

頁	該当箇所	誤	正
9	参考文献 2	4) G. Ruthemann, <i>Ann. Phys.</i> , <b>6</b> , 113 (1948)	4) G. Ruthemann, <i>Ann. Phys.</i> , <b>2</b> , 113 (1948)
	参考文献 11	11) C. J. Powell and J. B. Swan, <i>Phys. Rev.</i> , <b>118</b> , 640 (1959)	11) C. J. Powell and J. B. Swan, <i>Phys. Rev.</i> , <b>118</b> , 640 (1960)
21	式(3.75)	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_{l+1} & -\alpha_{l+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_{l+1}^+ \\ H_{l+1}^- \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_l & -\alpha_l \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \exp(ik_z h_l) & 1 \\ 1 & \exp(-ik_z h_l) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_l^+ \\ H_l^- \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_{l+1} & -\alpha_{l+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_{l+1}^+ \\ H_{l+1}^- \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_l & -\alpha_l \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \exp(ik_z h_l) & 0 \\ 0 & \exp(-ik_z h_l) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} H_l^+ \\ H_l^- \end{bmatrix}$
22	式(3.77)	$M_l = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_{l+1} & -\alpha_{l+1} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_l & -\alpha_l \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \exp(ik_z h_l) & 1 \\ 1 & \exp(-ik_z h_l) \end{bmatrix}$	$M_l = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_{l+1} & -\alpha_{l+1} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \alpha_l & -\alpha_l \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \exp(ik_z h_l) & 0 \\ 0 & \exp(-ik_z h_l) \end{bmatrix}$
	式(3.81)	$t = \frac{H_0^+}{H_L^-} = \frac{1}{m_{22}}$	$t = \frac{H_0^-}{H_L^-} = \frac{1}{m_{22}}$
26	式(3.96)	$k_{ev} = k_x = \frac{\omega}{c} \sin \theta$	$k_{ev} = k_x = \frac{n\omega}{c} \sin \theta$
30	表 4.1 銀の減衰定数	3.1	31
40	図 5.5 右側の縦軸	$\text{Im}(k_{sp})(\mu\text{m}^{-1})$	$\text{Im}(k_{sp})(\text{mm}^{-1})$
54	式(5.56) 式(5.57)	$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon_1 k_{z2} + \varepsilon_2 k_{z1} \tanh(k_{z1} h_2 / 2i) &= 0 & (5.56) \\ \varepsilon_1 k_{z2} + \varepsilon_2 k_{z1} \coth(k_{z1} h_2 / 2i) &= 0 & (5.57) \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon_1 k_{z2} + \varepsilon_2 k_{z1} \coth(k_{z1} h_2 / 2i) &= 0 & (5.56) \\ \varepsilon_1 k_{z2} + \varepsilon_2 k_{z1} \tanh(k_{z1} h_2 / 2i) &= 0 & (5.57) \end{aligned}$ ※式(5.56)と(5.57)が逆
66	式(6.17)	$dQ = 2\pi n e z \cos \theta \sin \theta d\theta$	$dQ = 2\pi n e a^2 z \cos \theta \sin \theta d\theta$
73	式(6.51)	$W = \frac{\omega^4 \varepsilon_2}{12\pi c^3} \alpha^2 E_0^2 = \frac{\omega k^3 \varepsilon_2}{12\pi} \alpha^2 E_0^2$	$W = \frac{\omega^4 \varepsilon_2}{12\pi c^3}  \alpha ^2 E_0^2 = \frac{\omega k^3 \varepsilon_2}{12\pi}  \alpha ^2 E_0^2$

