	0.3	dB	Effective Rec Eye	0.21 UI	Eff. BWm= ##### MHz*km		P_BLW	0.01 dB					
Y1=	0.25		Tx mask top	0.2 UI		Psi	P_Eye	P_DJ	P_DJ	Preflection	Pcross	Ptotal	<Ptotal	LP Pen	OMA	
L	Patt	Ch IL	D1.L	D2.L	BWcd	effBWm	Te	Tc	central corners	central corners	central	central	central	central	central	
(km)	(dB)	(dB)	ps/nm	ps/nm	(MHz)	(MHz)	(ps)	(ps)	J=0, dB	(dB)	Beta	SDmpn	Pmpn	Prin	central	
0.002	0.01	1.51	-0.22	0.00	1E+06	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	-1E-02	0.00	0.00	0.02
0.036	0.13	1.63	-3.9	0.00	79,857	#####	33	37	2.28	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.20	0.01	0.00
0.044	0.16	1.66	-4.8	0.00	64,749	99,099	33	37	2.34	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.25	0.01	0.01
0.053	0.19	1.69	-5.7	0.00	54,448	83,333	34	38	2.42	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.29	0.02	0.01
0.061	0.22	1.72	-6.6	0.00	46,975	71,895	34	38	2.52	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.34	0.02	0.02
0.07	0.25	1.75	-7.5	0.00	41,305	63,218	35	39	2.62	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.39	0.03	0.04
0.078	0.28	1.78	-8.5	0.00	36,857	56,410	35	39	2.74	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.43	0.04	0.06
0.086	0.31	1.81	-9.4	0.00	33,274	50,926	36	40	2.88	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.48	0.04	0.09
0.095	0.34	1.84	-10.3	0.00	30,325	46,414	37	41	3.03	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.53	0.05	0.12
0.103	0.37	1.87	-11.2	0.00	27,857	42,636	38	42	3.19	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.58	0.06	0.16
0.112	0.40	1.90	-12.1	0.00	25,760	39,427	39	43	3.37	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.62	0.07	0.21
0.12	0.43	1.93	-13.0	0.01	23,957	36,667	40	43	3.56	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.67	0.08	0.27

- Reach allowed by 3.6 dB vertical eye closure is 120 m on OM4
 - For a timing Q of 4.5, the p-p jitter at the input to the optical receiver CDR is 0.66 UI

