Helium

Lifting High-Performance Stencil Kernels from Stripped x86 Binaries to Halide DSL Code

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1 CSAIL

2

3 Google

4 Adobe

```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
     a, b, c, sum, avg;
     blurx[(256/8)*(32+2)]; // allocate tile blurx array
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m64i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         blurxPtr[x] = (inPtr[x] + inPtr[x+1] + inPtr[x+2]) / 3
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
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      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
        __m64i *outPtr = (__m64i *)(&(blury[yTile+y][xTile]));
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          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
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Older Architecture

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```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  __m128i one_third = _mm_set1_epi16(21567);
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
    __m128i a, b, c, sum, avg;
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         sum = _mm_add_epi16(_mm_add_epi16(a, b), c);
         avg = _mm_mulhi_epi16(sum, one_third);
         _mm_store_si128(blurxPtr++, avg);
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
        __m128i *outPtr = (__m128i *)(&(blury[yTile+y][xTile]));
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
          a = _mm_load_si128(blurxPtr+(2*256)/8);
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Newer Architecture

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      __m128i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
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         sum = _mm_add_epi16(_mm_add_epi16(a, b), c);
         avg = _mm_mulhi_epi16(sum, one_third);
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      blurxPtr = blurx;
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          _mm_store_si128(outPtr++, avg);
}}}}}
```

Older Architecture

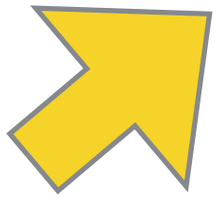
Newer Architecture

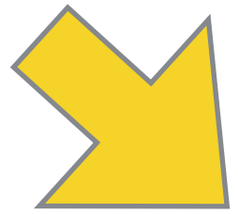
```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Simple Algorithm





```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
     a, b, c, sum, avg;
     blurx[(256/8)*(32+2)]; // allocate tile blurx array
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m64i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         blurxPtr[x] = (inPtr[x] + inPtr[x+1] + inPtr[x+2]) / 3
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
      ........
      blurxPtr = blurx;
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          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
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}}}}}
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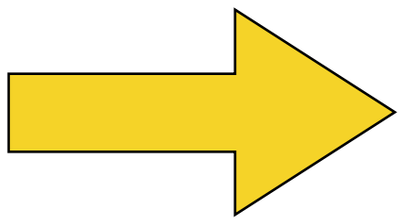
Rewrite??



```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  __m128i one_third = _mm_set1_epi16(21567);
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
    __m128i a, b, c, sum, avg;
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m128i *blurxPtr = blurx;
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        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         a = _mm_loadu_si128((__m128i*)(inPtr-1));
         c = _mm_load_si128((__m128i*)(inPtr));
         sum = _mm_add_epi16(_mm_add_epi16(a, b), c);
         avg = _mm_mulhi_epi16(sum, one_third);
         _mm_store_si128(blurxPtr++, avg);
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      }}
      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
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        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
          a = _mm_load_si128(blurxPtr+(2*256)/8);
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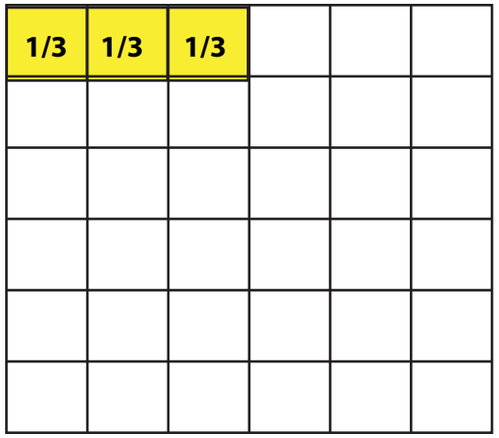
Older Architecture

Newer Architecture




```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
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Simple Algorithm

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  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
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Older Architecture

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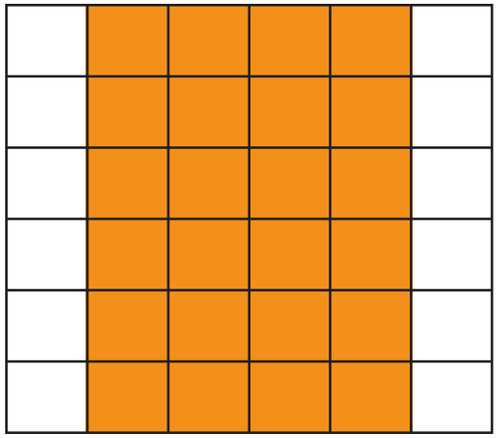

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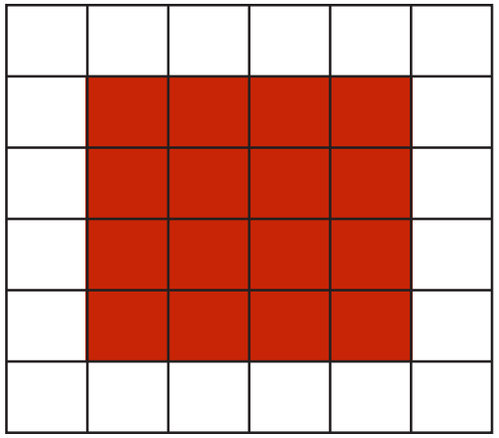

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
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         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
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Simple Algorithm

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        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
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}}}}}
```

Older Architecture

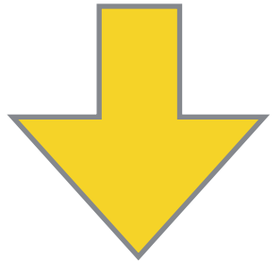
Newer Architecture

Simple Algorithm

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```



Halide

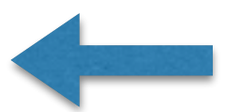
```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

Func blur_x("blur_x"), blur_y("blur_y");
Var x("x"), y("y"), xi("xi"), yi("yi"), xo("xo"), yo("yo");
```

```
// The algorithm
blur_x(x, y) = (input(x, y) + input(x + 1, y) + input(x + 2, y)) / 3;
blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y + 1) + blur_x(x, y + 2)) / 3;
```

 Algorithm

```
// How to schedule it
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

 Schedule

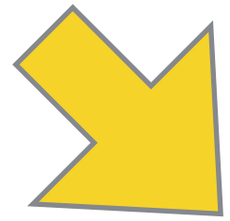
[Ragan-Kelley et al PLDI'13]

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Simple Algorithm



Halide

```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

Func blur_x("blur_x"), blur_y("blur_y");
Var x("x"), y("y"), xi("xi"), yi("yi"), xo("xo"), yo("yo");


// The algorithm
blur_x(x, y) = (input(x, y) + input(x + 1, y) + input(x + 2, y)) / 3;
blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y + 1) + blur_x(x, y + 2)) / 3;

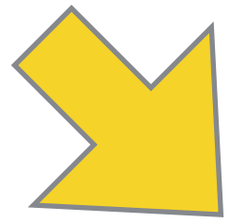

// How to schedule it
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Simple Algorithm



```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
     a, b, c, sum, avg;
     blurx[(256/8)*(32+2)]; // allocate tile blurx array
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m64i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         blurxPtr[x] = (inPtr[x] + inPtr[x+1] + inPtr[x+2]) / 3
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
      ........
      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
        __m64i *outPtr = (__m64i *)(&(blury[yTile+y][xTile]));
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 4) {
          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
          outPtr[x] += blurxPtr[x+2] / 3;
          outPtr++;
}}}}}
```

Halide

```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

Func blur_x("blur_x"), blur_y("blur_y");
Var x("x"), y("y"), xi("xi"), yi("yi"), xo("xo"), yo("yo");


// The algorithm
blur_x(x, y) = (input(x, y) + input(x + 1, y) + input(x + 2, y)) / 3;
blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y + 1) + blur_x(x, y + 2)) / 3;

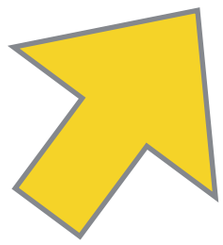

// How to schedule it
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

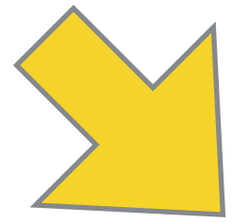
Simple Algorithm

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```





```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
     a, b, c, sum, avg;
     blurx[(256/8)*(32+2)]; // allocate tile blurx array
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m64i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         blurxPtr[x] = (inPtr[x] + inPtr[x+1] + inPtr[x+2]) / 3
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
      ........
      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
        __m64i *outPtr = (__m64i *)(&(blury[yTile+y][xTile]));
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 4) {
          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
          outPtr[x] += blurxPtr[x+2] / 3;
          outPtr++;
}}}}}
```

Halide

```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

Func blur_x("blur_x"), blur_y("blur_y");
Var x("x"), y("y"), xi("xi"), yi("yi"), xo("xo"), yo("yo");


// The algorithm
blur_x(x, y) = (input(x, y) + input(x + 1, y) + input(x + 2, y)) / 3;
blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y + 1) + blur_x(x, y + 2)) / 3;


// How to schedule it
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

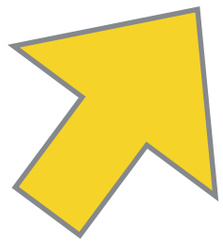
```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

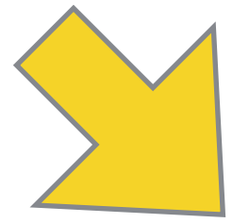
   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Simple Algorithm

Helium



Halide



```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
  #pragma omp parallel for
  for (int yTile = 0; yTile < in.height(); yTile += 32) {
     a, b, c, sum, avg;
     blurx[(256/8)*(32+2)]; // allocate tile blurx array
    for (int xTile = 0; xTile < in.width(); xTile += 256) {
      __m64i *blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = -1; y < 32+1; y++) {
        const uint16_t *inPtr = &(in[yTile+y][xTile]);
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 8) {
         blurxPtr[x] = (inPtr[x] + inPtr[x+1] + inPtr[x+2]) / 3
         inPtr += 8;
      }}
      ........
      blurxPtr = blurx;
      for (int y = 0; y < 32; y++) {
        __m64i *outPtr = (__m64i *)(&(blury[yTile+y][xTile]));
        for (int x = 0; x < 256; x += 4) {
          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
          outPtr[x] += blurxPtr[x+2] / 3;
          outPtr++;
}}}}}
```

```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

Func blur_x("blur_x"), blur_y("blur_y");
Var x("x"), y("y"), xi("xi"), yi("yi"), xo("xo"), yo("yo");


// The algorithm
blur_x(x, y) = (input(x, y) + input(x + 1, y) + input(x + 2, y)) / 3;
blur_y(x, y) = (blur_x(x, y) + blur_x(x, y + 1) + blur_x(x, y + 2)) / 3;


// How to schedule it
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

Simple Algorithm

```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Helium

```
void box_filter_3x3(const Image &in, Image &blury) {
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          outPtr[x] = (blurxPtr[x] + blurxPtr[x+1]) / 3
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}}}}}
```

Halide

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blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
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```
void blur(const Image &in, Image &blurred){

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
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         tmp(x,y) = (in(x-1,y) + in(x,y) + in(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
      for(int x=0; x < in.width(); x++){
         blurred(x,y) = (tmp(x-1,y) + tmp(x,y) + tmp(x+1, y))/3;
      }
   }
}
```

Simple Algorithm

Helium

Executable

Halide

```
ImageParam input(UInt(8), 2);

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      }
   }

   for(int y=0; y < in.height(); y++){
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      }
   }
}
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Simple Algorithm

Helium

Executable

Halide

```
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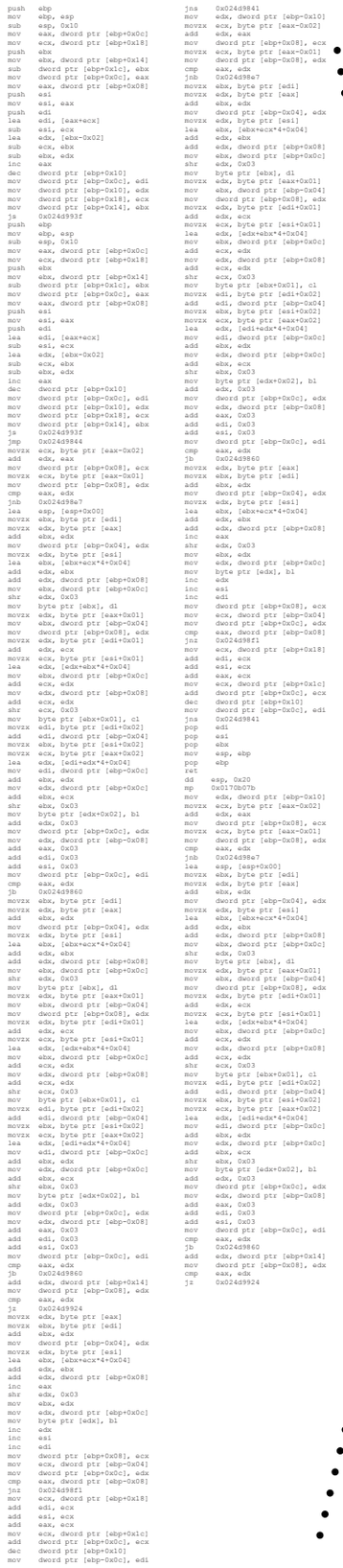
blur_y.split(y, y, yi, 8).parallel(y).vectorize(x, 8);
blur_x.store_at(blur_y, y).compute_at(blur_y, yi).vectorize(x, 8);
```

Lifting



Assembly instructions

Executable

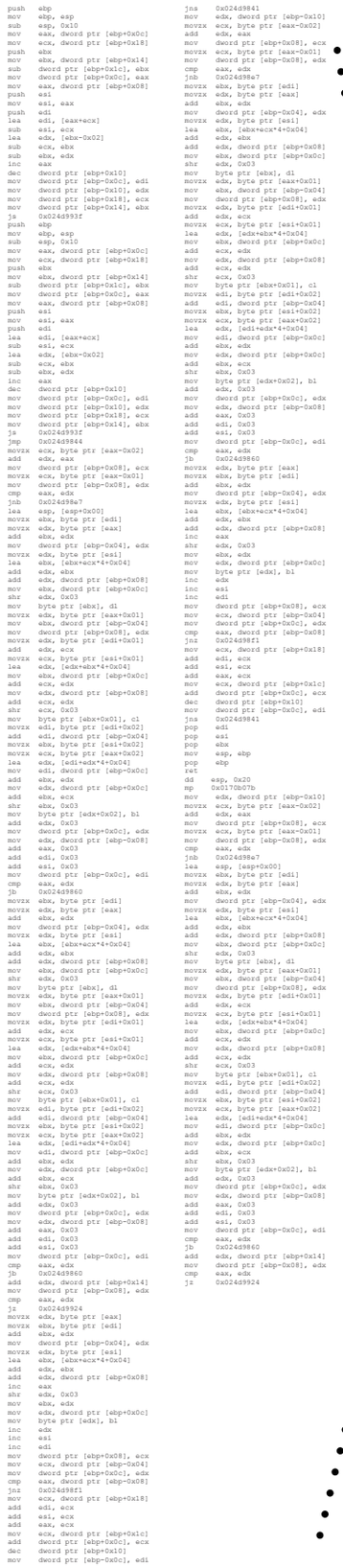
analysis on dynamic traces

```
#include <Halide.h>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
using namespace Halide;

int main(){
  Var x_0;
  Var x_1;
  ImageParam input_1(UInt(8),2);
  Func output_1;
  output_1(x_0,x_1) =
    cast<uint8_t>(((((2+
      (2*cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+1,x_1+1))) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0,  x_1+1)) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+2,x_1+1)))
      >> cast<uint32_t>(2))) & 255));
  vector<Argument> args;
  args.push_back(input_1);
  output_1.compile_to_file("halide_out_0",args);
  return 0;
}
```

