

How will we use multimedia in 3 years?

Proposed by the Wikimedia Foundation, for discussion purposes. Created by Fabrice Florin and Pau Giner, with community guidance.

Last updated 1/08/2014

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Kim visits Wikipedia and views media-rich, informative content.



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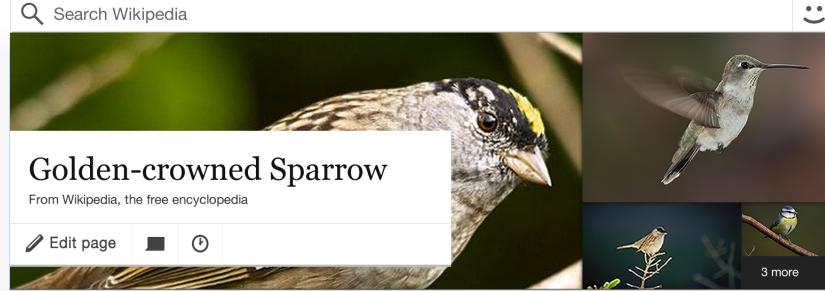
Русский

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Tiếng Việt

Winaray

٠.



The Golden-crowned Sparrow (Zonotrichia atricapilla) is a large American sparrow found in the western part of North America.



Systematics [edit]





Scientific classification

Kingdom Animalia
Phylum Chordata
Class Aves

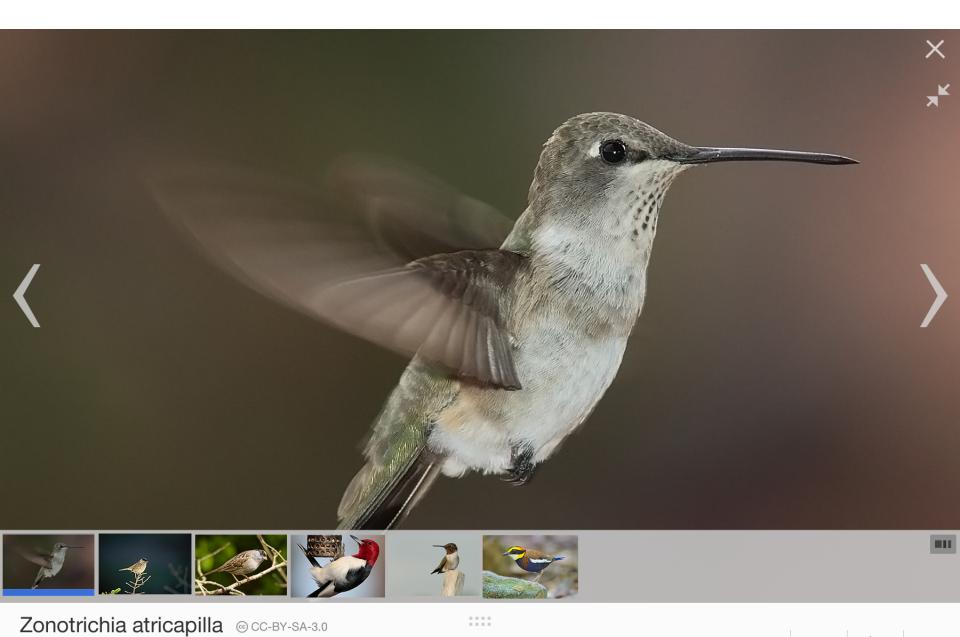
The Golden-crowned Sparrow is one of five species in the genus Zonotrichia, a group of large American

Kim **views** multimedia files in larger size.



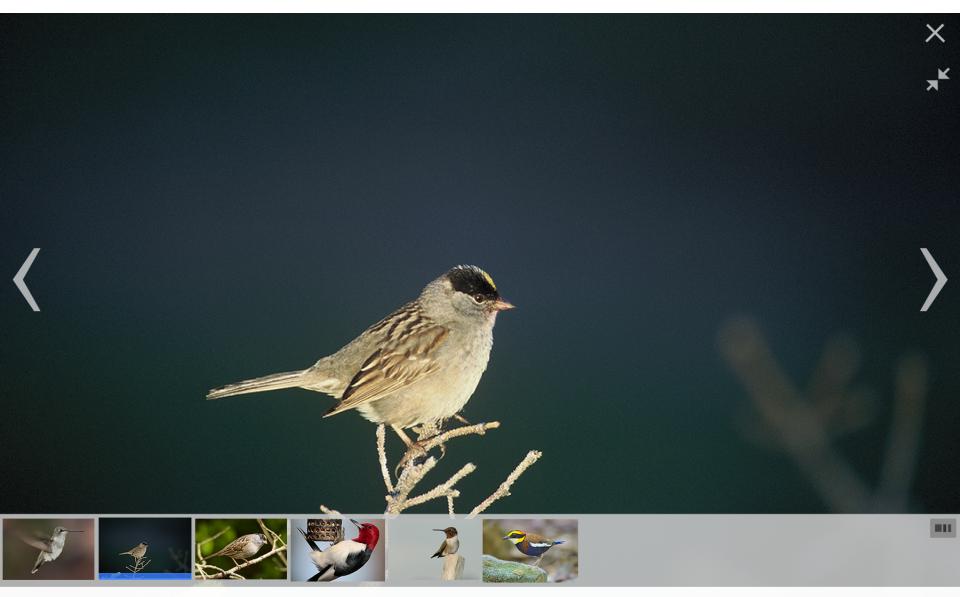


Kim **previews** a collection of multimedia files for this article.