	式(6.53)	$C_{\text{sca}} = \frac{W}{S_0} = \frac{k^4}{6\pi}  \alpha ^2$	$C_{\text{sca}} = \frac{W}{S_0} = \frac{k^4}{6\pi}  \alpha ^2$
73	式(6.55)	$\alpha = 4\pi r_1^3 \frac{(\varepsilon'_1 - \varepsilon_2)(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2) + (\varepsilon''_1)^2 + i3\varepsilon''_1\varepsilon_2}{(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2) + (\varepsilon''_1)^2}$	$\alpha = 4\pi r_1^3 \frac{(\varepsilon'_1 - \varepsilon_2)(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2) + (\varepsilon''_1)^2 + i3\varepsilon''_1\varepsilon_2}{(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2)^2 + (\varepsilon''_1)^2}$
	式(6.56)	$C_{\text{abs}} = k \frac{12\pi r_1^3 \varepsilon''_1 \varepsilon_2}{(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2) + (\varepsilon''_1)^2}$	$C_{\text{abs}} = k \frac{12\pi r_1^3 \varepsilon''_1 \varepsilon_2}{(\varepsilon'_1 + 2\varepsilon_2)^2 + (\varepsilon''_1)^2}$
	式(6.56)の1行下	$k = 2\pi \varepsilon_2^{1/2} \lambda$	$k = 2\pi \varepsilon_2^{1/2} / \lambda$
74	式(6.59)	$C(r) = C_\theta(r) + C_r(r) = \frac{\alpha^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{3}{r^4} + \frac{k^2}{r^2} + k^4 \right)$	$C(r) = C_\theta(r) + C_r(r) = \frac{ \alpha ^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{3}{r^4} + \frac{k^2}{r^2} + k^4 \right)$
	式(6.60)	$C_\theta(r) = \frac{\alpha^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{1}{r^4} - \frac{k^2}{r^2} + k^4 \right)$	$C_\theta(r) = \frac{ \alpha ^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{1}{r^4} - \frac{k^2}{r^2} + k^4 \right)$
	式(6.61)	$C_r(r) = \frac{\alpha^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{2}{r^4} + \frac{2k^2}{r^2} \right)$	$C_r(r) = \frac{ \alpha ^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{2}{r^4} + \frac{2k^2}{r^2} \right)$
	式(6.62)	$C_{\text{nf}} = C(r_1) = \frac{\alpha^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{3}{r_1^4} + \frac{k^2}{r_1^2} + k^4 \right)$	$C_{\text{nf}} = C(r_1) = \frac{ \alpha ^2}{6\pi} \left( \frac{3}{r_1^4} + \frac{k^2}{r_1^2} + k^4 \right)$
82	式(6.104)	$\xi_0 = \frac{c}{(a^2 - c^2)^{1/2}}$	$\xi_0 = \frac{b}{(a^2 - b^2)^{1/2}}$
84	式(6.116)	$\omega = \frac{\omega_p}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ 1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 8 \left( \frac{r_2}{r_1} \right)^3} \right]^{1/2}$	$\omega = \frac{\omega_p}{\sqrt{6}} \left[ 3 \pm \sqrt{1 + 8 \left( \frac{r_2}{r_1} \right)^3} \right]^{1/2}$

109	式(7.5)の 1 行下	$\exp(ikx)$	$\exp(-ikx)$
	式(7.6)の 1 行下	$\exp[i(k-K)x]$	$\exp[-i(k-K)x]$
110	式(7.9)の 1 行上	$k^2 = \omega^2 \varepsilon_0 / c^2$	$k^2 = \omega^2 \varepsilon_1 / c^2$
110	式(7.9)	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \varepsilon_1 - k^2 & \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_0} \frac{k^2}{2} \\ \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} \frac{k^2}{2} & \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \varepsilon_1 - (k-K)^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_0 \\ E_{-1} \end{bmatrix} = 0$	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \varepsilon_1 - k^2 & \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} \frac{k^2}{2} \\ \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} \frac{k^2}{2} & \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \varepsilon_1 - (k-K)^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_0 \\ E_{-1} \end{bmatrix} = 0$
137	式(8.35)	$\mathbf{D}^m = \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon \mathbf{E}^{n-1} + \varepsilon_0 \sum_{m=0}^{n-2} \mathbf{E}^{n-1-m} \chi^m$	$\mathbf{D}^{n-1} = \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon \mathbf{E}^{n-1} + \varepsilon_0 \sum_{m=0}^{n-2} \mathbf{E}^{n-1-m} \chi^m$
	式(8.36)	$\mathbf{D}^m - \mathbf{D}^{n-1} = \varepsilon_0 (\varepsilon_\infty + \chi^0) \mathbf{E}^n - \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon \mathbf{E}^{n-1} - \varepsilon_0 \sum_{m=0}^{n-2} \mathbf{E}^{n-1-m} \Delta \chi^m$	$\mathbf{D}^n - \mathbf{D}^{n-1} = \varepsilon_0 (\varepsilon_\infty + \chi^0) \mathbf{E}^n - \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon \mathbf{E}^{n-1} - \varepsilon_0 \sum_{m=0}^{n-2} \mathbf{E}^{n-1-m} \Delta \chi^m$
138	式(8.44)	$\begin{aligned} \chi^m &= \int_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \chi(\tau) d\tau \\ &= \int_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] U(t) d\tau \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left[ \tau + \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma t) \right]_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma m\Delta t) [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] \right\} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \chi^m &= \int_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \chi(\tau) d\tau \\ &= \int_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} [1 - \exp(-\Gamma \tau)] U(t) d\tau \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left[ \tau + \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma t) \right]_{m\Delta t}^{(m+1)\Delta t} \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma m\Delta t) [1 - \exp(-\Gamma \Delta t)] \right\} \end{aligned}$