Model snapshot: 25.8Gb/s, OM4, no FEC

Spreadsheet by Del Hanson, David Cunningham, Piers Dawe, David Dolfi Agilent Technologies												Rev.	3.2/3	This file	10GEPBud3_1_16a.xls		of	17-Oct-01					
Basics				Input= Bold	Ts(20-80)	21 ps <th data-cs="3" data-kind="parent">Case: 850nm serial 50MMF</th> <th data-kind="ghost"></th> <th data-kind="ghost"></th> <th>Attenuation=</th> <td>3.5 dB/km<th data-cs="3" data-kind="parent">Model/format rev3.1.16a</th><th data-kind="ghost"></th><th data-kind="ghost"></th><th>of</th><th>31-Oct-01</th></td>	Case: 850nm serial 50MMF			Attenuation=	3.5 dB/km <th data-cs="3" data-kind="parent">Model/format rev3.1.16a</th> <th data-kind="ghost"></th> <th data-kind="ghost"></th> <th>of</th> <th>31-Oct-01</th>	Model/format rev3.1.16a			of	31-Oct-01							
				Q= 7.04	Ts(10-90)	32 ps	Target	Target reach	0.050 km	Fiber	at	850 nm	NomSens OMA	-7.80 dBm	Margin	0.54 dB at							
				Base Rate= 25781 MBd	RIN(OMA)	-130 dB/Hz	and	L_start=	0.036 km	C_att=	1.00	Receive Refl Rx	-12 dB	Answer!	0.05 km								
<i>Transmitter</i>				RIN at MinER	-138.0 dB/Hz	graph	L_inc=	0.001 km	Attenuation=	3.62 dB/km	Rec_BW= ##### MHz	c_rx	329 ns.MHz										
Wavelength	Uc	840 nm	RIN_Coef=	0.70	Power Budget P= 5.80 dB			Disp. min. Uo=	1316 nm	T_rx(10-90)	17.3 ps	Test Source ER=											
<u>Uw (see notes)</u>	nm	0.60	Det.Jitter	4.7 ps inc. DCD	Connections etc	1.5 dB	Disp. So=	0.1028 ps/nm^2*km	TP4 Eye	8 ps	Test Tx	6.5 dB											
Tx pwr OMA=	-2.00	dBm	DCD_DJ=	2.14 ps	TP3Pwr.Bud.-Conn.Loss	4.3 dB	Disp. D1=	-108.41 ps/(nm.km)	Opening	(=Tx eye)	TestERper	1.98 dB											
Min. Ext Ratio=	3.65	dB	Effect. DJ=	0.07 (UI) ex DCD	C1=	480 ns.MHz	RMS Baseline wander SD	0.013	fraction of 1/2 eye														
Worst'ave.TxPwr	-1.0	dBm	MPN k(OMA)	0.3	Reflection Noise factor	0 no units	(not in use)	10	V.E.C.P.	2.44 dB													
Ext. ratio penalty	4.01	dB	Tx eye height	43.8%	Effective Rate	27287 MBd	BWm=	4400 MHz*km P_BLW(no ISI)	0.02 dB														
Tx mask X1=	0.3 UI		Refl Tx	-12 dB	Tb_eff=	37 ps	Eff. BWm= ##### MHz*km	P_BLW	0.02 dB														
X2=	0.4 UI		ModalNoisePen	0.3 dB	Effective Rec Eye	0.21 UI																	
Y1=	0.25		Tx mask top	0.2 UI	Pisi	P Eye	P_DJ	P_DJ	Preflection	Pcross	Ptotal	<Ptotal	LP Pen	OMA									
L (km)	Patt (dB)	Ch IL (dB)	D1.L ps/nm	D2.L ps/nm	BWcd (MHz)	effBWm (MHz)	Te (ps)	Tc central corners J=0, dB	central corners	central Beta	SDmpn	Pmpn	Prin	central	central								
0.002	0.01	1.51	-0.22	0.00	1E+06	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	-1E-02	0.00	0.00	0.05	2.53	2.95	2.5	1.8	-4.4		
0.036	0.13	1.63	-3.9	0.00	79,857	#####	33	37	2.28	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.20	0.01	0.01	0.64	0.18	3.6	4.0	3.4	0.7	-5.2
0.037	0.14	1.64	-4.1	0.00	76,867	#####	33	37	2.29	0.24	0.03	0.20	0	-0.21	0.01	0.01	0.64	0.18	3.6	4.0	3.4	0.7	-5.2
0.039	0.14	1.64	-4.2	0.00	74,094	#####	33	37	2.30	0.24	0.03	0.20	0	-0.22	0.01	0.01	0.64	0.18	3.6	4.0	3.5	0.7	-5.2
0.04	0.15	1.65	-4.4	0.00	71,513	#####	33	37	2.31	0.24	0.03	0.20	0	-0.22	0.01	0.01	0.64	0.18	3.6	4.0	3.5	0.7	-5.2
0.042	0.15	1.65	-4.5	0.00	69,107	#####	33	37	2.32	0.24	0.03	0.20	0	-0.23	0.01	0.01	0.64	0.19	3.6	4.0	3.5	0.7	-5.2
0.043	0.16	1.66	-4.7	0.00	66,857	#####	33	37	2.33	0.24	0.03	0.20	0	-0.24	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.19	3.7	4.1	3.5	0.6	-5.2
0.044	0.16	1.66	-4.8	0.00	64,749	99,099	33	37	2.34	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.25	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.19	3.7	4.1	3.5	0.6	-5.2
0.046	0.17	1.67	-5.0	0.00	62,769	96,070	33	37	2.36	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.26	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.19	3.7	4.1	3.5	0.6	-5.3
0.047	0.17	1.67	-5.1	0.00	60,908	93,220	33	37	2.37	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.26	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.19	3.7	4.1	3.5	0.6	-5.3
0.049	0.18	1.68	-5.3	0.00	59,153	90,535	33	38	2.38	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.27	0.02	0.02	0.63	0.19	3.7	4.1	3.6	0.6	-5.3
0.05	0.18	1.68	-5.4	0.00	57,497	88,000	33	38	2.39	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.28	0.02	0.03	0.63	0.20	3.8	4.2	3.6	0.5	-5.3

- Reach limited by power budget and jitter: 50 m on OM4
 - max TJ = 0.75 UI at the input to the optical receiver CDR