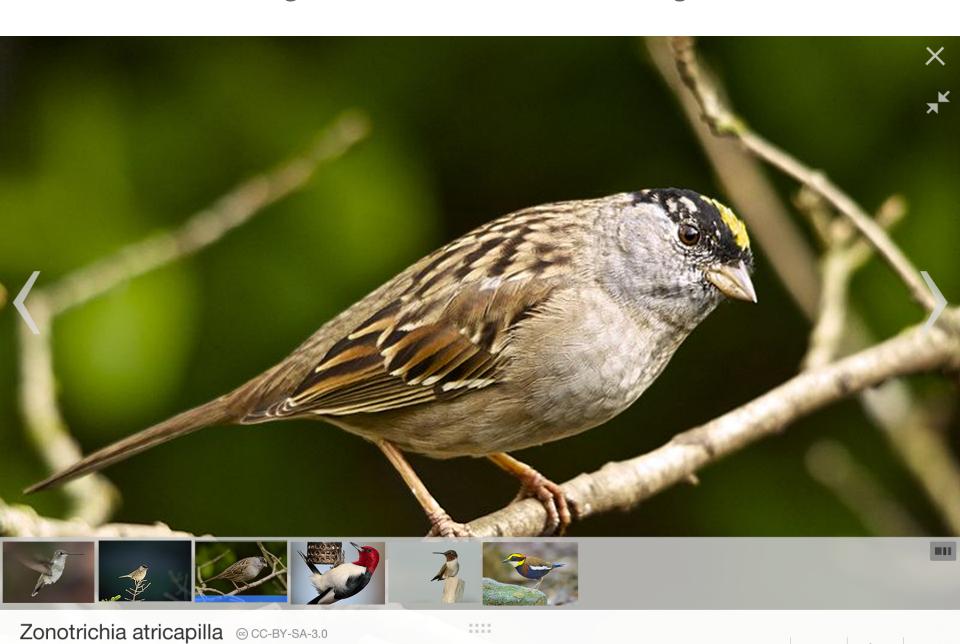




Kim **browses** through several multimedia files in larger size.



Kim **browses** through several multimedia files in larger size.





Kim finds this image helpful, clicks **thanks** to give **positive feedback**.





Kim thanks the uploader, to give feedback on an image she found useful.