Generated Halide DSL code

Lifting



Assembly instructions

Executable

analysis on dynamic traces

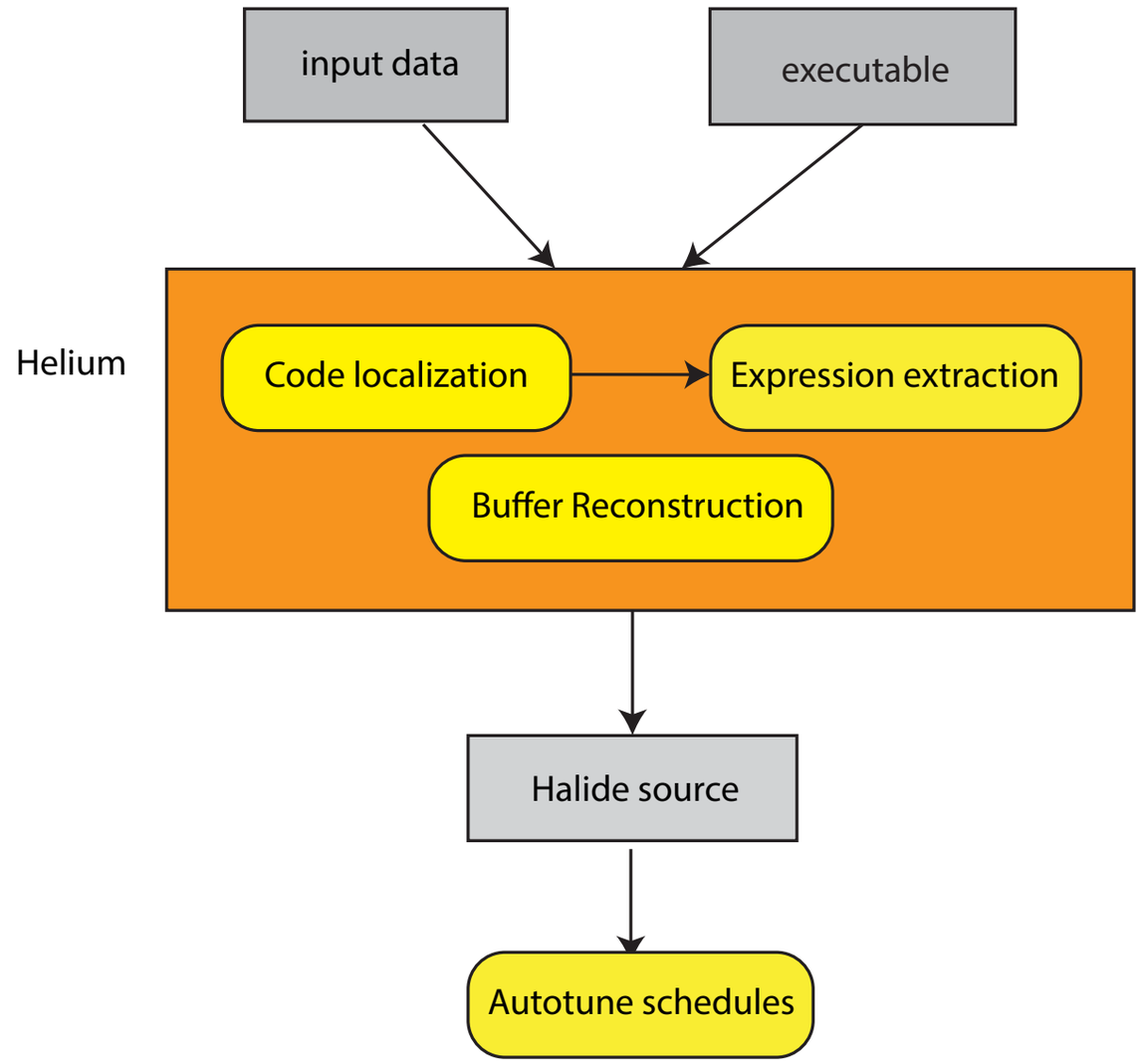
75% faster

```
#include <Halide.h>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
using namespace Halide;

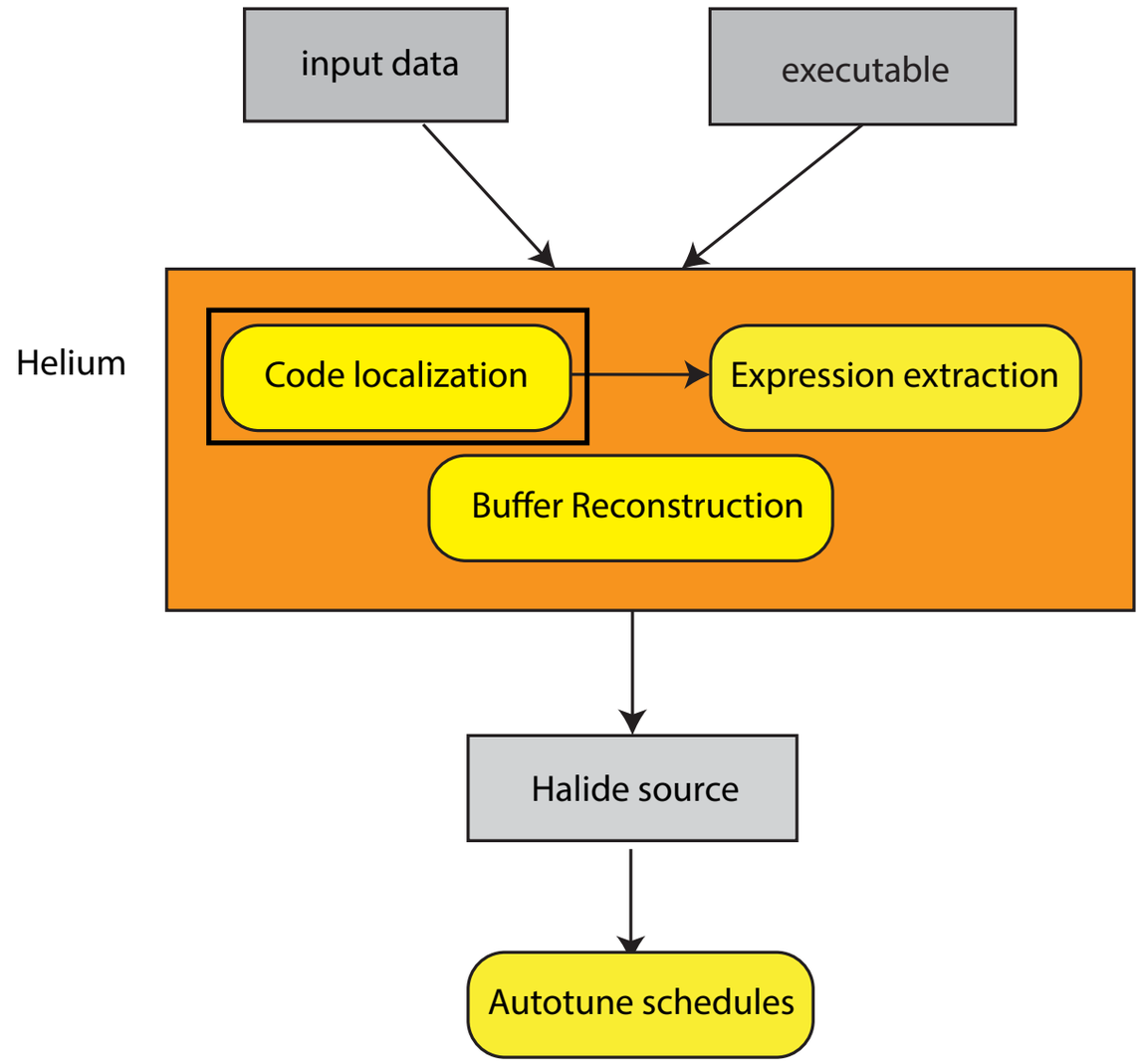
int main(){
  Var x_0;
  Var x_1;
  ImageParam input_1(UInt(8),2);
  Func output_1;
  output_1(x_0,x_1) =
    cast<uint8_t>(((((2+
      (2*cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+1,x_1+1))) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0,  x_1+1)) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+2,x_1+1)))
      >> cast<uint32_t>(2))) & 255));
  vector<Argument> args;
  args.push_back(input_1);
  output_1.compile_to_file("halide_out_0",args);
  return 0;
}
```

Generated Halide DSL code

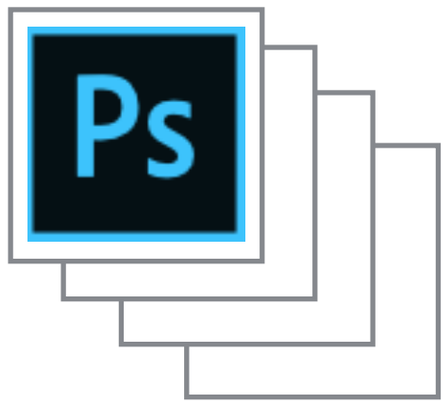
Workflow


input data
executable
Helium
Code localization
Expression extraction
Buffer Reconstruction
Halide source
Autotune schedules

Workflow


input data
executable
Helium
Code localization
Expression extraction
Buffer Reconstruction
Halide source
Autotune schedules

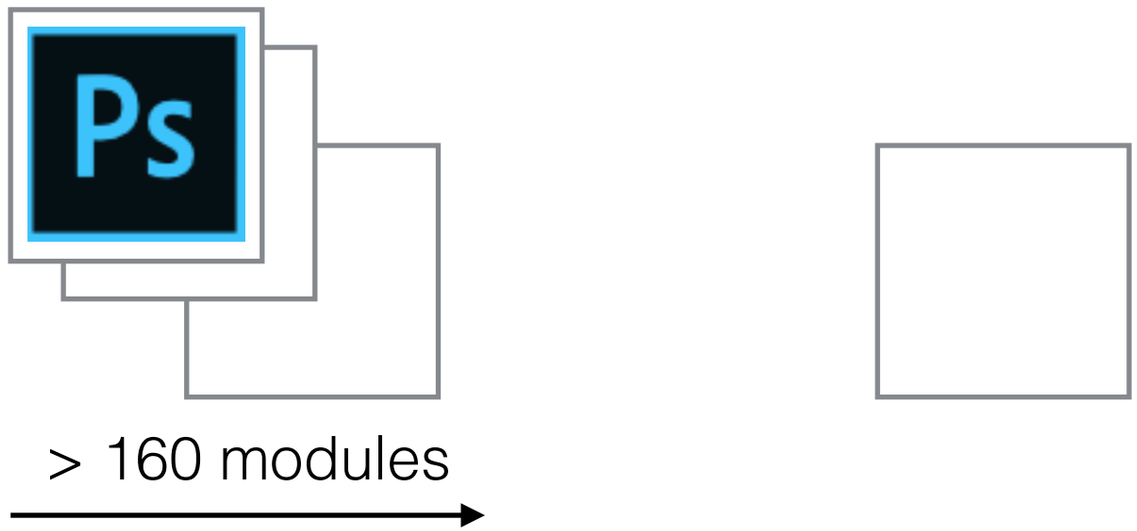
Code Localization



> 160 modules

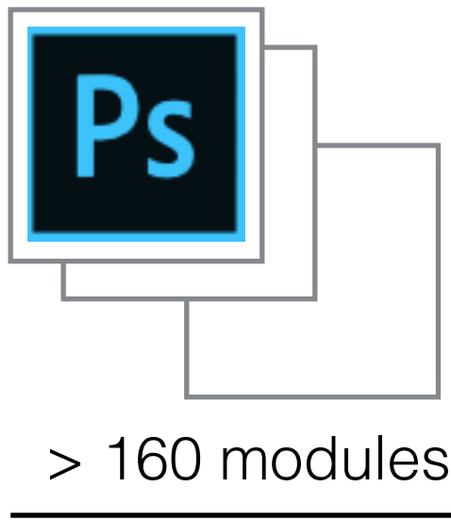
500,850 BBs

Code Localization



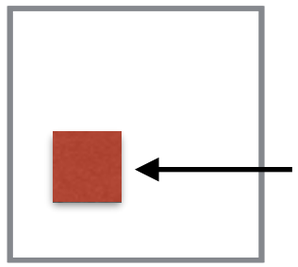
500,850 BBs

Code Localization



> 160 modules

500,850 BBs

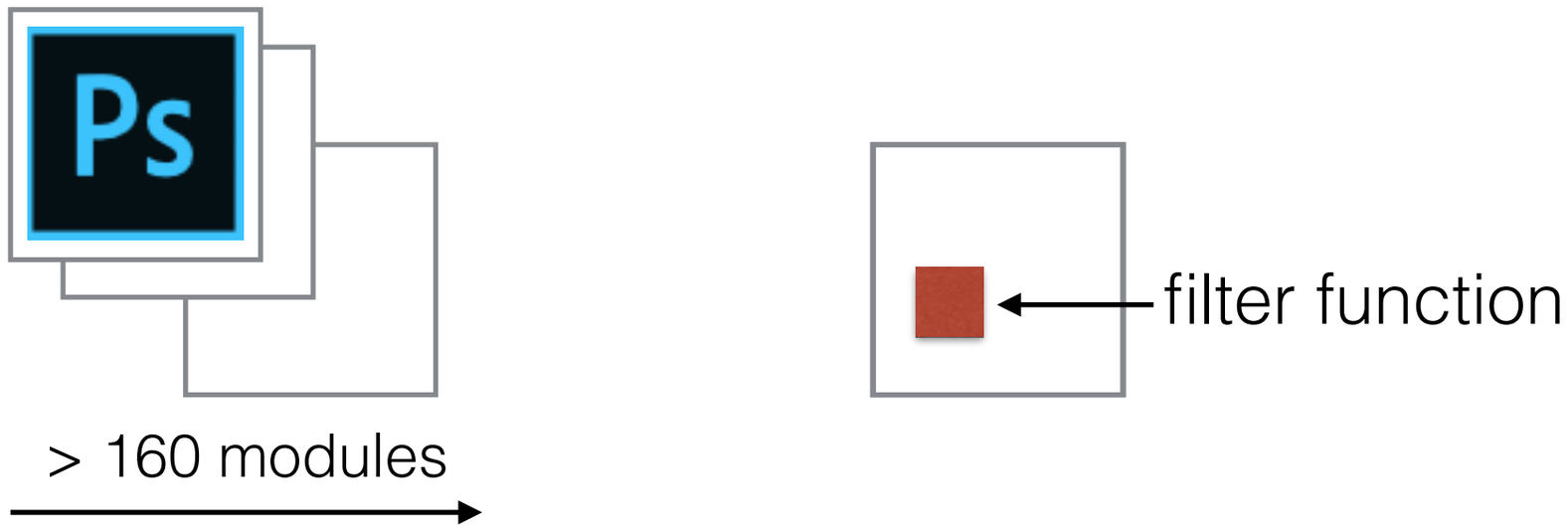


filter function

14 BBs

blur filter

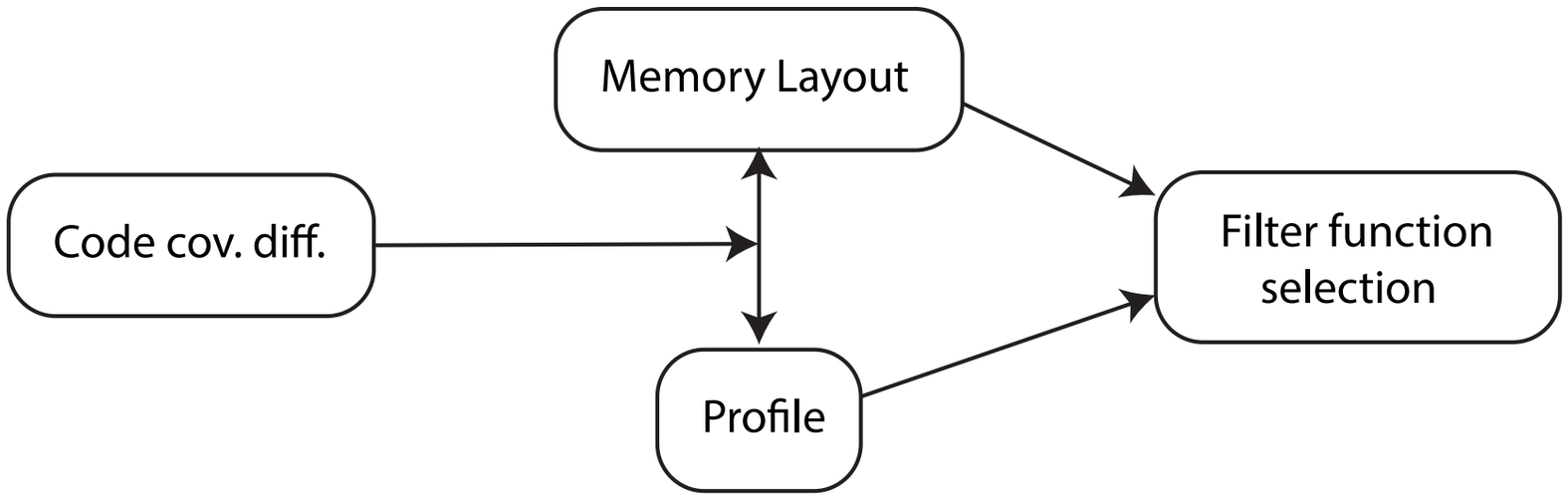
Code Localization



500,850 BBs 14 BBs blur filter

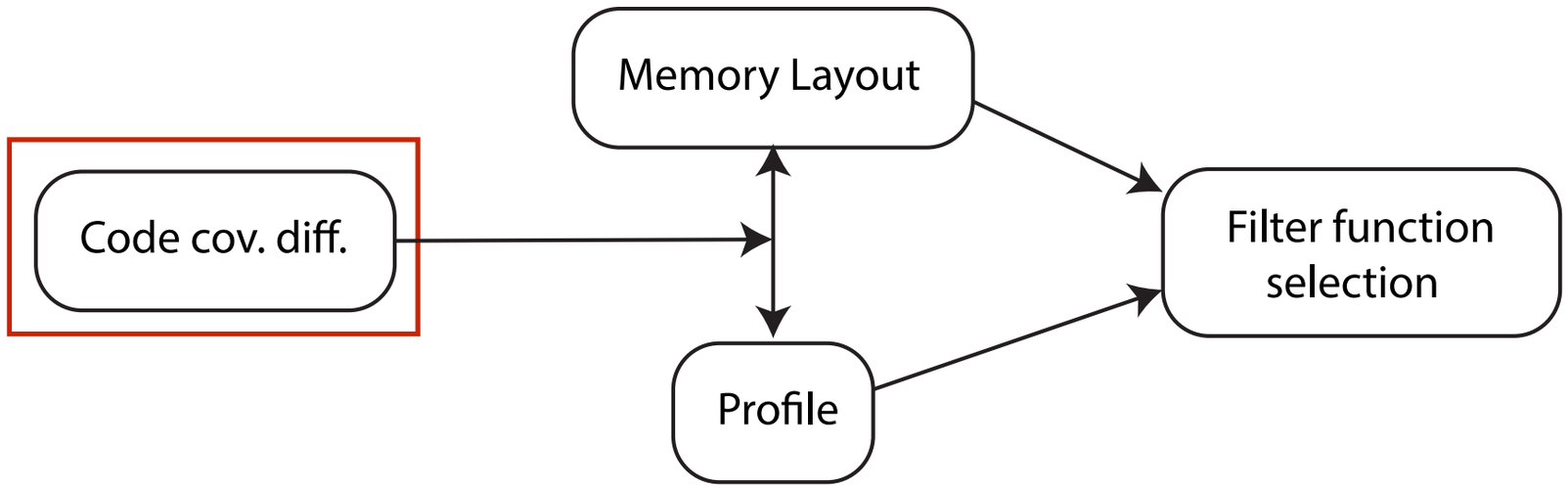
- Analyzing the entire application at runtime is not scalable
- Strategy - Progressively localize

Code Localization



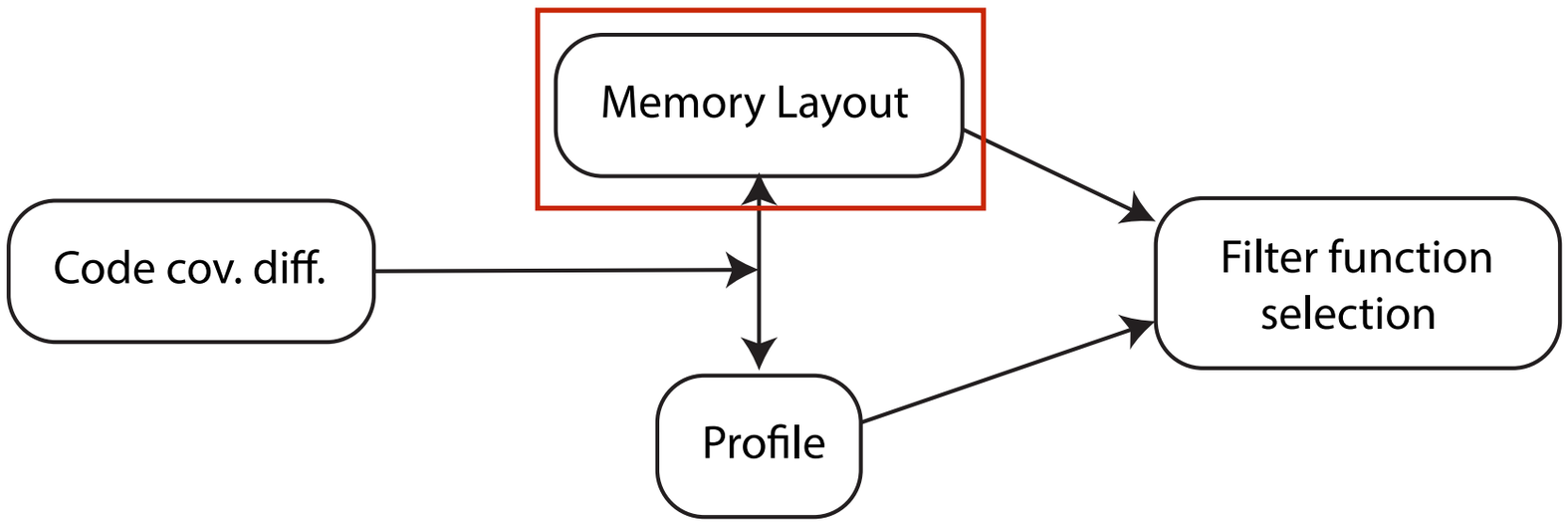
Scope(BBs)	500,850	3,850	14
Detail(kB / BB)	0.04	3.87	271.42