Model snapshot: 25.8Gb/s, OM3, with FEC

Spreadsheet by Del Hanson, David Cunningham, Piers Dawe, David Dolfi Agilent Technologies										Rev.	3.2/3	This file	10GEPBud3_1_16a.xls	of	17-Oct-01								
Basics	Input=	Bold		Ts(20-80)	21	ps	Case: 850nm serial	newMMF	Fiber	Attenuation=	3.5	dB/km	Model/format rev 3.1.16a	of	31-Oct-01								
	Q=	4.50		Ts(10-90)	32	ps	Target reach	0.08 km		NomSens OMA	-9.70	dBm	Margin	1.64	dB at								
Base Rate=	25781	MBd		RIN(OMA)	-130	dB/Hz	and	L_start=	0.001	km	Receive Refl Rx	-12	dB	Answer!	0.08	km							
Transmitter		RIN at MinER		-138.0	dB/Hz	graph	L_inc=	0.008	km	Attenuation=	3.62	dB/km	Rec_BW=	#####	MHz								
Wavelength Uc		840 nm		RIN_Coef=	0.70		Power Budget P=	7.70	dB	at	840	nm	c_rx	329	ns.MHz								
Uw (see notes)		0.60 nm		Det.Jitter	4.7	ps inc. DCD	Connections C	1.5 dB		Disp. min. Uo=	1316	nm	T_rx(10-90)	17.3	ps								
Tx pwr OMA=		-2.00 dBm		DCD_DJ=	2.14	ps TP3Pwr.Bud.-Conn.Loss	6.2	dB	Disp. So=	0.1028	ps/nm^2*km	TP4 Eye	8	ps	Test Source ER=								
Min. Ext Ratio=		3.65 dB		Effect. DJ=	0.07	(UI) ex DCD	C1=	480 ns.MHz	Disp. D1=	-108.41	ps/(nm.km)	Opening	(=Tx eye)	Test Tx	6.5	dB							
Worst"ave.TxPwr		-1.0 dBm		MPN k(OMA)	0.3		Reflection Noise factor	0	no units	RMS Baseline wander SD	0.013	fraction of 1/2 eye	TestERper	1.98	dB								
Ext. ratio penalty		4.01 dBo		Tx eye height	43.8%		Effective Rate	27287	MBd	(not in use)	10		V.E.C.P.	3.55	dBo								
Tx mask X1=		0.3 UI		Refl Tx	-12 dB		Tb_eff=	37	ps	BWm=	2000	MHz*km P_BLW(no ISI)	0.01	dB	Stressed								
X2=		0.4 UI		ModalNoisePen	0.3 dB		Effective Rec Eye	0.21	UI	Eff. BWm=	#####	MHz*km P_BLW	0.01	dB	Rx sens								
Y1=		0.25		Tx mask top	0.2	UI	Pisi	P_Eye	P_DJ	P_DJ	Preflection				OMA								
L	Patt	Ch IL	D1.L	D2.L	BWcd	effBWm	Te	Tc	central corners	central corners	central	Beta	SDmpn	Pmpn	Prin	Pcross	Ptotal	<Ptotal	LP Pen				
(km)	(dB)	(dB)	ps/nm	ps/nm	(MHz)	(MHz)	(ps)	(ps)	J=0, dB	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	central	central			
0.002	0.01	1.51	-0.22	0.00	1E+06	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	-1E-02	0.00	0.00	0.02	2.51	2.92	2.5	3.7	-5.5		
0.001	0.00	1.50	-0.1	0.00	#####	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.06	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.4	-5.7
0.009	0.03	1.53	-1.0	0.00	#####	#####	32	36	2.17	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.05	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.06	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.4	-5.7
0.017	0.06	1.56	-1.8	0.00	#####	#####	32	37	2.21	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.09	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.06	2.9	3.3	2.8	3.3	-5.8
0.025	0.09	1.59	-2.7	0.00	#####	80,972	33	37	2.28	0.24	0.03	0.19	0	-0.14	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.06	3.0	3.4	2.9	3.2	-5.8
0.033	0.12	1.62	-3.5	0.00	88,185	61,350	33	38	2.37	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.18	0.01	0.00	0.24	0.06	3.1	3.5	3.0	3.1	-5.8
0.041	0.15	1.65	-4.4	0.00	70,984	49,383	34	38	2.49	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.23	0.01	0.00	0.24	0.06	3.3	3.7	3.1	2.9	-5.9
0.048	0.18	1.68	-5.2	0.00	59,398	41,322	35	39	2.64	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.27	0.01	0.01	0.24	0.06	3.5	3.9	3.3	2.7	-5.9
0.056	0.20	1.70	-6.1	0.00	51,063	35,524	36	40	2.81	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.31	0.02	0.02	0.24	0.07	3.7	4.1	3.5	2.5	-5.9
0.064	0.23	1.73	-7.0	0.00	44,779	31,153	37	41	3.01	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.36	0.03	0.03	0.25	0.08	3.9	4.3	3.7	2.3	-6.0
0.072	0.26	1.76	-7.8	0.00	39,873	27,739	38	42	3.24	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.40	0.03	0.04	0.26	0.09	4.2	4.6	4.0	2.0	-6.0
0.08	0.29	1.79	-8.7	0.00	35,936	25,000	40	43	3.50	0.25	0.03	0.20	0	-0.45	0.04	0.07	0.27	0.11	4.6	5.0	4.3	1.6	-6.1

- Reach allowed by 3.6 dB vertical eye closure is 80 m on OM3
 - For a timing Q of 4.5, the p-p jitter at the input to the optical receiver CDR is 0.53 UI