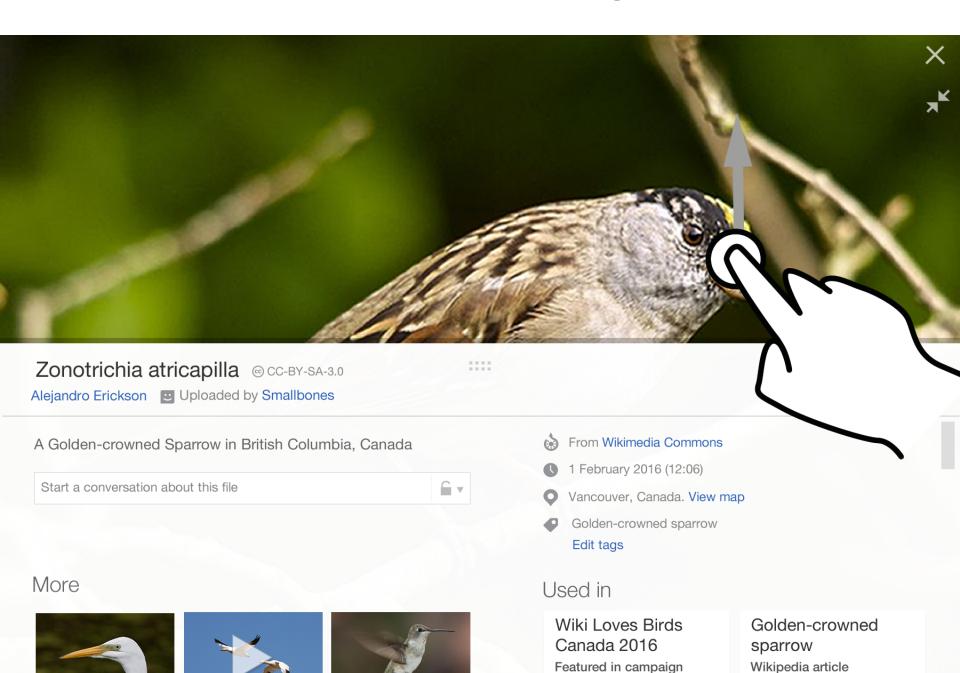




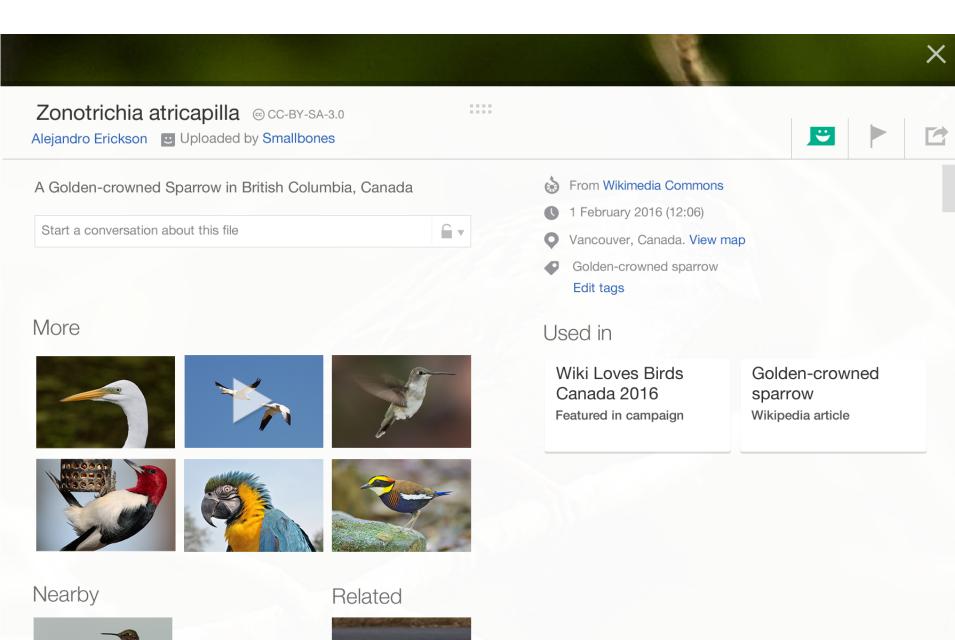




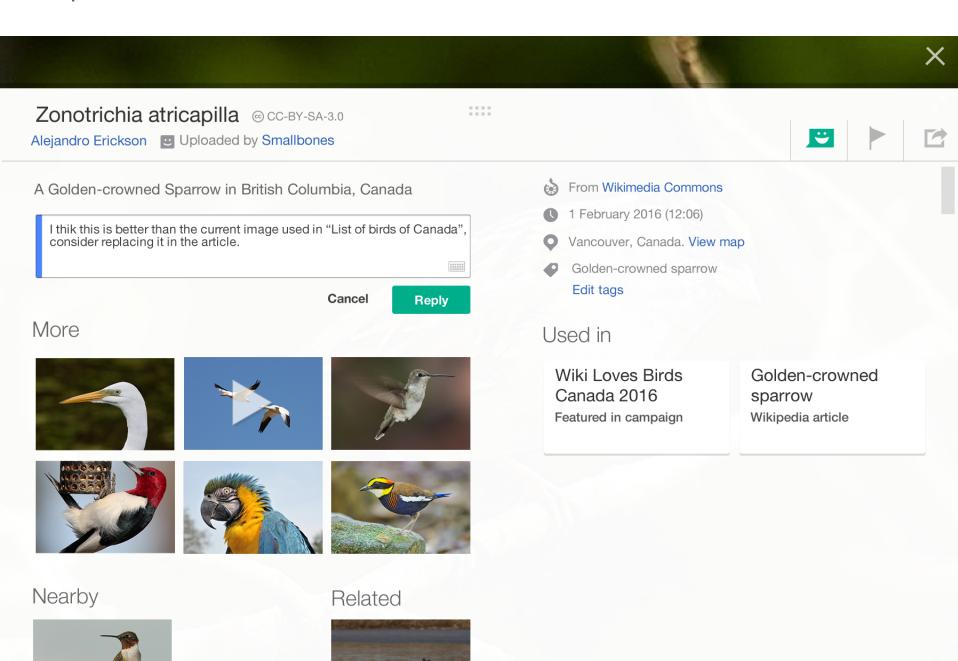
Kim scrolls down to see **more info** on that image.



Kim wants to add a **comment** about this image.



Kim posts a **comment**, then clicks on a **media contest** it is featured in.



Wiki Loves Birds 2016 Canada

Log in

The contest around birds in Canada













View all 685 submissions

Today we are looking for

Red-throated Loon Gavia stellata Submit Black-footed Albatross Phoebastria nigripes Submit Violet-green Swallow Tachycineta thalassina Submit

Join the contest

Upload pictures or videos, and review submissions form other users. Learn more

834 participants

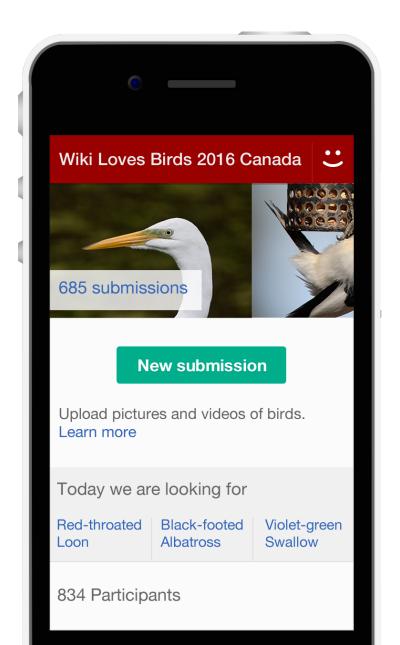
	User	Submissions	
1	Smallbones	52	
2	Jan PhotoGuy	46	
3	Kim Robin	41	
4	Rob Kinen	29	
5	Kob Binen	22	
View all participants			

A few days later: Kim **shoots** a **video** of a bird from her mobile ...

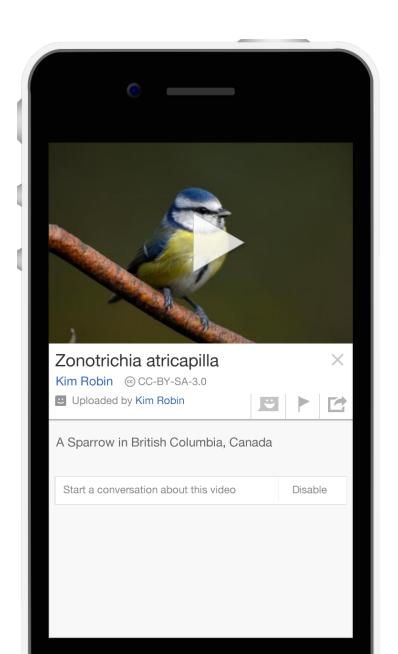




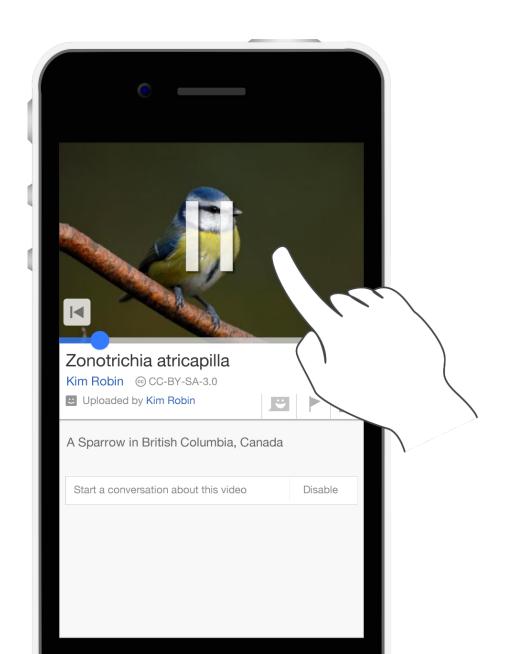
Kim goes to the **mobile contest** to **upload** her file.