Code Localization



Scope(BBs)	500,850	3,850	14
Detail(kB / BB)	0.04	3.87	271.42

Code Localization



Scope(BBs)	500,850	3,850	14
Detail(kB / BB)	0.04	3.87	271.42

Buffer Reconstruction

```
//code for computing PADDING - 16 byte aligned

uint8_t input_b(WIDTH + 2 + PADDING, HEIGHT);
uint8_t output_b(WIDTH + PADDING, HEIGHT);

//code for loading image with padding

for(int y = 0; y < HEIGHT; y++){
  for(int x = 0; x < WIDTH; x++){
    output_b(x, y) = (input_b(x, y)
                          + input_b(x+1, y) + input_b(x+2, y)) / 3;
  }
}
```

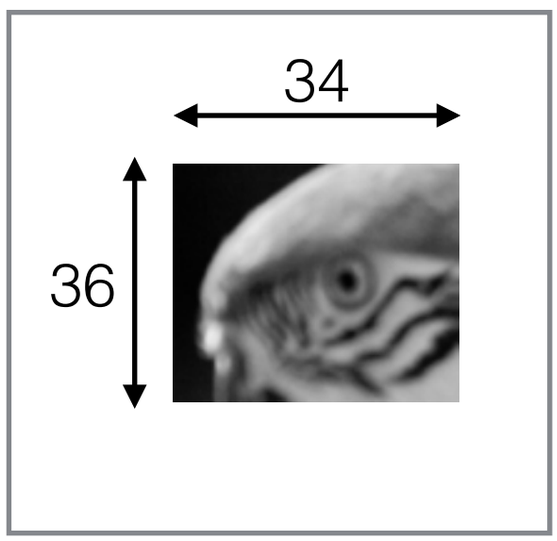
Buffer Reconstruction

```
//code for computing PADDING - 16 byte aligned

uint8_t input_b(WIDTH + 2 + PADDING, HEIGHT);
uint8_t output_b(WIDTH + PADDING, HEIGHT);

//code for loading image with padding

for(int y = 0; y < HEIGHT; y++){
  for(int x = 0; x < WIDTH; x++){
    output_b(x, y) = (input_b(x, y)
                      + input_b(x+1, y) + input_b(x+2, y)) / 3;
  }
}
```



Input

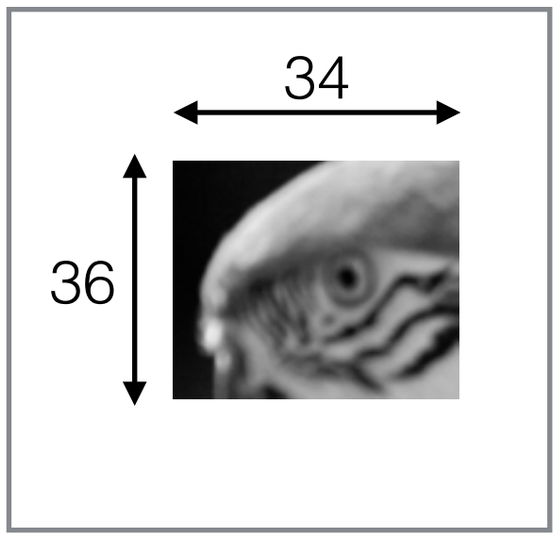
Buffer Reconstruction

```
//code for computing PADDING - 16 byte aligned

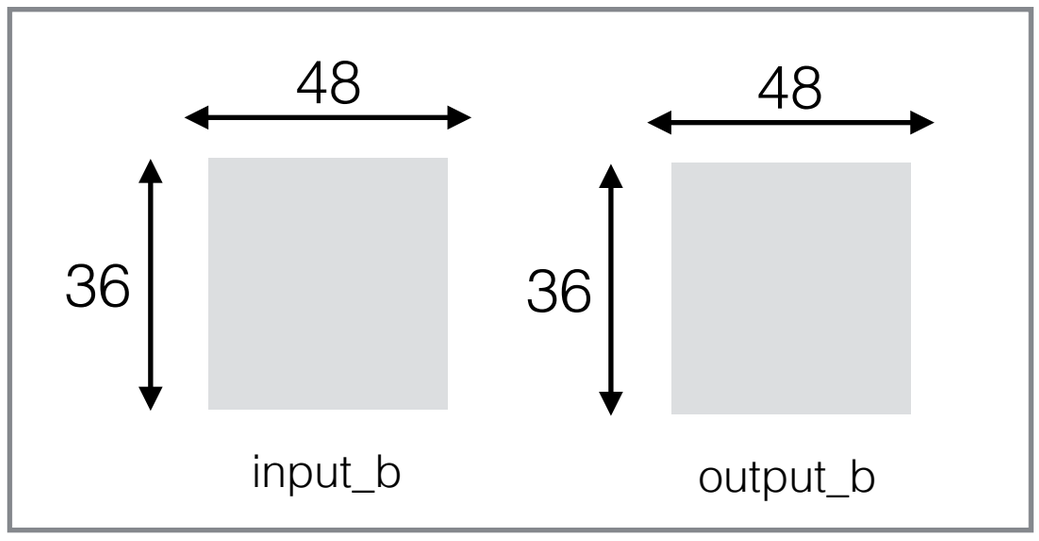
uint8_t input_b(WIDTH + 2 + PADDING, HEIGHT);
uint8_t output_b(WIDTH + PADDING, HEIGHT);

//code for loading image with padding

for(int y = 0; y < HEIGHT; y++){
  for(int x = 0; x < WIDTH; x++){
    output_b(x, y) = (input_b(x, y)
                      + input_b(x+1, y) + input_b(x+2, y)) / 3;
  }
}
```

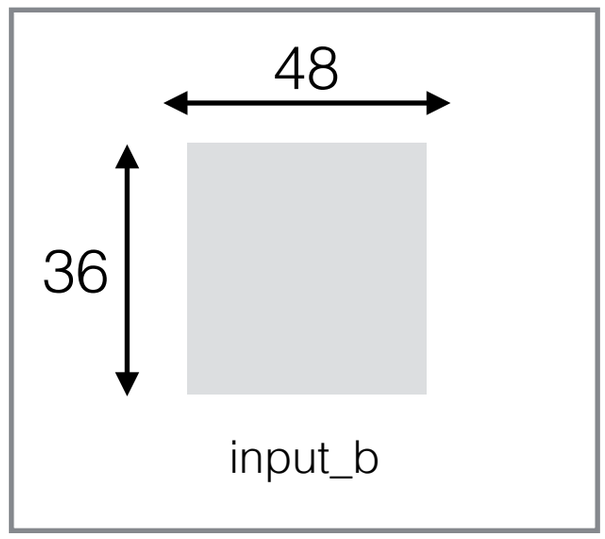


Input

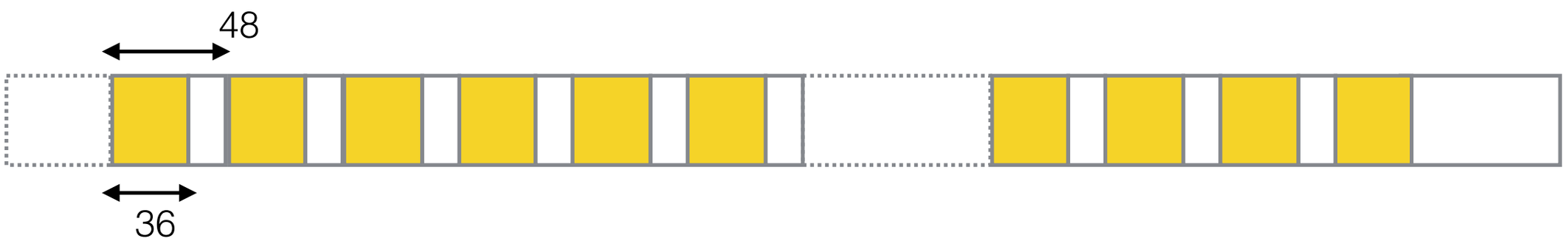


Logical buffers

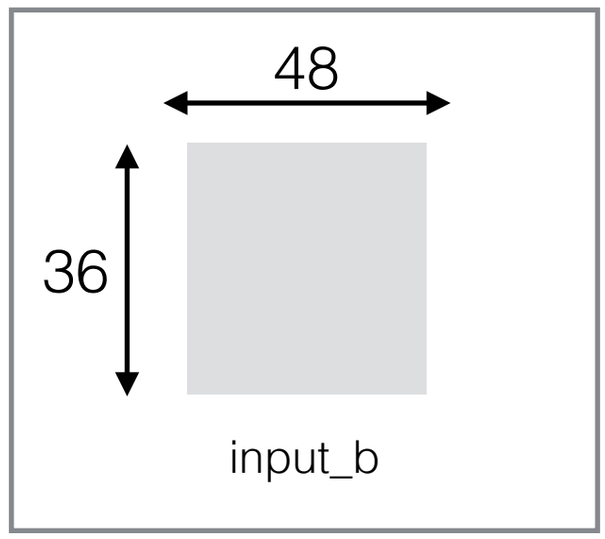
Buffer Reconstruction



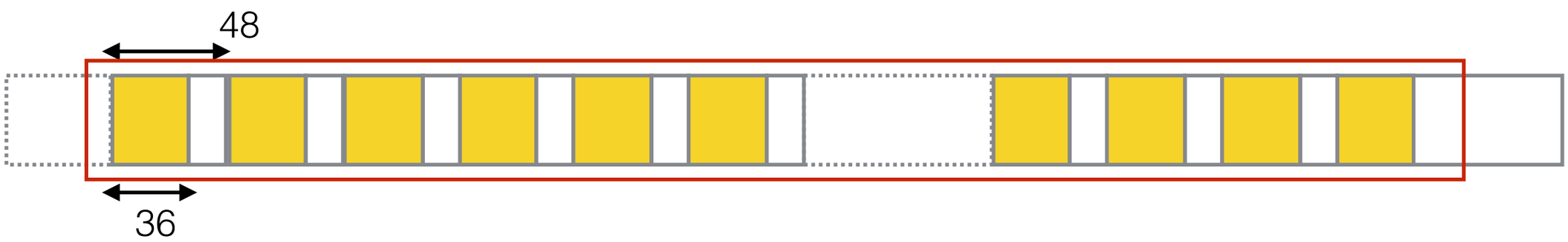
Linearized Memory



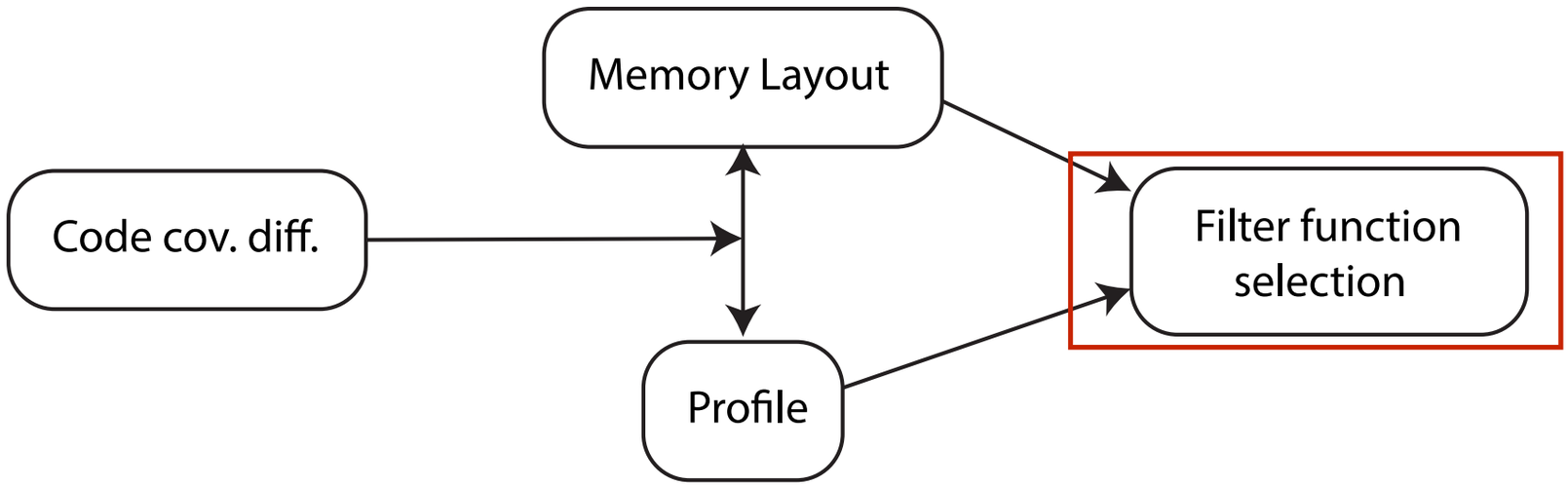
Buffer Reconstruction



Linearized Memory

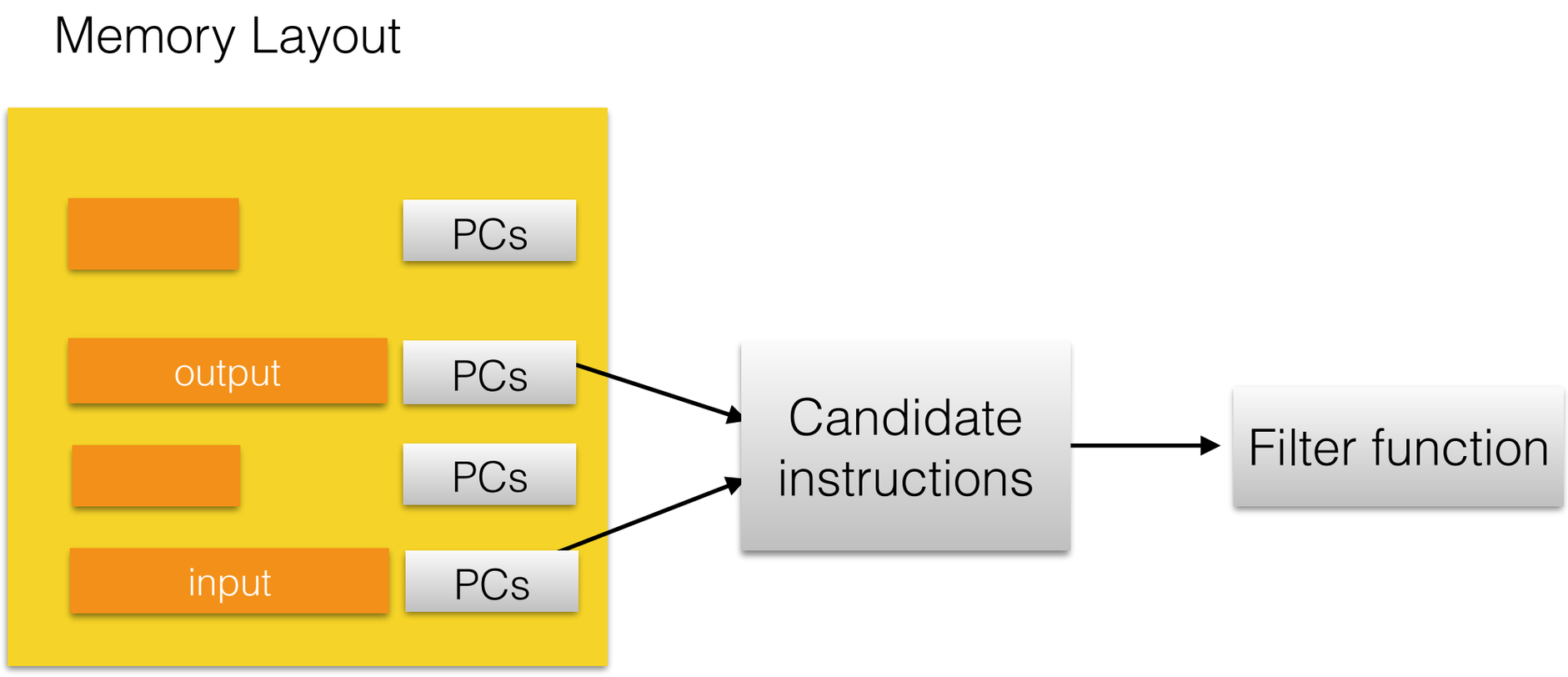


Code Localization



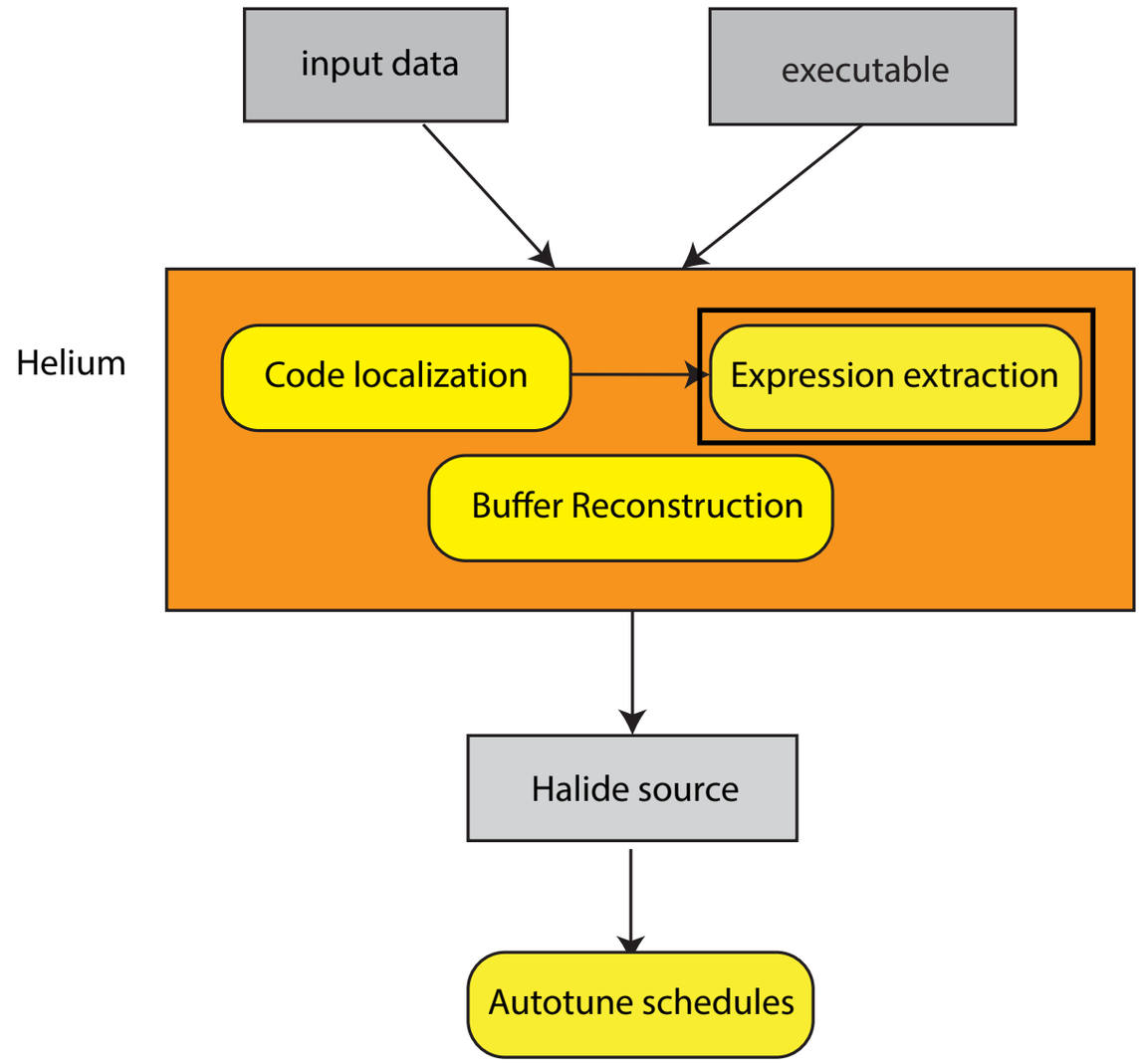
Scope(BBs)	500,850	3,850	14
Detail(kB / BB)	0.04	3.87	271.42