139	式(8.45)	$\begin{aligned}\Delta\chi^{m+1} &= \chi^{m+1} - \chi^m \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp[1 - \Gamma(m+1)\Delta t] [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] \right\} - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma m \Delta t) [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] \right\} \\ &= -\frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)]^2 \exp(-\Gamma m \Delta t)\end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned}\Delta\chi^{m+1} &= \chi^m - \chi^{m+1} \\ &= \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp(-\Gamma \textcolor{red}{m} \Delta t) [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] \right\} - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma} \left\{ \Delta t - \frac{1}{\Gamma} \exp[1 - \Gamma(\textcolor{red}{m+1})\Delta t] [1 - \exp(-\Gamma t)] \right\} \\ &= -\frac{\omega_p^2}{\Gamma^2} [1 - \exp(-\Gamma \Delta t)]^2 \exp(-\Gamma m \Delta t)\end{aligned}$
257	下から 2~1 行目	$c = 2.99792458\textcolor{red}{10}^{14}; \text{ (* Speed of light in vacuum in um/sec *)}$ $\Omega_{\text{gapAu}} = \textcolor{red}{1.3410}^{16}; \text{ (* Plasma frequency in 1/sec *)}$	$c = 2.99792458\textcolor{red}{10}^{14}; \text{ (* Speed of light in vacuum in um/sec *)}$ $\Omega_{\text{gapAu}} = \textcolor{red}{1.38} \times 10^{16}; \text{ (* Plasma frequency in 1/sec *)}$
258	上から1~5行目	$\Gamma_{\text{bulkAu}} = 1.0 / (\textcolor{red}{9.310}^{-15}); \text{ (* Dumping constant in 1/sec *)}$ $V_{f\text{Au}} = \textcolor{red}{1.3910}^{12}; \text{ (* Fermi velocity in um/sec *)}$ $\Omega_{\text{gapAg}} = \textcolor{red}{1.3410}^{16}; \text{ (* Plasma frequency in 1/sec *)}$ $\Gamma_{\text{bulkAg}} = 1.0 / (\textcolor{red}{9.310}^{-15}); \text{ (* Dumping constant in 1/sec *)}$ $V_{f\text{Ag}} = \textcolor{red}{1.3910}^{12}; \text{ (* Fermi velocity in um/sec *)}$	$\Gamma_{\text{bulkAu}} = 1.0 / (\textcolor{red}{9.3} \times 10^{-15}); \text{ (* Dumping constant in 1/sec *)}$ $V_{f\text{Au}} = \textcolor{red}{1.39} \times 10^{12}; \text{ (* Fermi velocity in um/sec *)}$ $\Omega_{\text{gapAg}} = \textcolor{red}{1.40} \times 10^{16}; \text{ (* Plasma frequency in 1/sec *)}$ $\Gamma_{\text{bulkAg}} = 1.0 / (\textcolor{red}{31} \times 10^{-15}); \text{ (* Dumping constant in 1/sec *)}$ $V_{f\text{Ag}} = \textcolor{red}{1.39} \times 10^{12}; \text{ (* Fermi velocity in um/sec *)}$
259	下から5行目	$\text{Re}[a_n[l, \lambda, a] + \textcolor{red}{12.5} p_{tbn}[l, \lambda, a]], \{l, 1, \text{lmax}[\lambda, a]\};$	$\text{Re}[a_n[l, \lambda, a] + \textcolor{red}{b_n}[l, \lambda, a]], \{l, 1, \text{lmax}[\lambda, a]\};$

[2017年7月31日作成]