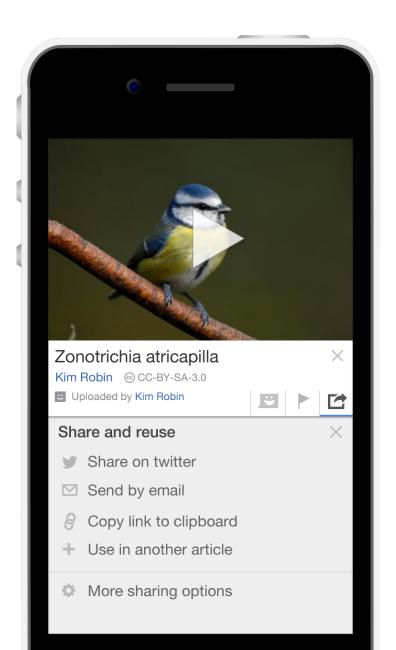
Kim **views** the **video** she just uploaded from her mobile.



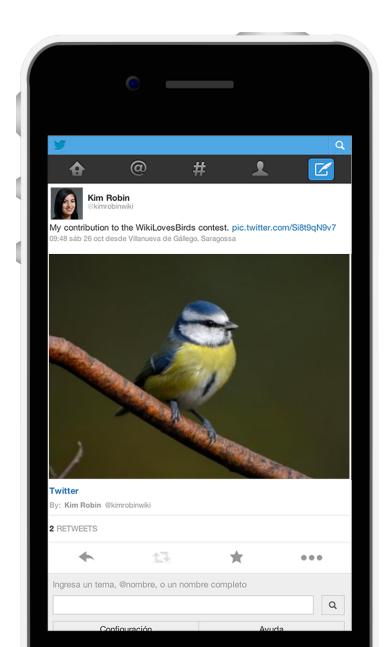
The video looks good, time to share it with her community.



Kim **shares** her video on Twitter, invites her followers to join the contest.



Kim views her tweet with the video, notices it's been retweeted already.



Meet Jan

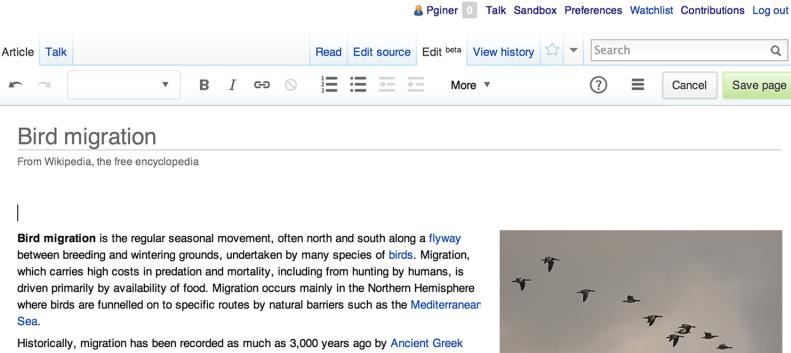
- Biologist
- Lives in Europe
- Experienced editor on
 Wikipedia and Commons
- Likes taking photos with his pro Digital SLR Camera
- Campaign organizer for Wiki Loves Birds



Jan is editing a Wikipedia article, wants to add multimedia.



Hrvatski

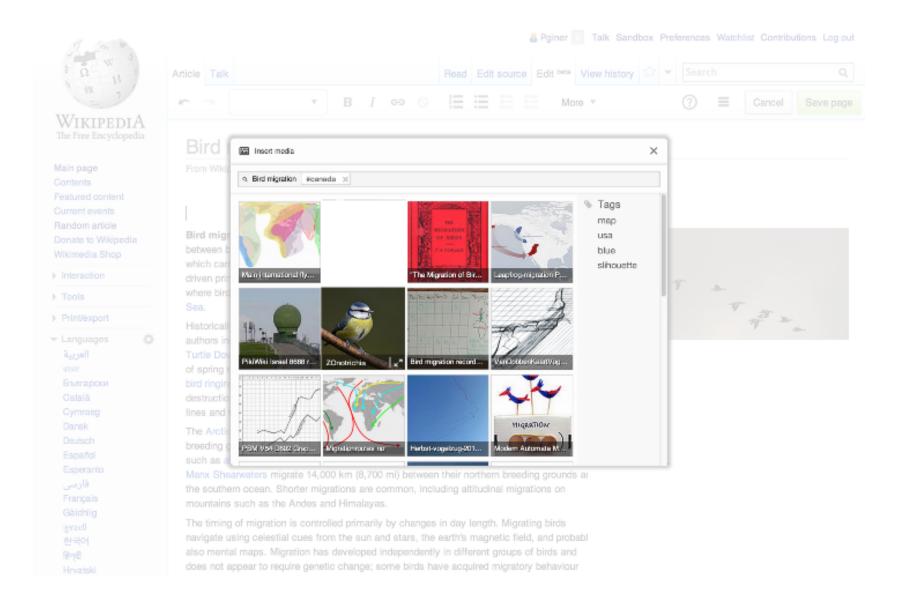


Historically, migration has been recorded as much as 3,000 years ago by Ancient Greek authors including Homer and Aristotle, and in the Book of Job, for species such as storks, Turtle Doves, and swallows. More recently, Johannes Leche began recording dates of arriva of spring migrants in Finland in 1749, and scientific studies have used techniques including bird ringing and satellite tracking. Threats to migratory birds have grown with habitat destruction especially of stopover and wintering sites, as well as structures such as power lines and wind farms.