Filter Function Selection



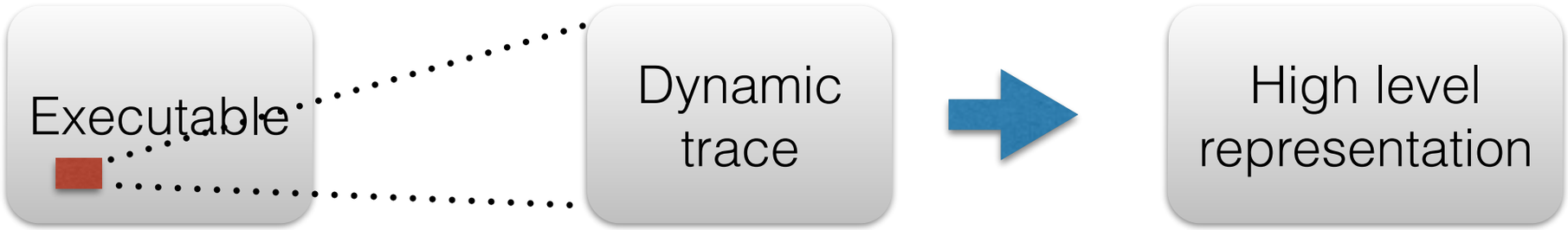
- Filter function is chosen as the function with most candidate instructions

Workflow


input data
executable
Helium
Code localization
Expression extraction
Buffer Reconstruction
Halide source
Autotune schedules

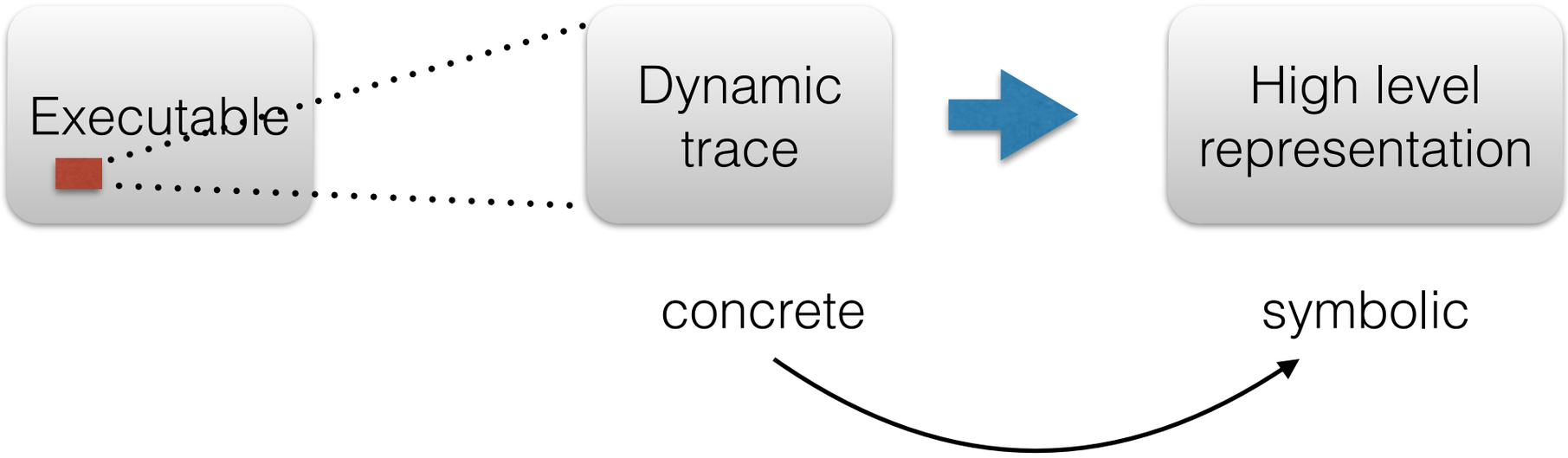
Expression Extraction

- Recover stencil computation without scheduling information

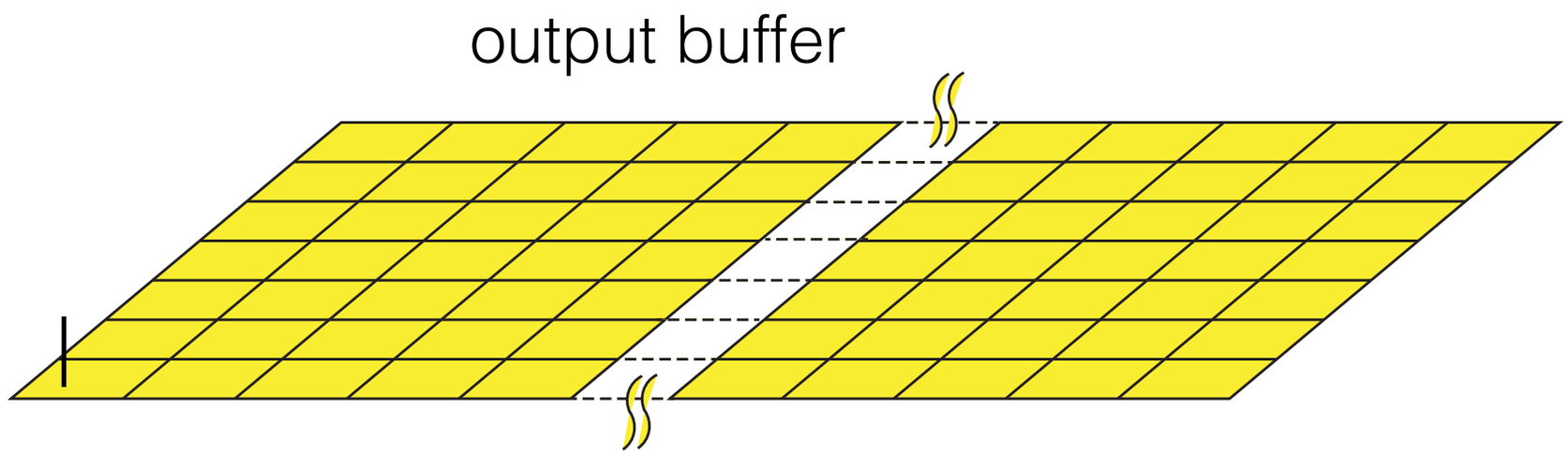


Expression Extraction

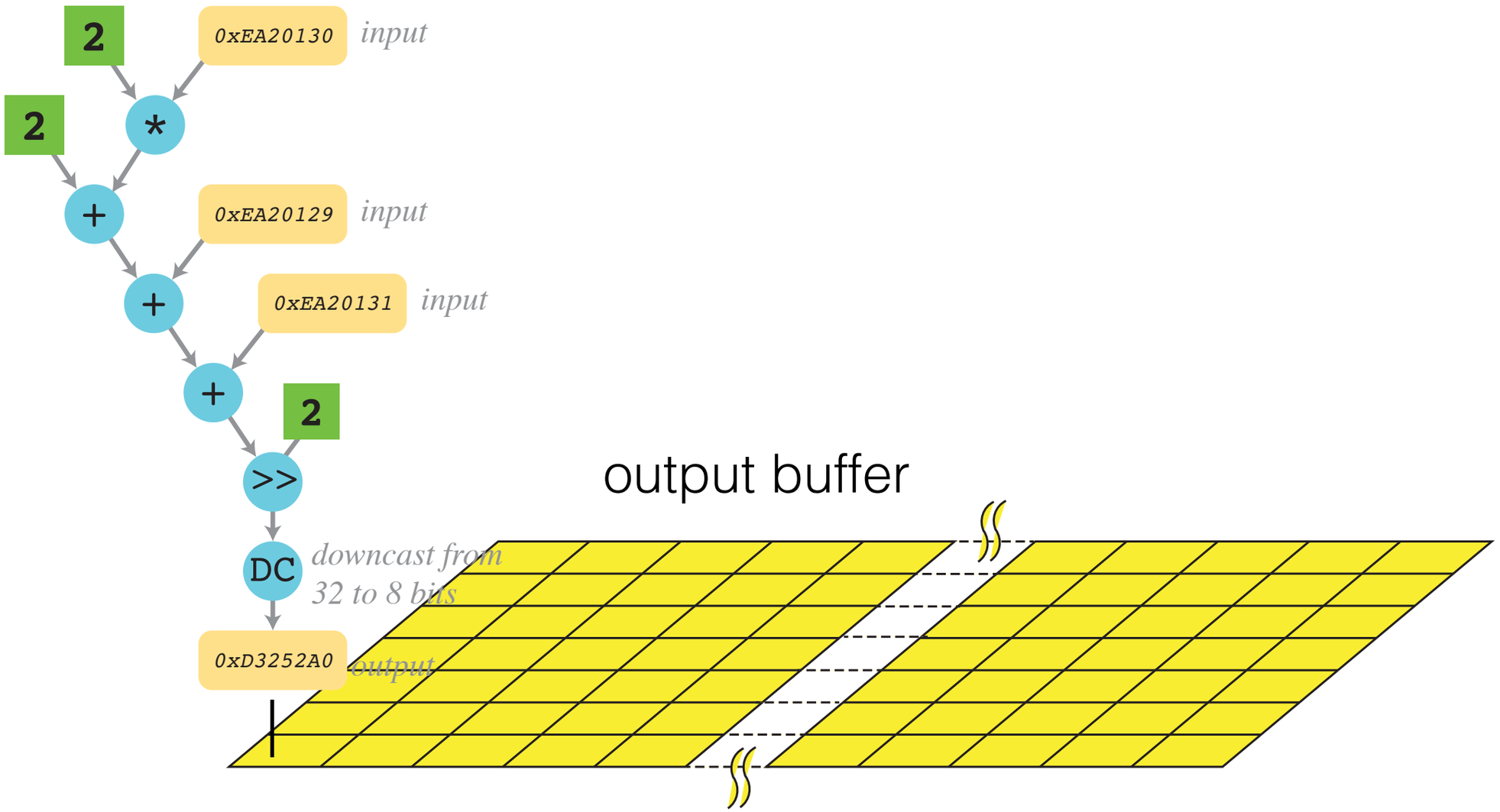
- Recover stencil computation without scheduling information



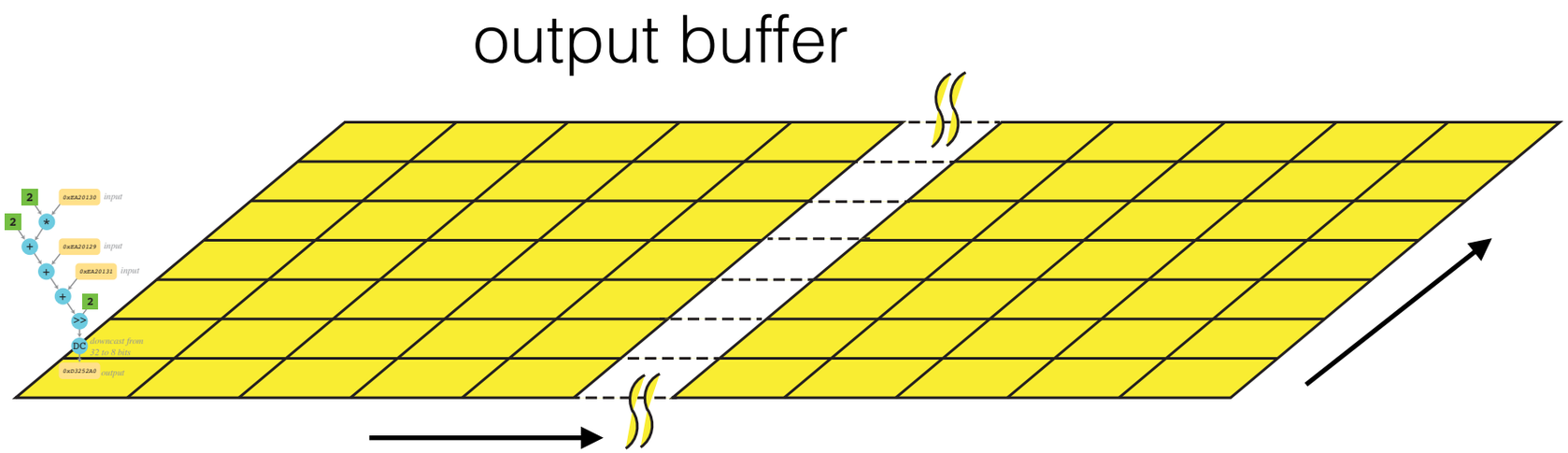
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



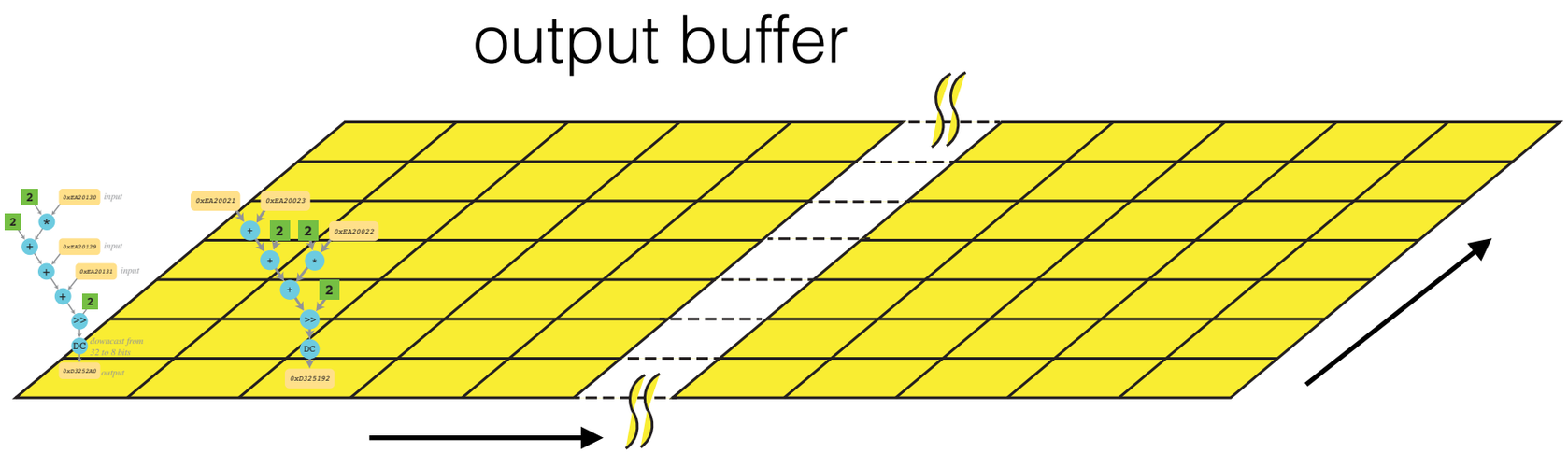
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



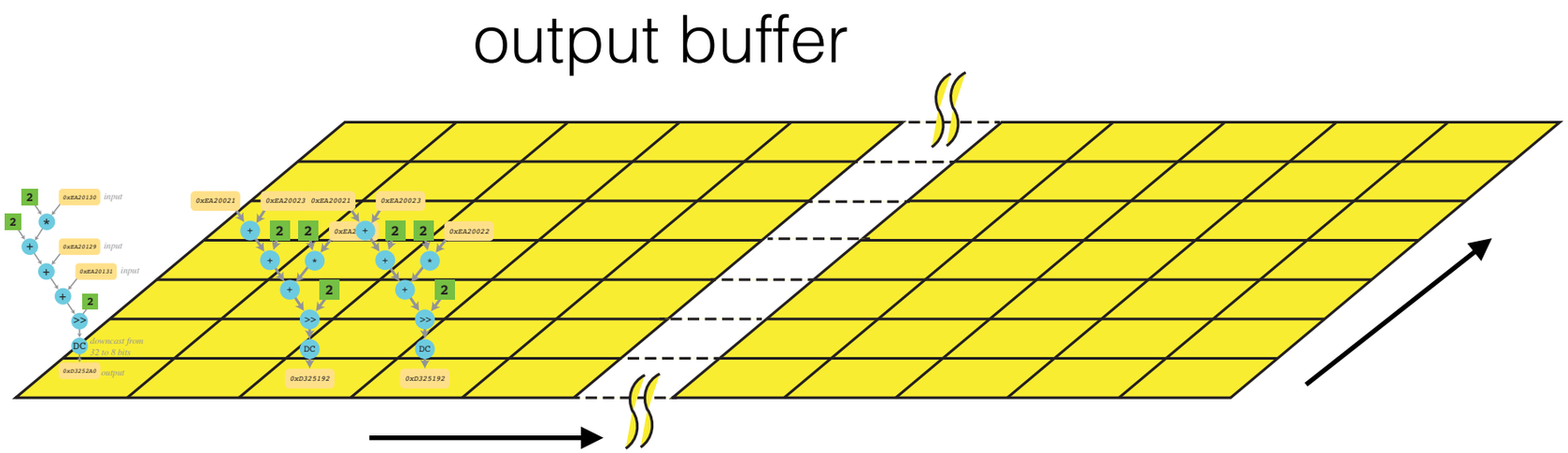
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