Model snapshot: 25.8Gb/s, OM3, no FEC

Spreadsheet by Del Hanson, David Cunningham, Piers Dawe, David Dolfi Agilent Technologies								Rev.	3.2/3	This file	10GEPBud3_1_16a.xls	of	17-Oct-01
Basics	Input=	Bold	Ts(20-80)	21 ps	Case: 850nm serial	newMMF	Fiber	Attenuation=	3.5 dB/km	Model/format rev 3.1.16a	of	31-Oct-01	
Q=	7.04		Ts(10-90)	32 ps	Target reach	0.05 km	at 850 nm	NomSens OMA	-7.80 dBm	Margin	0.25 dB at		
Base Rate=	25781 MBd		RIN(OMA)	-130 dB/Hz	and L_start=	0.001 km	C_att= 1.00	Receive Refl Rx	-12 dB	Answer!	0.05 km		
Transmitter			RIN at MinER	-138.0 dB/Hz	graph	L_inc= 0.005 km	Attenuation= 3.62 dB/km	Rec_BW= ##### MHz	c_rx 329 ns.MHz				
Wavelength Uc	840 nm		RIN_Coeff=	0.70	Power Budget P=	5.80 dB	at 840 nm	T_rx(10-90)	17.3 ps	Test Source ER=			
Uw (see notes)	0.60 nm		Det.Jitter	4.7 ps inc. DCD	Connections C	1.5 dB	Disp. min. Uo= 1316 nm	TP4 Eye	8 ps	Test Tx	6.5 dB		
Tx pwr OMA=	-2.00 dBm		DCD_DJ=	2.14 ps TP3Pwr.Bud.-Conn.Loss	4.3 dB	Disp. So= 0.1028 ps/nm^2*km	Opening (=Tx eye)	Test Erper	1.98 dB				
Min. Ext Ratio=	3.65 dB		Effect. DJ=	0.07 (UL) ex DCD	C1= 480 ns.MHz	Disp. D1= -108.41 ps/(nm.km)	RMS Baseline wander SD	0.013 fraction of 1/2 eye	V.E.C.P.	2.72 dB			
Worst"ave.TxPwr	-1.0 dBm		MPN k(OMA)	0.3	Reflection Noise factor	0 no units	(not in use) 10						
Ext. ratio penalty	4.01 dB		Tx eye height	43.8%	Effective Rate	27287 MBd	BWm= 2000 MHz*km P_BLW(no ISI)	0.02 dB					
Tx mask X1=	0.3 UI		RefL Tx	-12 dB	Tb_eff=	37 ps	Eff. BWm= ##### MHz*km P_BLW	0.02 dB					
X2=	0.4 UI		ModalNoisePen	0.3 dB	Effective Rec Eye	0.21 UI							
Y1=	0.25		Tx mask top	0.2 UI	Pisi	P Eye	P_DJ	P_DJ	Preflection	Pcross	Ptotal <Ptotal	LP Pen	
L	Patt	Ch IL	D1.L	D2.L	BWcd	effBWm	Te	Tc	central corners	central	central corners	central	
(km)	(dB)	(dB)	ps/nm	ps/nm	(MHz)	(MHz)	(ps)	(ps)	J=0, dB	Beta	SDmpn	Pmpn	
0.002	0.01	1.51	-0.22	0.00	1E+06	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.001	0.00	1.50	-0.1	0.00	#####	#####	32	36	2.15	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.006	0.02	1.52	-0.6	0.00	#####	#####	32	36	2.16	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.011	0.04	1.54	-1.2	0.00	#####	#####	32	36	2.18	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.016	0.06	1.56	-1.7	0.00	#####	#####	32	37	2.20	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.021	0.07	1.57	-2.2	0.00	#####	97,087	32	37	2.24	0.24	0.03	0.19	
0.026	0.09	1.59	-2.8	0.00	#####	78,431	33	37	2.29	0.24	0.03	0.20	
0.03	0.11	1.61	-3.3	0.00	94,567	65,789	33	37	2.34	0.25	0.03	0.20	
0.035	0.13	1.63	-3.8	0.00	81,440	56,657	34	38	2.41	0.25	0.03	0.20	
0.04	0.15	1.65	-4.4	0.00	71,513	49,751	34	38	2.49	0.25	0.03	0.20	
0.045	0.16	1.66	-4.9	0.00	63,744	44,346	34	39	2.58	0.25	0.03	0.20	
0.05	0.18	1.68	-5.4	0.00	57,497	40,000	35	39	2.67	0.25	0.03	0.20	

- Reach limited by power budget and jitter: 50 m on OM3
 - max TJ = 0.75 UI at the input to optical receiver CDR ('TP4')