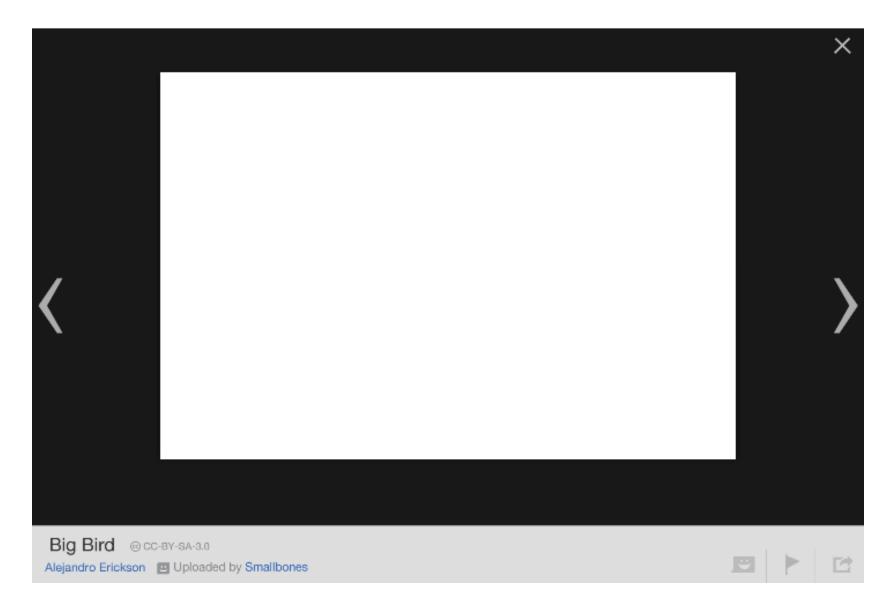
The Arctic Tern holds the long-distance migration record for birds, travelling between Arctic breeding grounds and the Antarctic each year. Some species of tubenoses (Procellariiforme such as albatrosses circle the earth, flying over the southern oceans, while others such as Manx Shearwaters migrate 14,000 km (8,700 mi) between their northern breeding grounds at the southern ocean. Shorter migrations are common, including altitudinal migrations on mountains such as the Andes and Himalayas.

The timing of migration is controlled primarily by changes in day length. Migrating birds navigate using celestial cues from the sun and stars, the earth's magnetic field, and probabl also mental maps. Migration has developed independently in different groups of birds and does not appear to require genetic change; some birds have acquired migratory behaviour

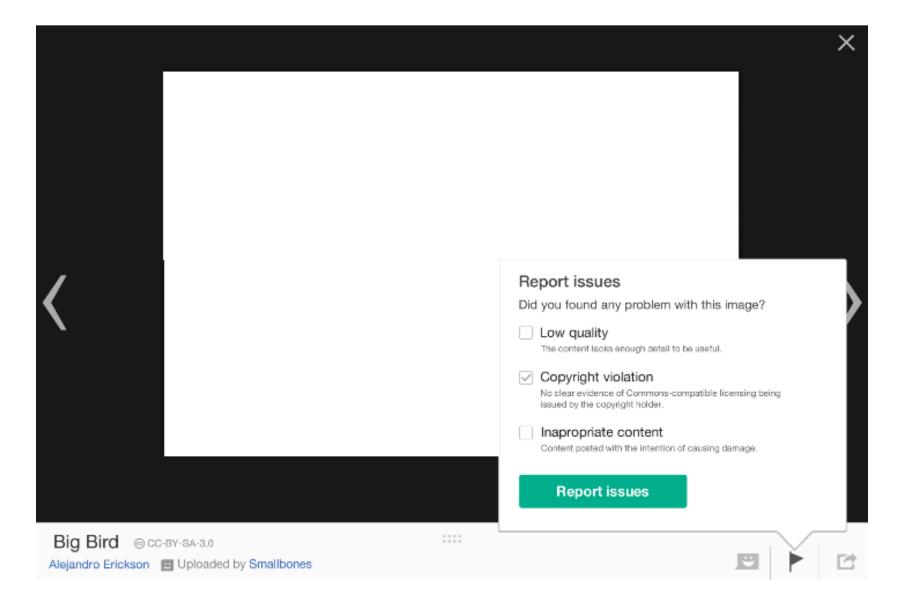
Jan searches for media for his article ... using simple keywords.