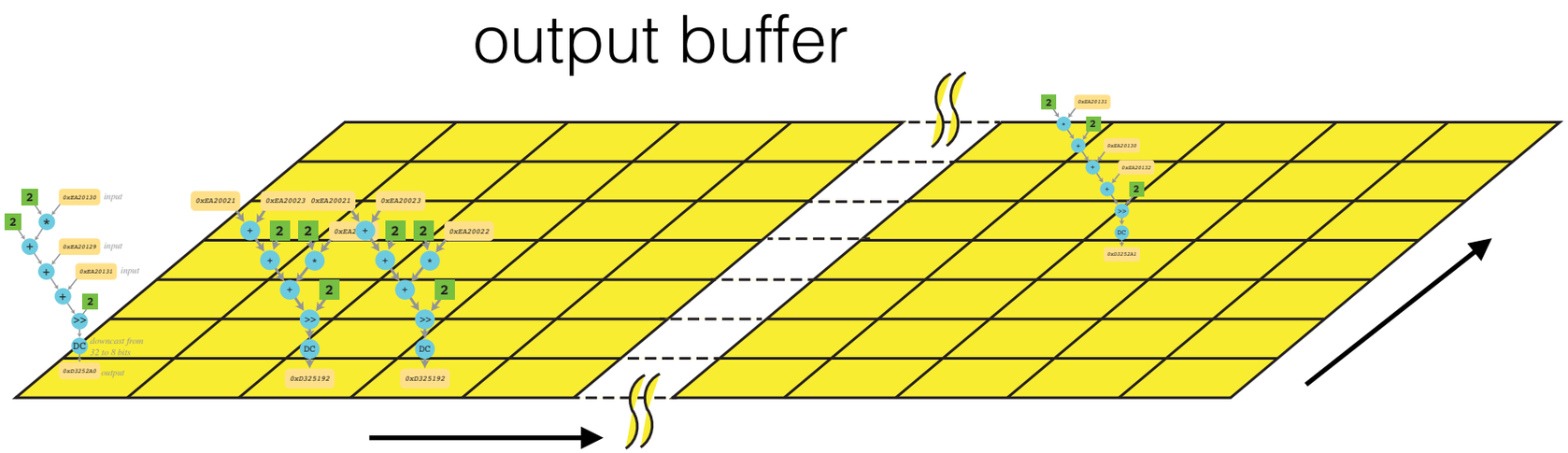
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



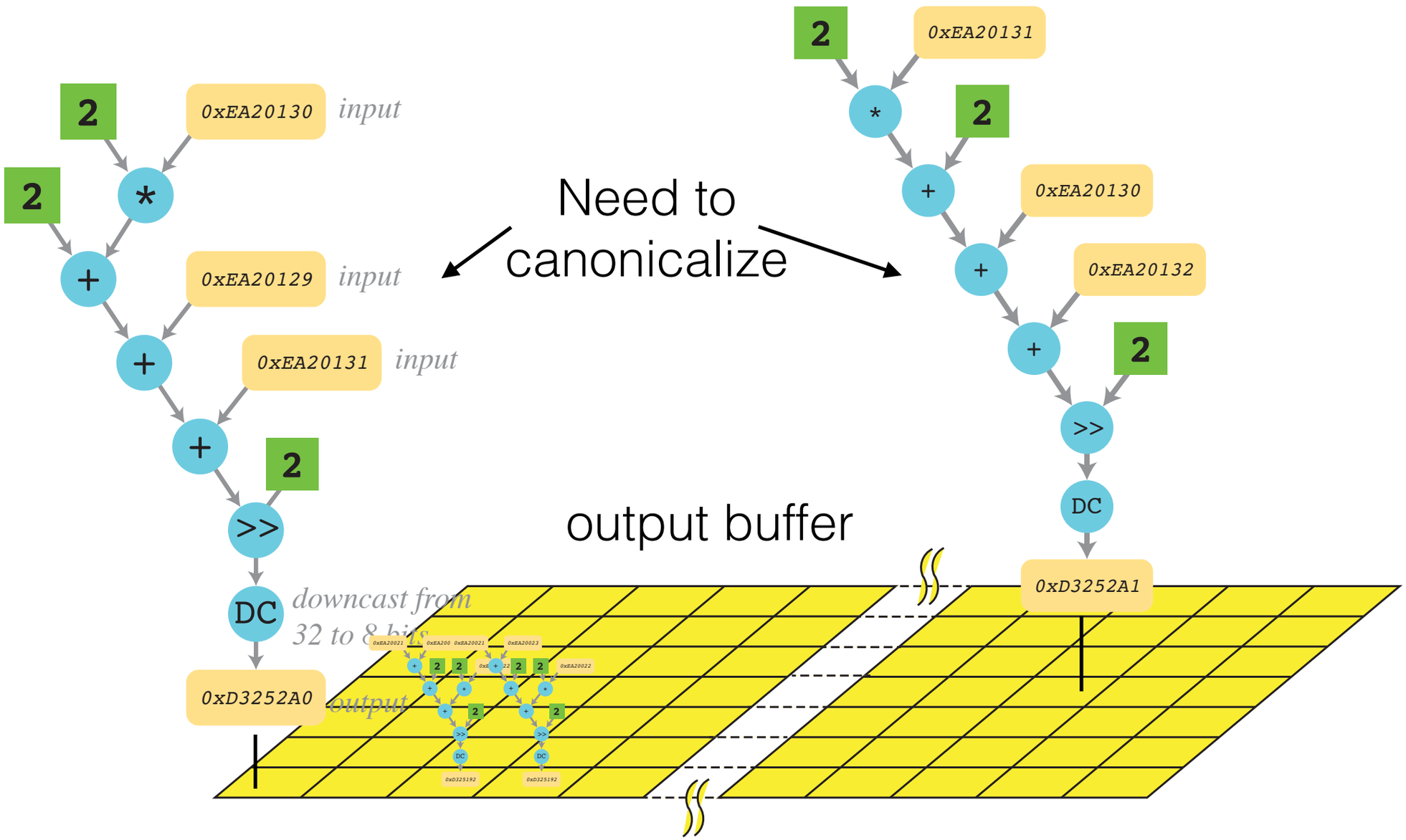
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



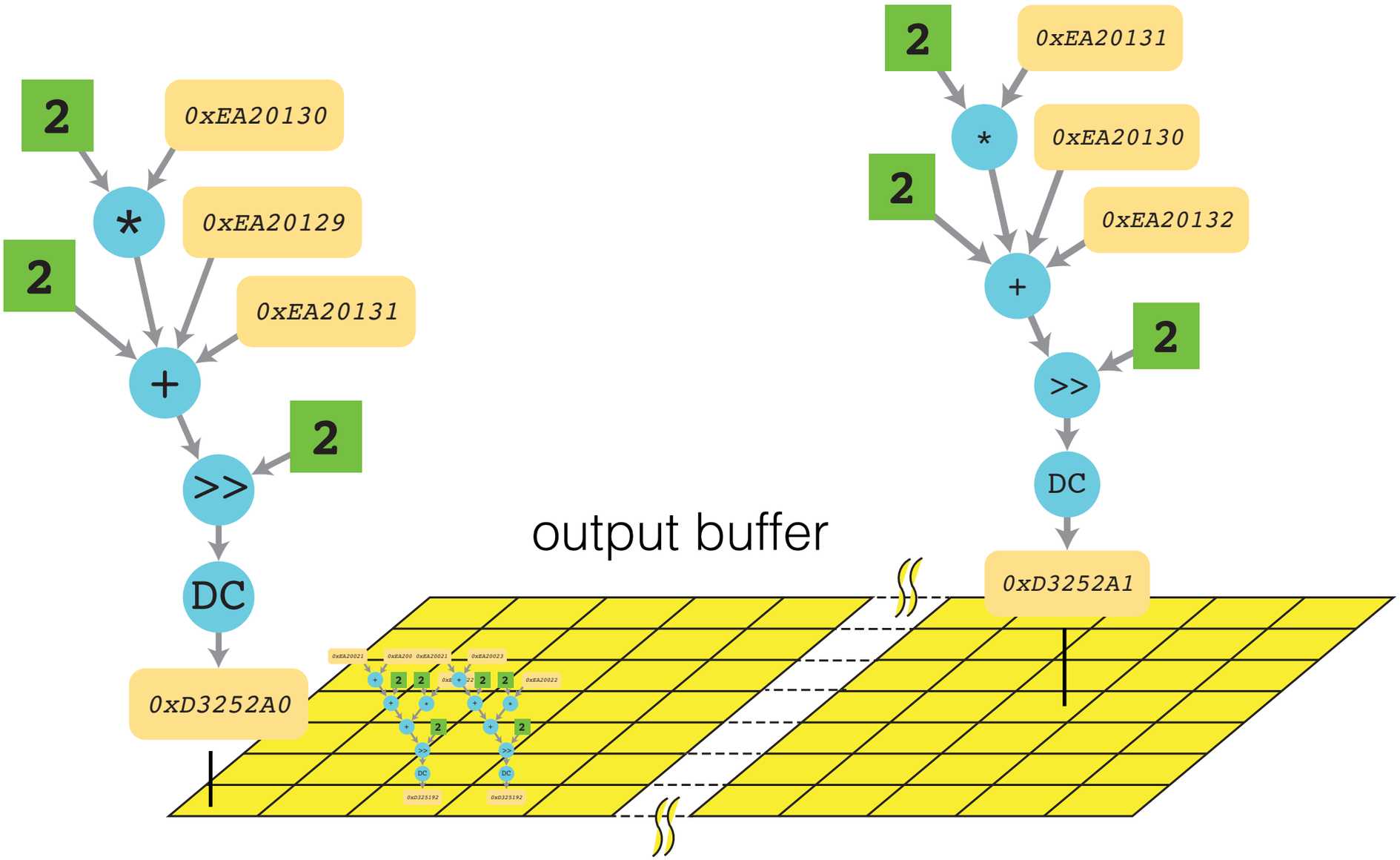
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



