



Kuba Krays 教授による講演会

講演者： Kuba Krays 教授 (Institute of Psychology, Polish Academy of Sciences)

主催： 日本心理学会国際委員会

共催： 京都大学大学院教育学研究科グローバル教育展開オフィス

後援： 京都大学こころの科学ユニット

日程： 2024年10月4日（金）15時～17時（1時間程度の講演、その後質疑）

場所： 京都大学本部構内 総合研究8号館 講義室1（構内マップの59番、1階）

<https://www.kyoto-u.ac.jp/ja/access/campus/yoshida/map6r-y>

形式： ハイブリッド（対面の定員は110人まで（参加希望者が多い場合は先着順）とし、それを超えて申し込んだ方はZoomでの参加とさせていただきます。ご了承ください）

参加費： 無料

参加登録： オンラインフォーム：<https://forms.gle/F3GkU9YpzNYz1aLMA>

申し込み締め切り：2024年10月3日（木）



国際文化比較がご専門のKuba Krays教授による講演会を開催します。

講演では、近年の心理学が重点をおいている研究分野を概観し、大規模国際共同研究の対象範囲について紹介します。また、国際共同研究の重要性や進め方のコツなどを取り上げます。

Title: Towards Large-Scale Cross-Cultural Studies

Abstract: Psychology fascinates with its mathematical and scientific approach to describing human behavior. However, it's hard to shake the impression that much of what psychology teaches primarily pertains to the psychology of WEIRD societies: Western, Educated, Industrialized, Rich, and Democratic. While cross-cultural psychology courses can be eye-opening, they often leave the impression that they mainly focus on the differences between WEIRD societies and the Confucian world. As a result, people from outside these two cultural spheres—such as Eastern Europeans, Latin Americans, South Asians, Middle Easterners, and Sub-Saharan Africans—often feel that psychology does not sufficiently help them understand their social realities. However, people in all regions and cultures deserve psychological knowledge that applies to them. In the proposed presentation, I will share several recommendations on how to address this gap. I will begin by providing a brief overview of where psychological science currently directs its attention, presenting empirical analyses of 1,466,019 scientific abstracts and, separately, coverage of 60 large-scale cross-cultural psychological projects (involving data from 3,722,940 participants across 2,668 samples from 153 countries). Next, I will argue for the importance of conducting large-scale cross-cultural studies, specifically those covering 40 or more countries. Importantly, I will offer practical recommendations and examples on how to run such studies. The idea of collecting data from 40+ countries, as opposed to single-country or two-country studies, is akin to the difference between a computer tomograph scan and a simple X-ray in medicine—can represent a significant leap forward for psychological science.

Bio: Kuba Kryś identifies himself as a macropsychologist with a background in economics. He has established and currently coordinates a research consortium that conducts large-scale cross-cultural studies spanning dozens of countries worldwide. His particular interest lies in exploring how cultural sensitivity can contribute to societal development and well-being. Since 2012, he has been working at the Institute of Psychology of the Polish Academy of Sciences, where he currently holds the position of Associate Professor. From 2017 to 2019, he had the honor of working at Kyoto University as a Fellow of the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS), under the guidance of Prof. Yukiko Uchida. In his work, he challenges the boundaries imposed by culture.