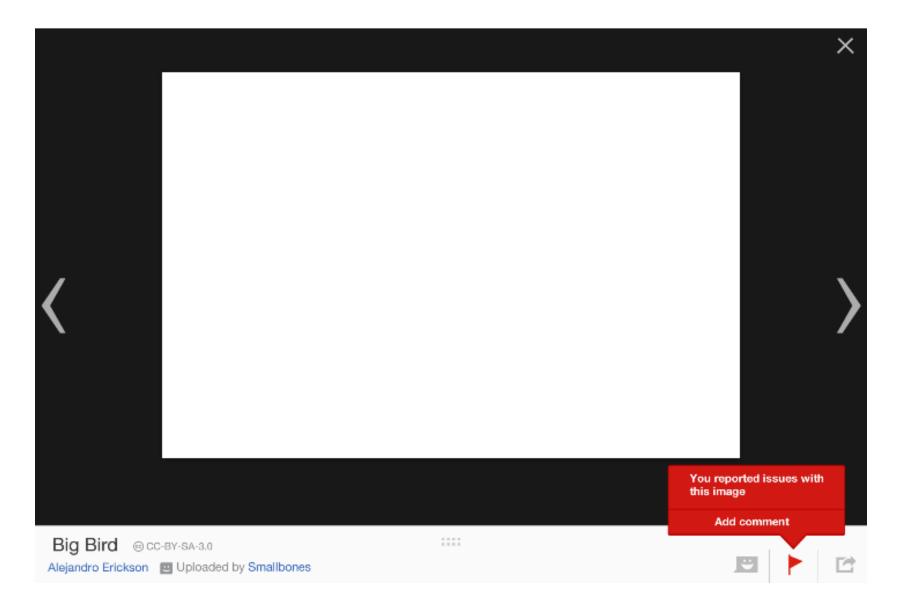
Jan finds a file with a copyright issue, wants to report it.



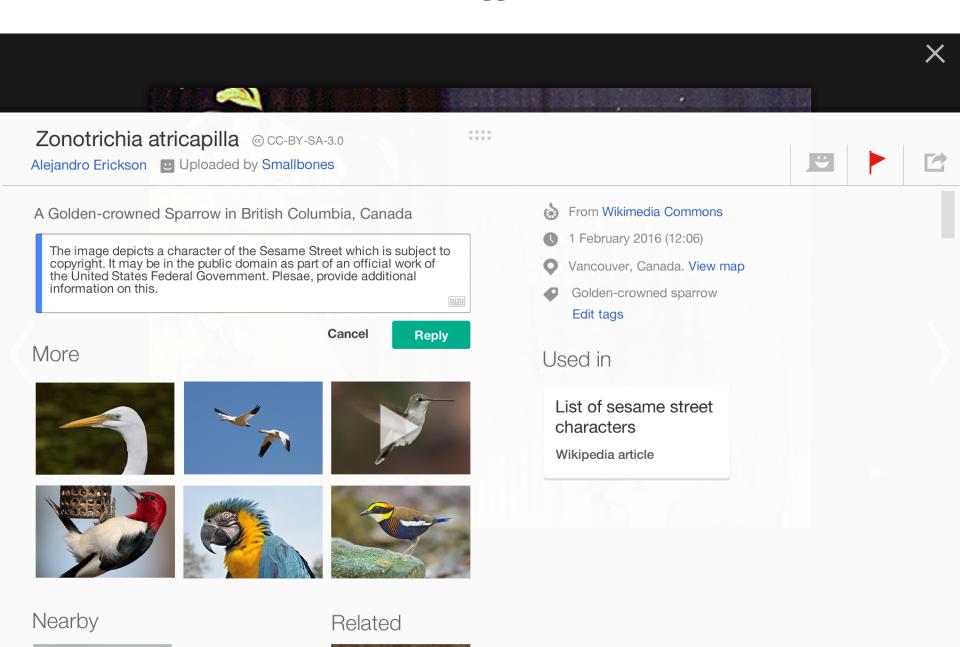
Jan **flags** the file, **reports** the copyright issue.



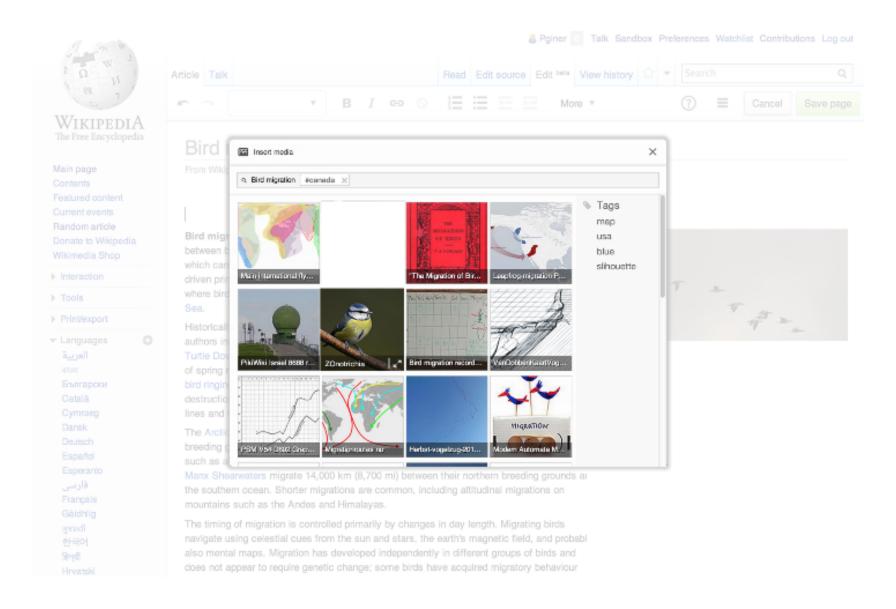
Jan has **flagged** the file, and is now prompted to add a **comment**.