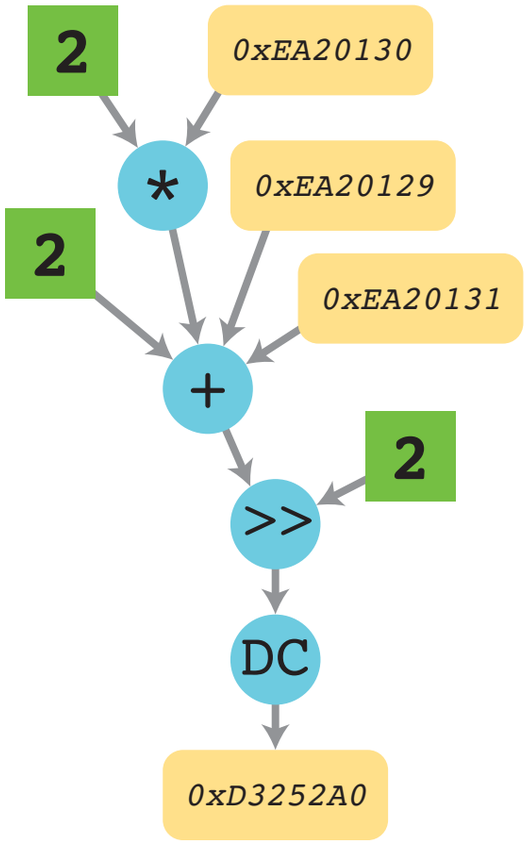
Concrete Data Dependency Trees



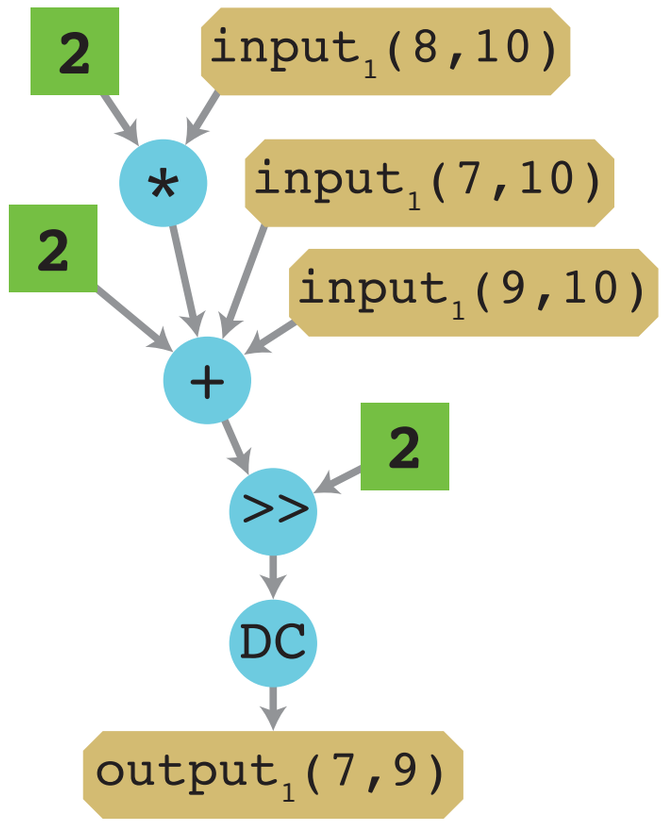
Canonicalization



Abstract Trees

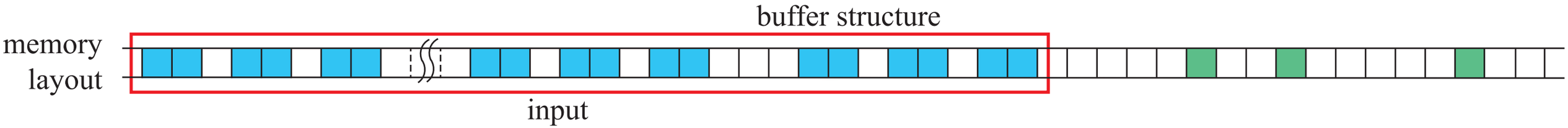


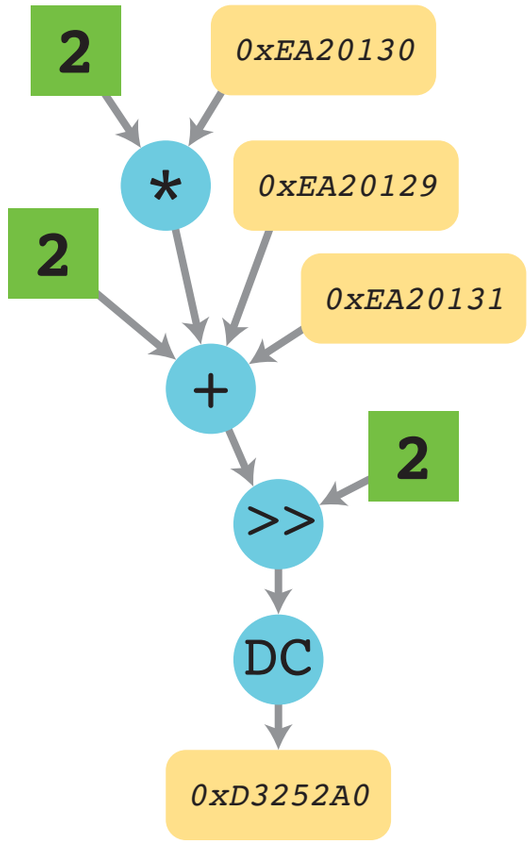
concrete tree



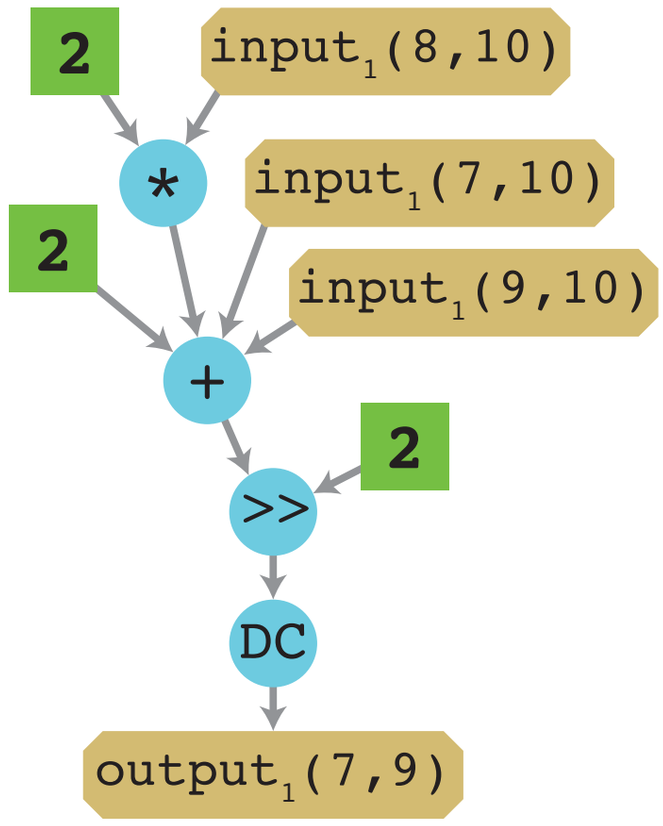
abstract tree

Abstract Trees



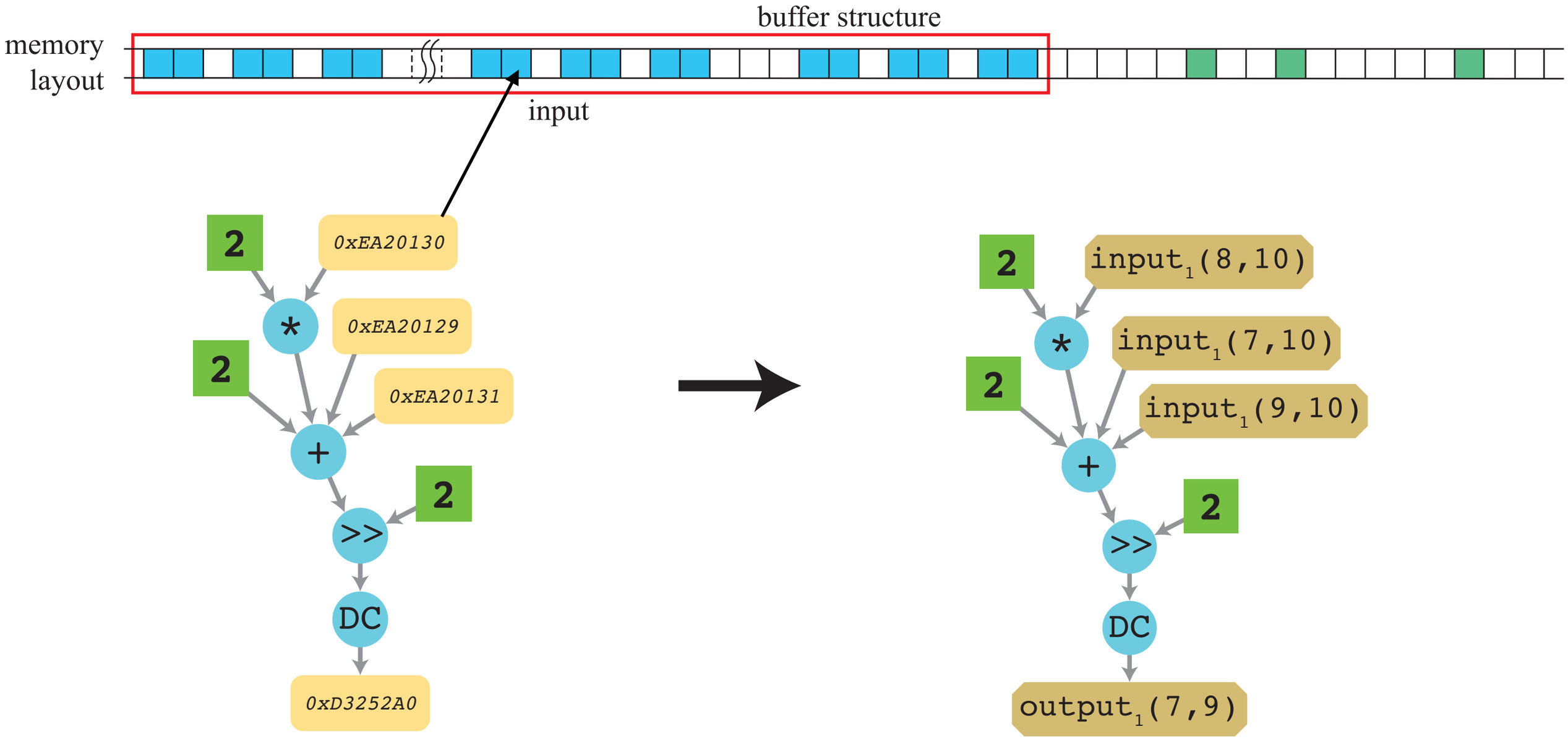


concrete tree

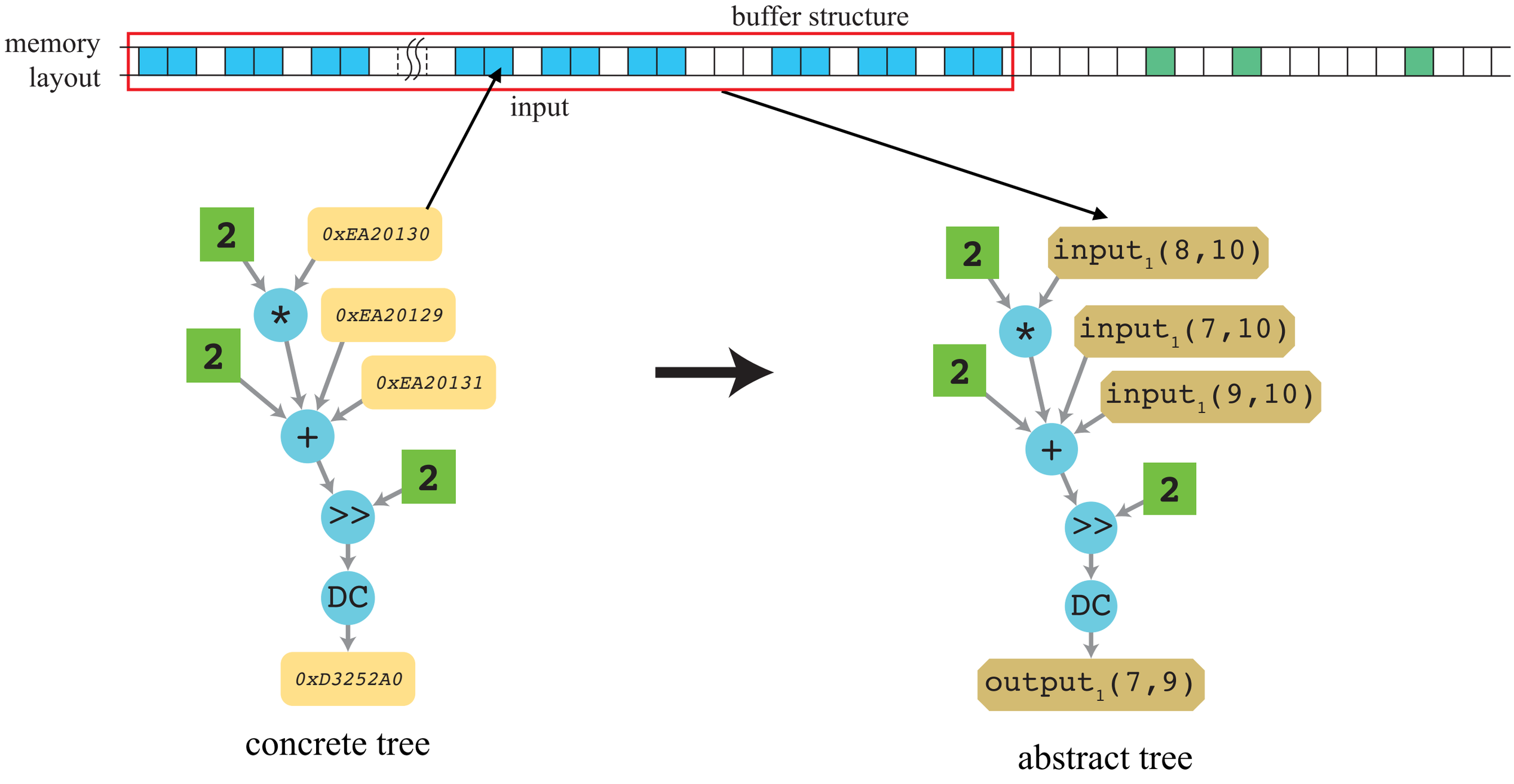


abstract tree

Abstract Trees



Abstract Trees



Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

$$\text{output}[i_1][i_2]....[i_D]$$

Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

$$\text{output}[i_1][i_2]....[i_D] = \bigoplus_{n} \text{buffer}_n[f_{n,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{n,D}(i_1, .., i_D)]$$

Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

$$\text{buffer}_1[f_{1,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{1,D}(i_1, .., i_D)]$$

$$\text{output}[i_1][i_2]....[i_D] \quad = \quad \oplus.....\oplus$$

$$\text{buffer}_n[f_{n,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{n,D}(i_1, .., i_D)]$$

Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

$$\text{output}[i_1][i_2]....[i_D] = \text{buffer}_1[f_{1,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{1,D}(i_1, .., i_D)] \oplus ..... \oplus \text{buffer}_n[f_{n,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{n,D}(i_1, .., i_D)]$$

Index Function

Symbolic Expressions

Stencil

$$\text{output}[i_1][i_2]....[i_D] = \text{buffer}_1[f_{1,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{1,D}(i_1, .., i_D)] \oplus ..... \oplus \text{buffer}_n[f_{n,1}(i_1, ..., i_D)]....[f_{n,D}(i_1, .., i_D)]$$

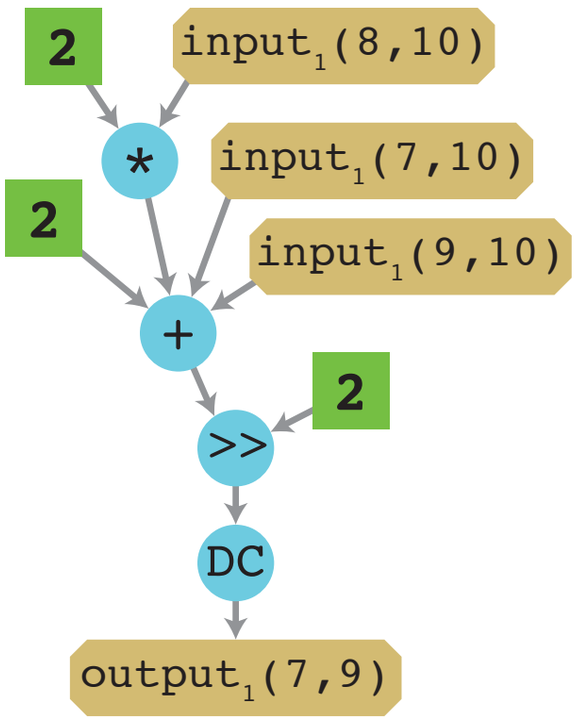
Index Function

$$f_{l,d}(i_1, ..., i_D) = a_1 \cdot i_1 + a_2 \cdot i_2 + ... + a_D \cdot i_D + a_{D+1}$$

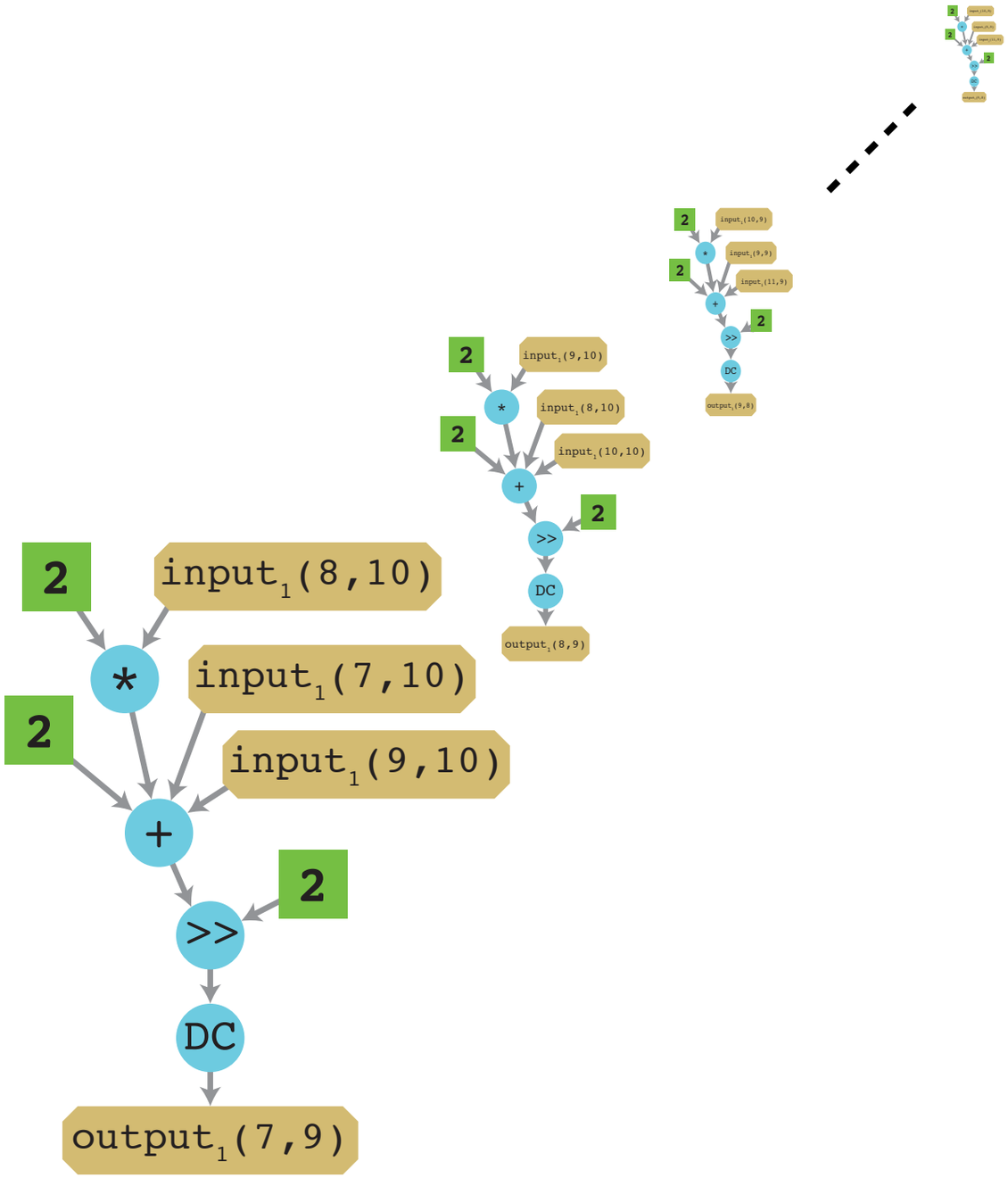
$$f_{l,d}(\vec{i}) = [\vec{i}; 1] \cdot \vec{a}$$