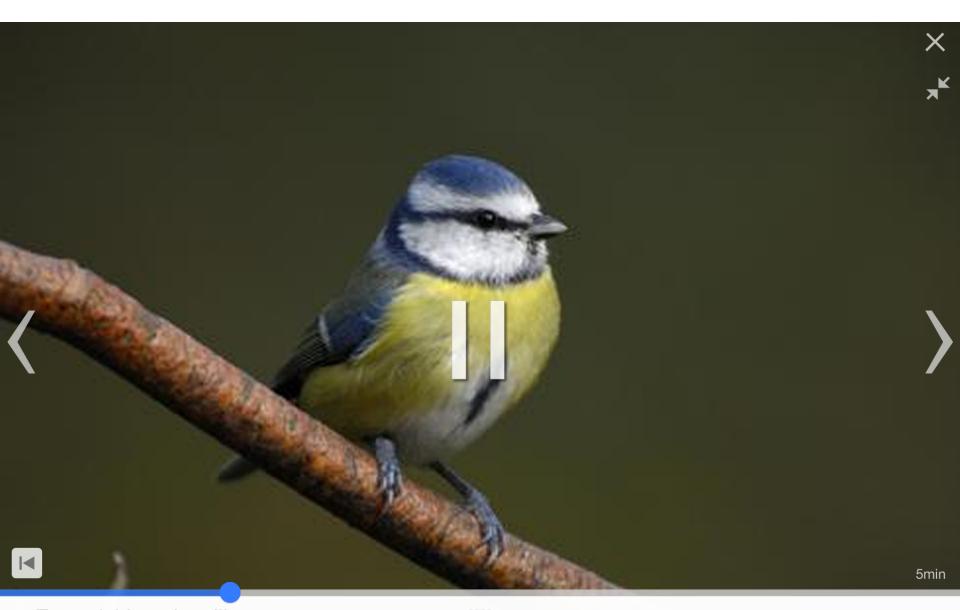
Jan adds a **comment** about the flagged file.



Jan goes back to his search, finds Kim's related video.

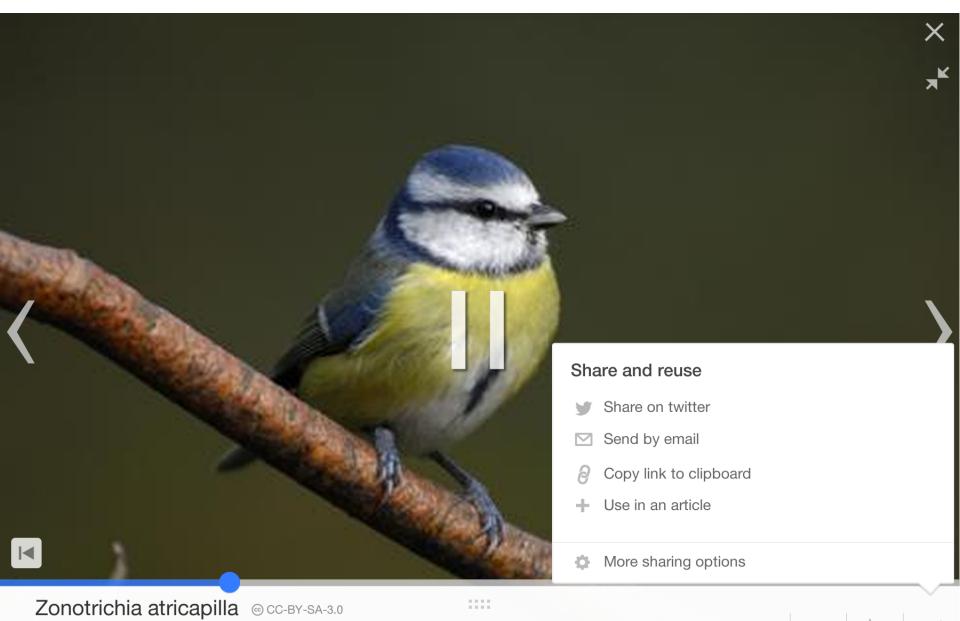


Jan views Kim's related video, and wants to use it.



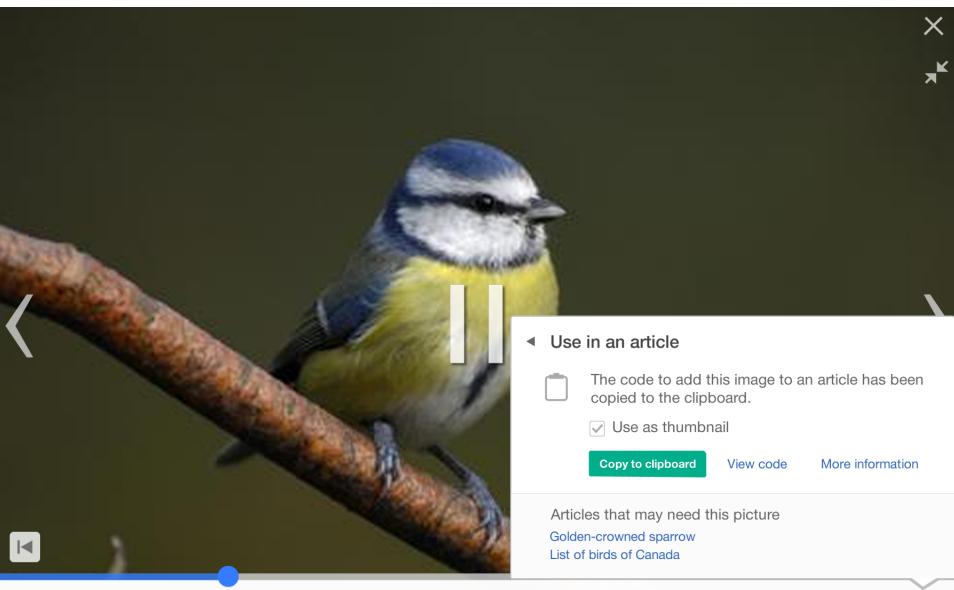


Jan clicks on 'Share' to **use** Kim's file in his article.





Jan **uses** Kim's file in his article -- with helpful tips along the way.





Jan is now **using** Kim's video in his Wikipedia article.