Affine function

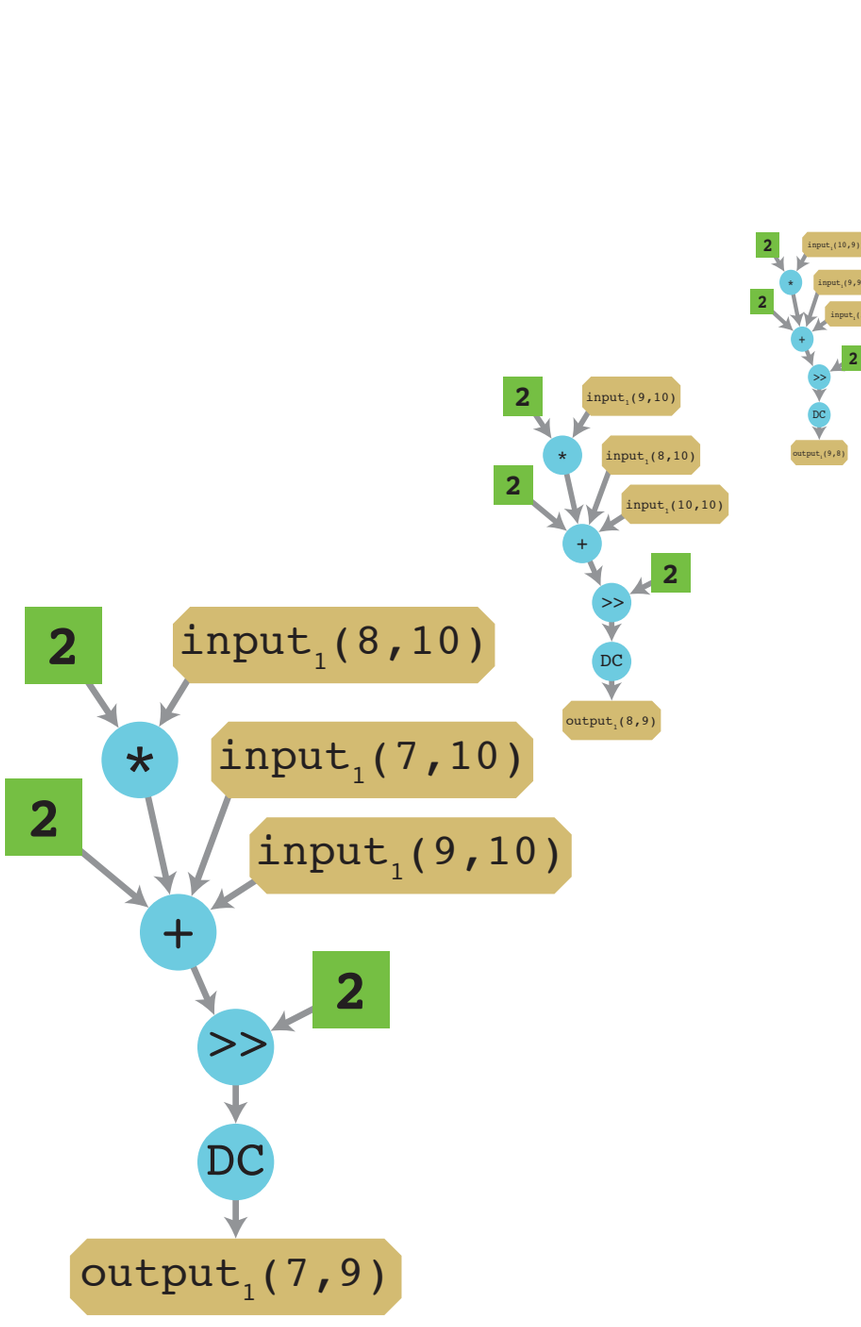
Linear Systems



Linear Systems



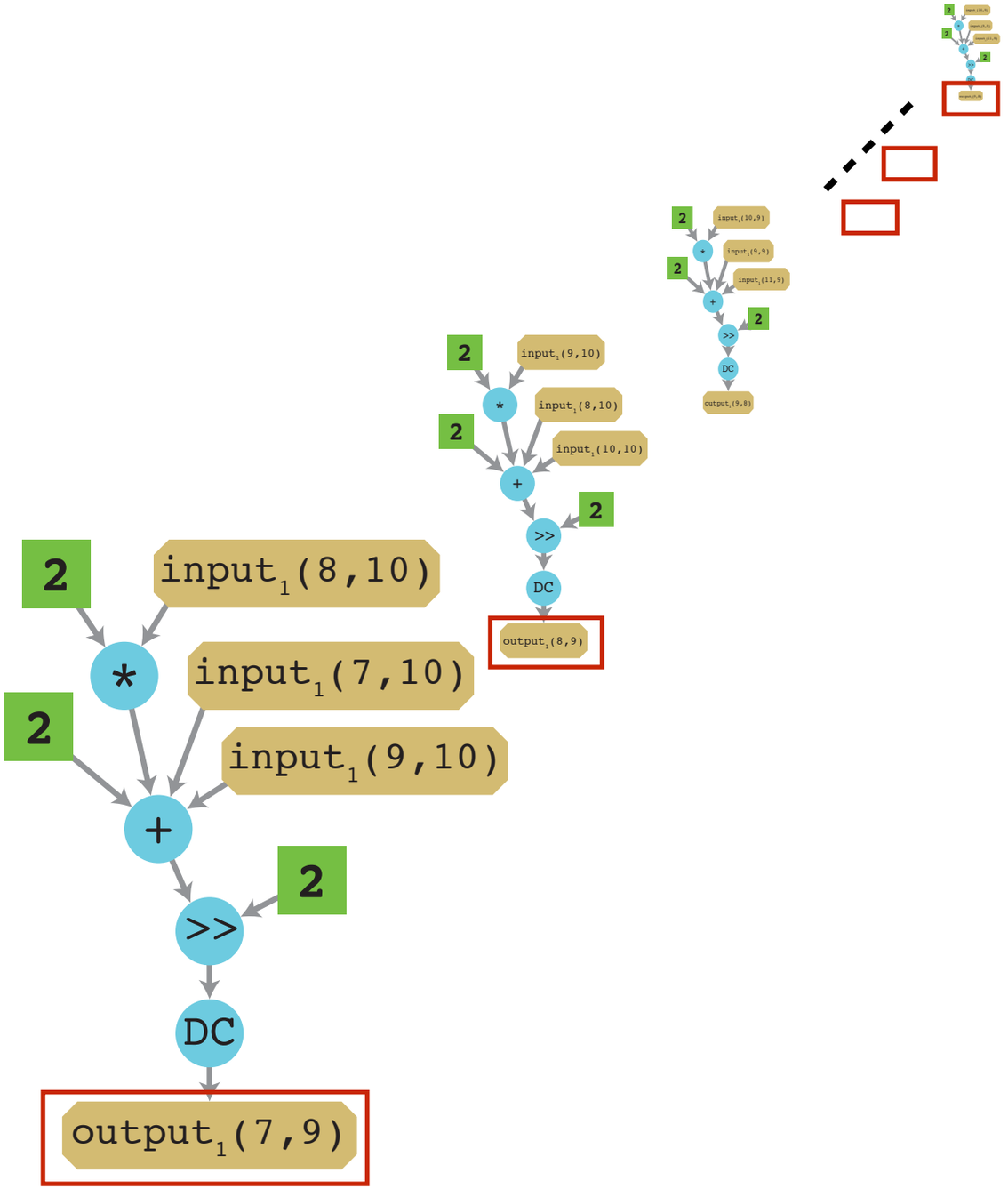
Linear Systems



$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

System of linear equations
for the 1st dimension
of the left-most leaf node

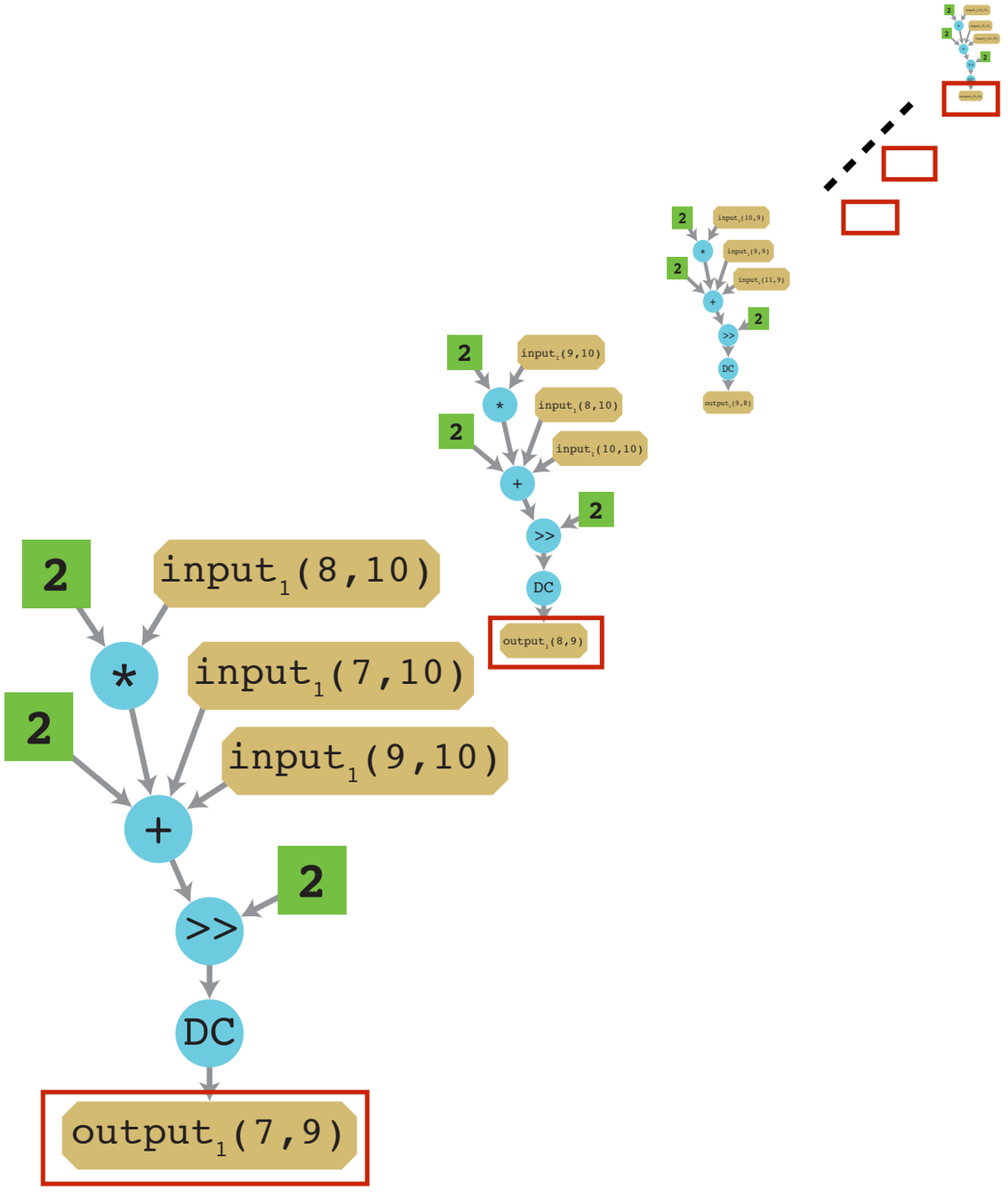
Linear Systems



$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

System of linear equations
for the 1st dimension
of the left-most leaf node

Linear Systems



$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

System of linear equations
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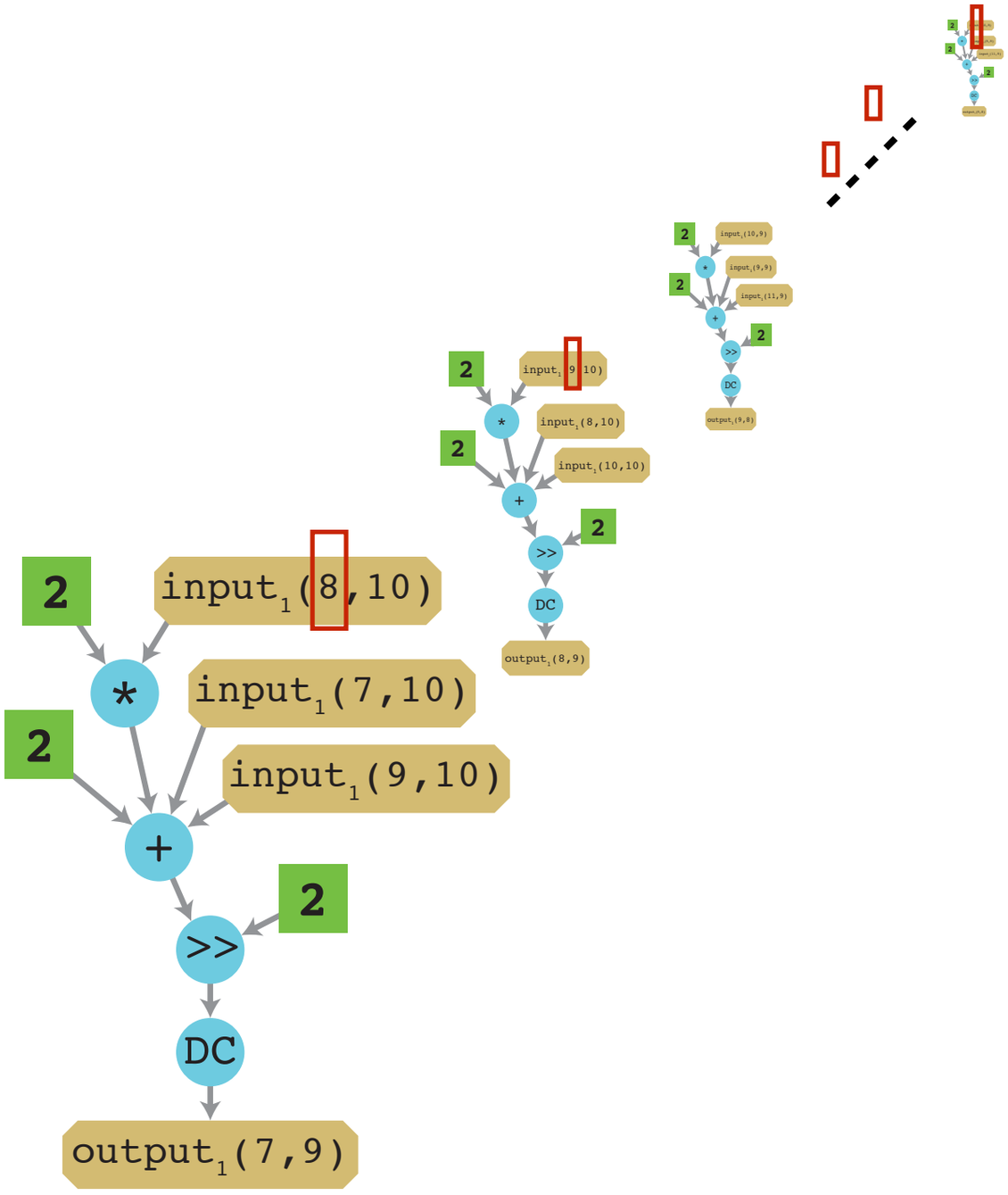
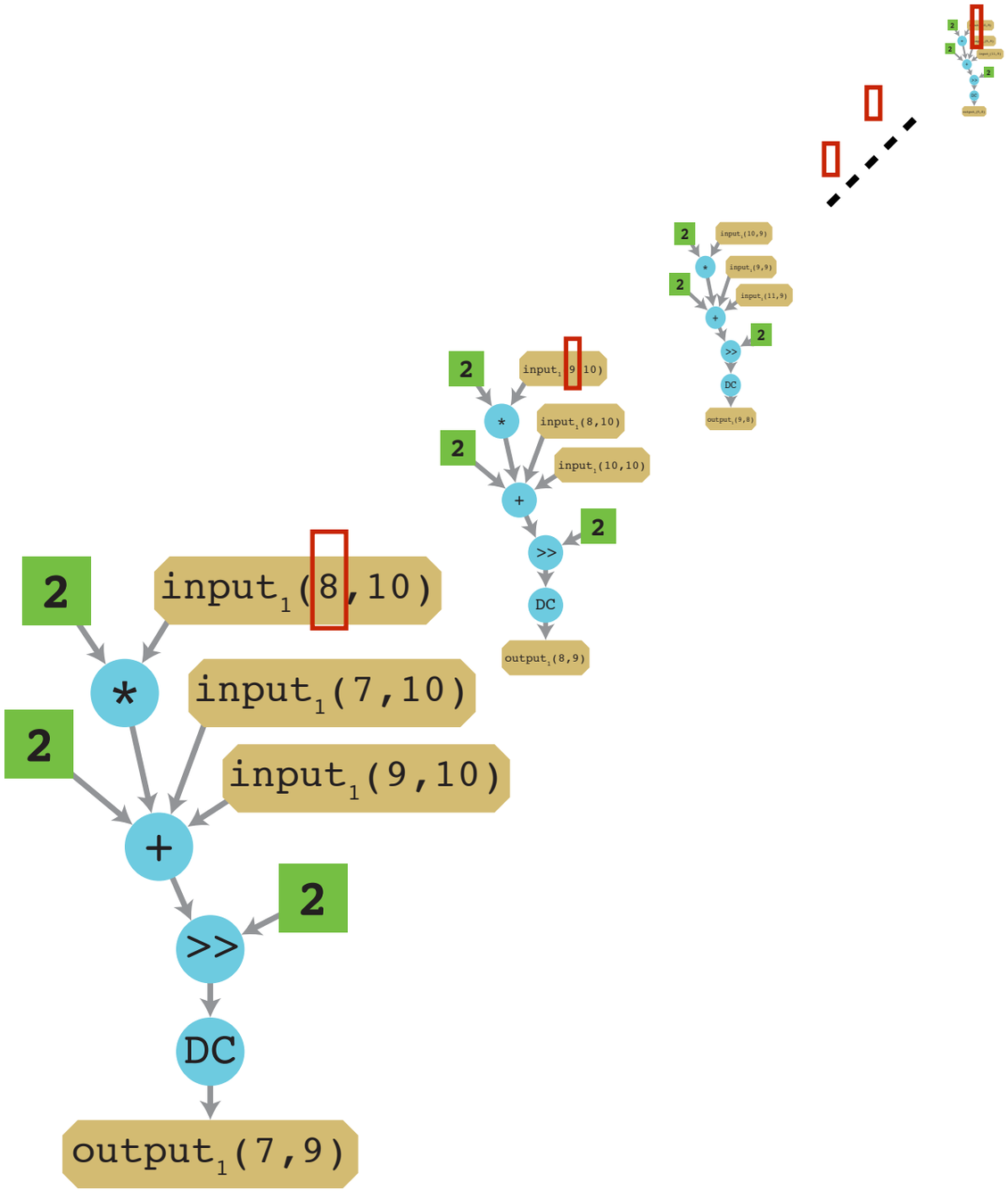
Linear Systems



$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

System of linear equations
for the 1st dimension
of the left-most leaf node

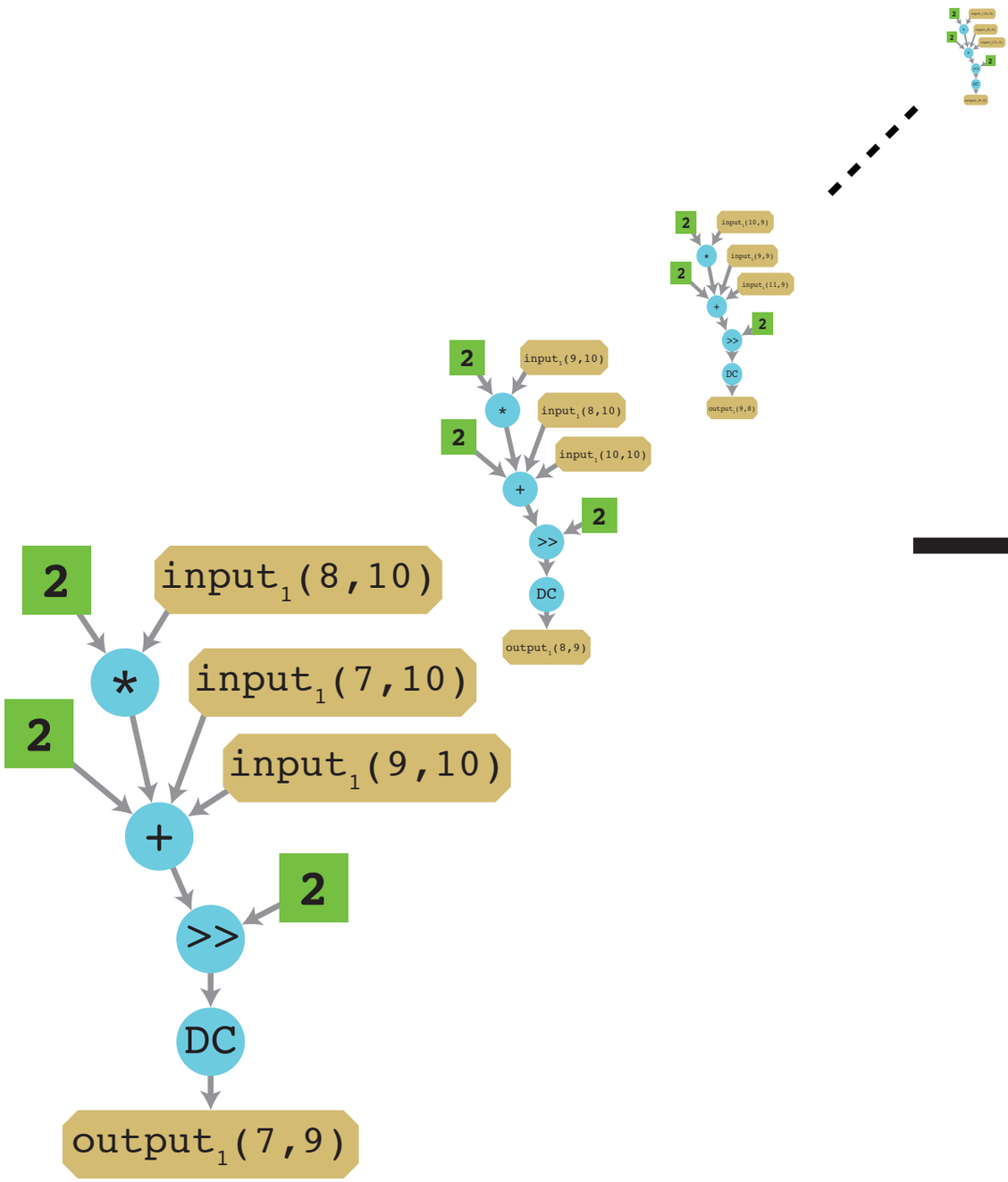
Linear Systems

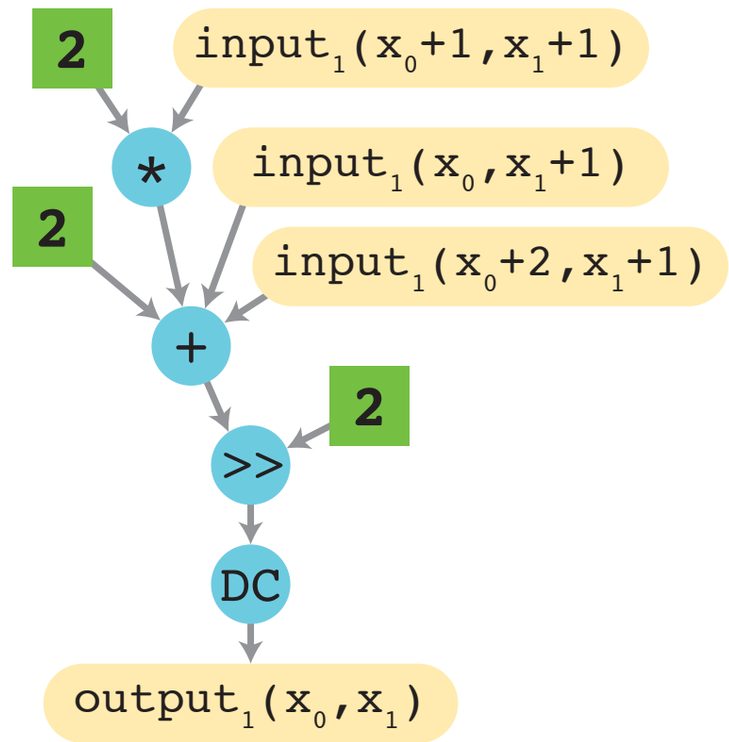


$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 & 1 \\ 8 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 8 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 1 \\ 9 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

System of linear equations
for the 1st dimension
of the left-most leaf node

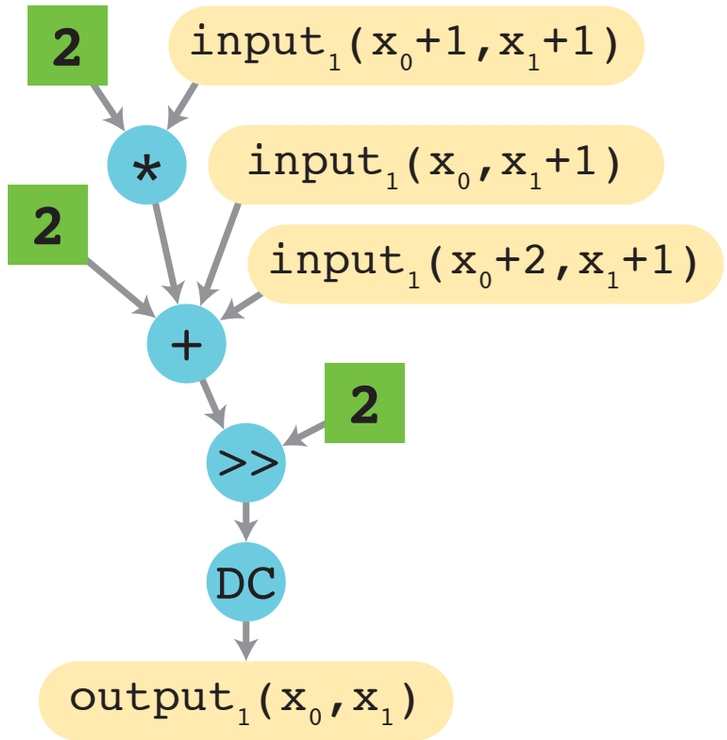
Linear Systems





Symbolic tree

Symbolic Tree



Symbolic tree

```
#include <Halide.h>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
using namespace Halide;

int main(){
  Var x_0;
  Var x_1;
  ImageParam input_1(UInt(8),2);
  Func output_1;
  output_1(x_0,x_1) =
    cast<uint8_t>(((((2+
      (2*cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+1,x_1+1))) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0,  x_1+1)) +
         cast<uint32_t>(input_1(x_0+2,x_1+1)))
      >> cast<uint32_t>(2))) & 255));
  vector<Argument> args;
  args.push_back(input_1);
  output_1.compile_to_file("halide_out_0",args);
  return 0;
}
```