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हिन्दी Hrvateki



Bird migration

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Bird migration is the regular seasonal movement, often north and south along a flyway between breeding and wintering grounds, undertaken by many species of birds. Migration, which carries high costs in predation and mortality, including from hunting by humans, is driven primarily by availability of food. Migration occurs mainly in the Northern Hemisphere where birds are funnelled on to specific routes by natural barriers such as the Mediterranean Sea.

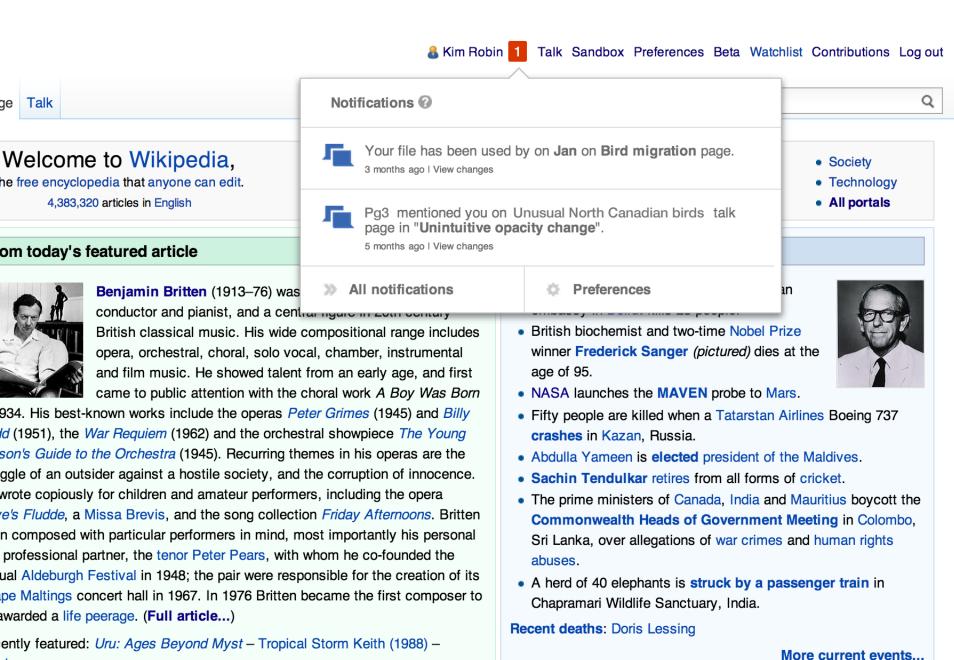
Historically, migration has been recorded as much as 3,000 years ago by Ancient Greek authors including Homer and Aristotle, and in the Book of Job, for species such as storks, Turtle Doves, and swallows. More recently, Johannes Leche began recording dates of arriva of spring migrants in Finland in 1749, and scientific studies have used techniques including bird ringing and satellite tracking. Threats to migratory birds have grown with habitat destruction especially of stopover and wintering sites, as well as structures such as power lines and wind farms.

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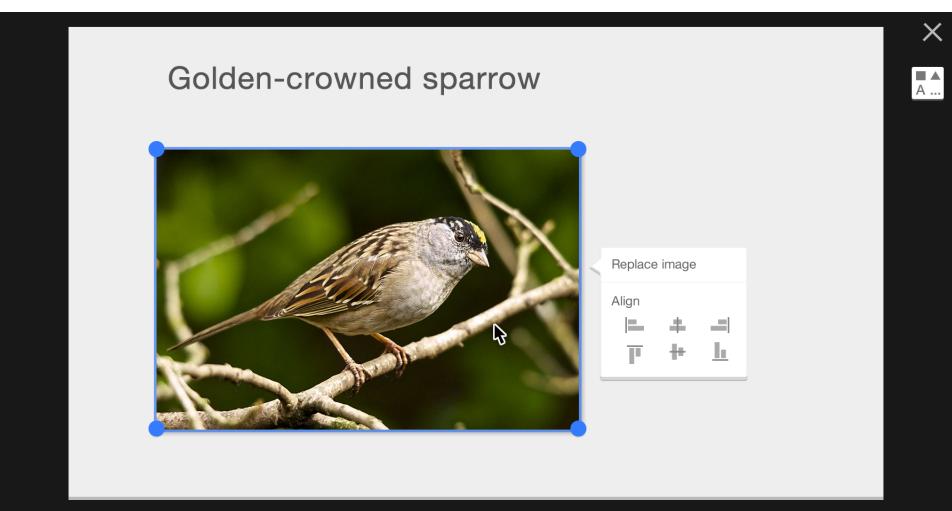


Kim gets **notified** that her video is now used in Jan's article.



nbeosaurus

She connects with Jan, they collaborate to create a simple slideshow.















They add a Wikimap at the end of their slideshow.

















They add a Wikimap at the end of their slideshow.

















They add a Wikimap at the end of their slideshow.















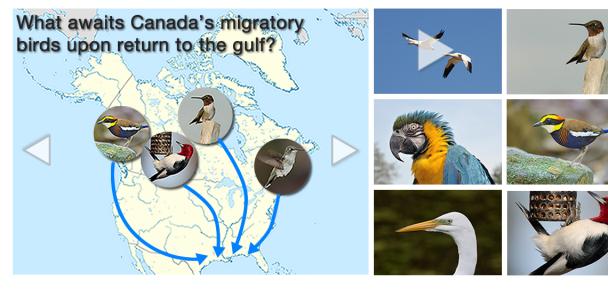


They add the slideshow to the contest page, so others can improve it.

Wiki Loves Birds 2016 Canada

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View all participants			

Our vision for 2016 ...

Engage and collaborate with multimedia

What we do today with text ... but with more compelling media that engages more people.

Key ingredients



Better viewing experience



More video + audio



Smoother uploads



Structured data



Easy feedback



Group editing



Social interactions

What do you think?

Share your feedback ur1.ca/qdliy

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