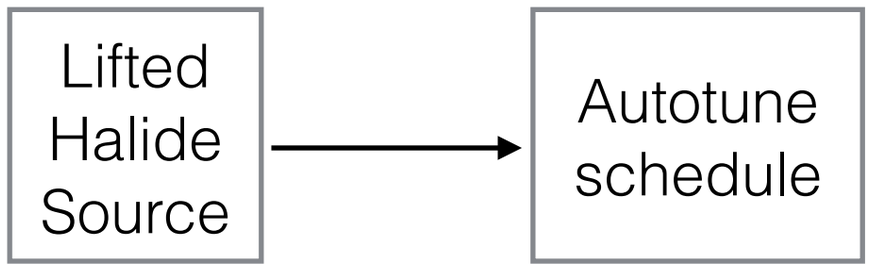
Generated Halide DSL code

Evaluation

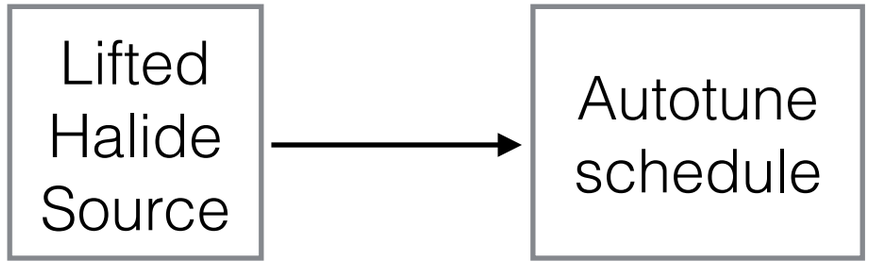
- Successfully lifted
  - 11 Photoshop filters - 7 fully, 4 partially
  - 4 IrfanView filters
  - Smooth kernel from miniGMG

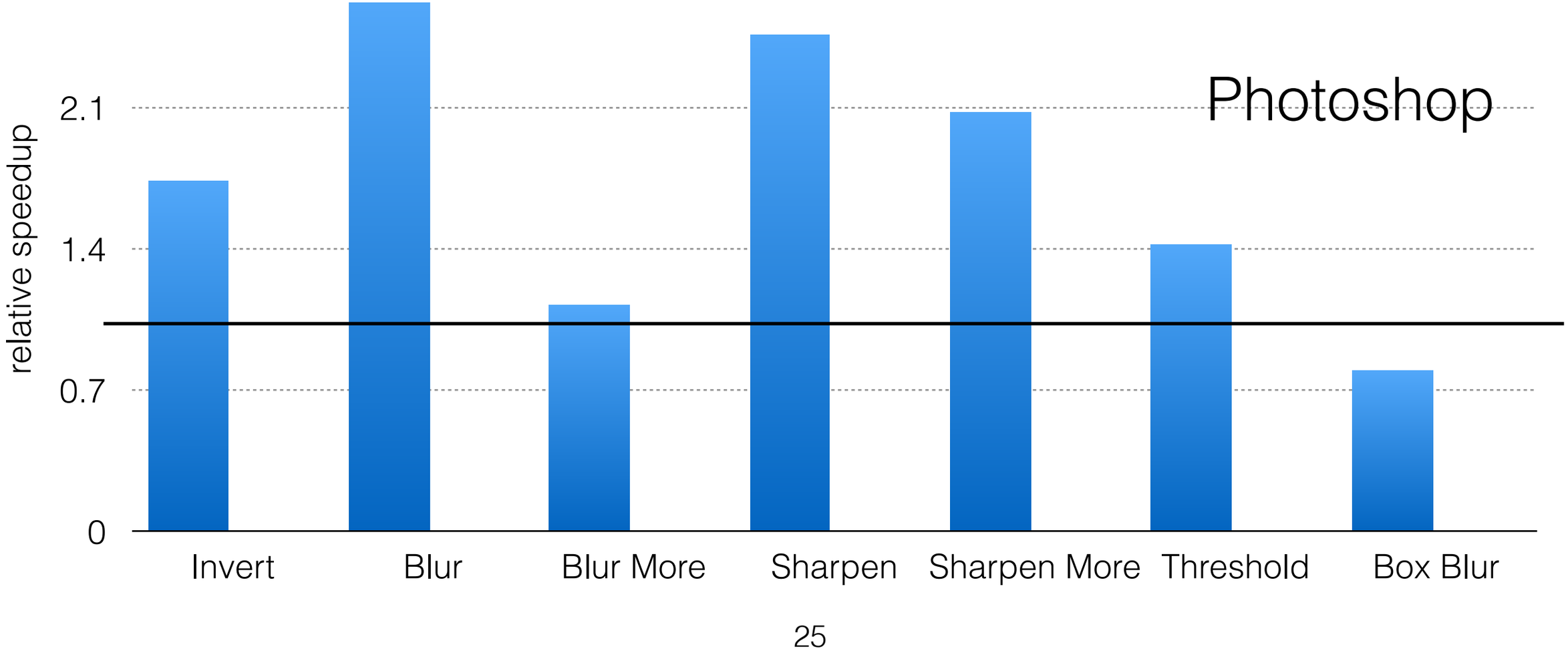
- Bit identical results on a suite of inputs

Performance Results

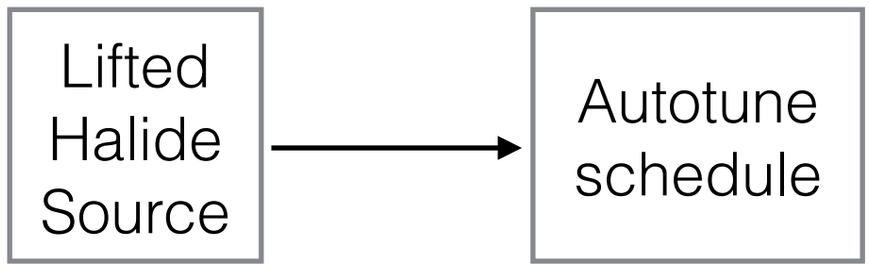


Performance Results





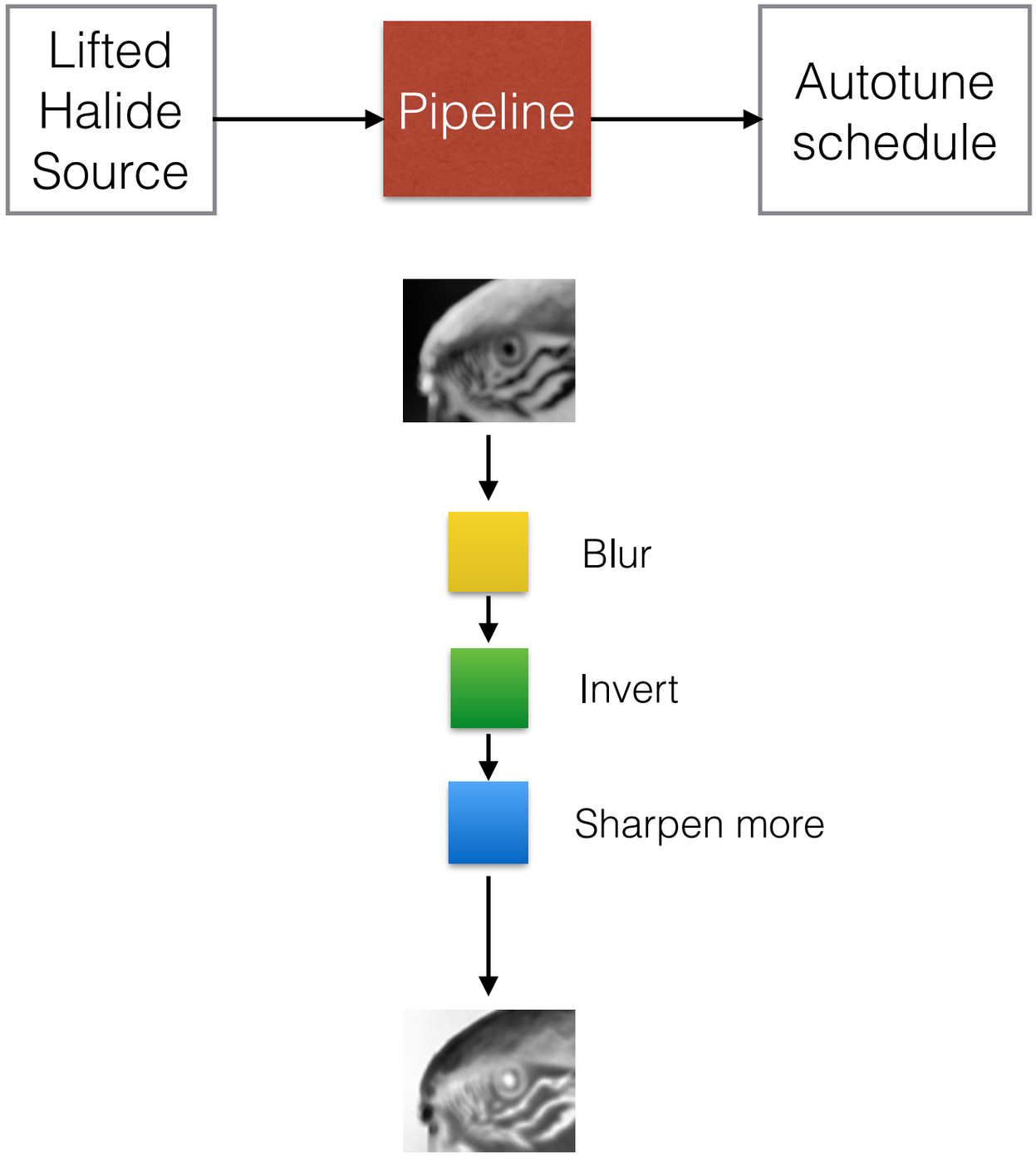
Performance Results



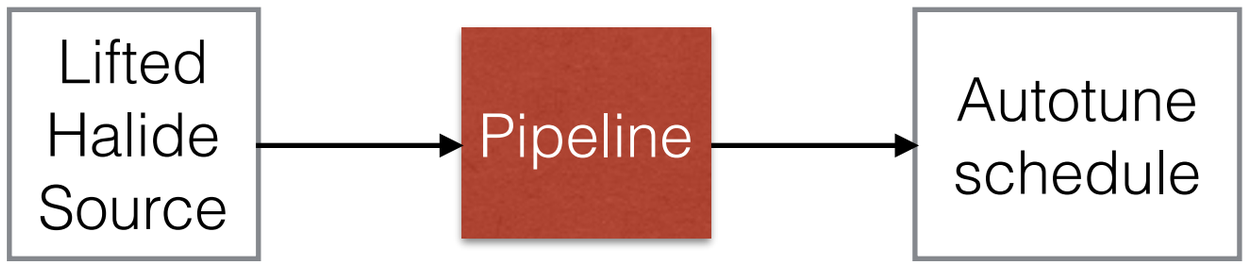
Avg. speed ups

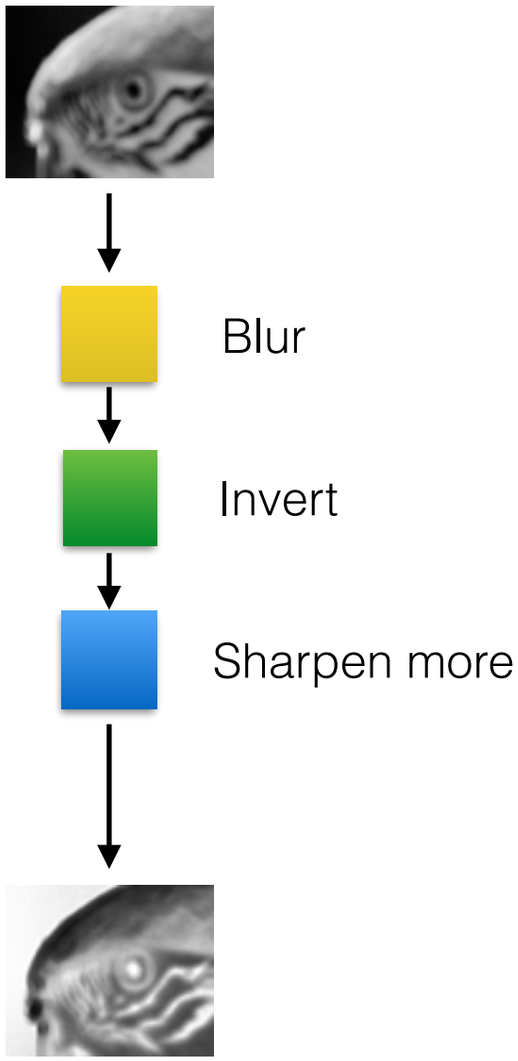
- Photoshop -1.75x
- IrfanView - 4.97x
- miniGMG - 4.25x

Pipeline

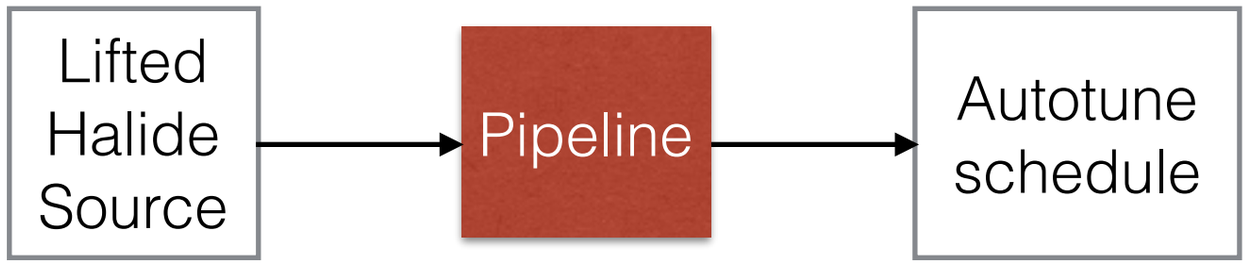

Lifted Halide Source
Pipeline
Autotune schedule
Blur
Invert
Sharpen more

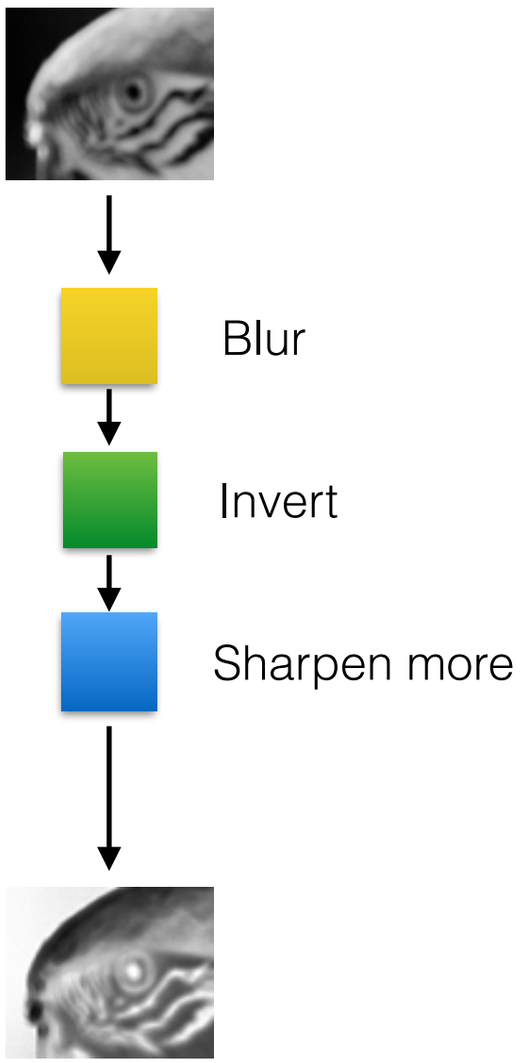
Pipeline

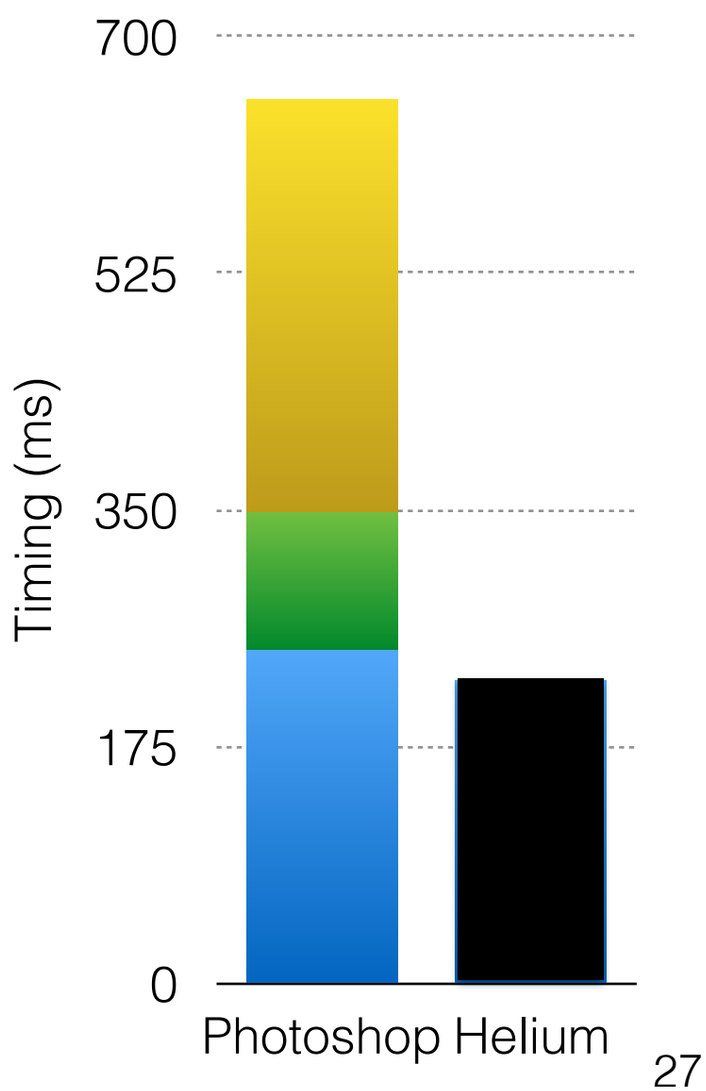

Lifted Halide Source
Pipeline
Autotune schedule


Blur
Invert
Sharpen more

Pipeline







Avg. speed up

- Photoshop - 2.91x
- IrfanView - 5.17x

Conclusion

- Analysis on dynamic traces is able to lift stencils from **stripped binaries** to a **high level DSL**

- Lifted stencil kernels of legacy applications can be re-optimized to achieve **program rejuvenation**

- Explore Helium - http://projects.csail.mit.edu/helium